

January 1 - December 31, 2025

EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact Customer Service at 1-800-668-3813 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711) Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. This call is free.

This plan, Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO), is offered by Cigna HealthcareSM. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Cigna Healthcare. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO).)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service. We can give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats if you need it.

Benefits, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2026.

The provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

☐ Your plan premium and cost sharing;
□Your medical benefits;
☐ How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatmen
☐ How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
☐Other protections required by Medicare law.

2025 Evidence of Coverage Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1:	Getting started as a member	3
SECTION 1	Introduction	4
SECTION 2	What makes you eligible to be a plan member?	
SECTION 3	Important membership material you will receive	
SECTION 4	Your monthly costs for your plan	6
SECTION 5	More Information about your monthly premium	6
SECTION 6	Keeping your plan membership record up to date	6
SECTION 7	How other insurance works with our plan	7
CHAPTER 2:	Important phone numbers and resources	8
SECTION 1	Plan contacts	9
SECTION 2	Medicare	10
SECTION 3	State Health Insurance Assistance Program	11
SECTION 4	Quality Improvement Organization	11
SECTION 5	Social Security	12
SECTION 6	Medicaid	12
SECTION 7	How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board	13
SECTION 8	Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?	
CHAPTER 3:	Using the plan for your medical services	14
SECTION 1	Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan	15
SECTION 2	Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care	16
SECTION 3	How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster	17
SECTION 4	What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?	19
SECTION 5	How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?	19
SECTION 6	Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution	20
SECTION 7	Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment	21
CHAPTER 4:	Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)	23
SECTION 1	Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services	24
SECTION 2	Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered and how much you will pay	25
SECTION 3	What services are not covered by the plan?	51
CHAPTER 5:	Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services	54
SECTION 1	Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services	55
SECTION 2	How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received	56
SECTION 3	We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no	
CHAPTER 6:	Your rights and responsibilities	57
SECTION 1	Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan	58

SECTION 2	You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan	62
CHAPTER 7:	What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)	63
SECTION 1	Introduction	64
SECTION 2	Where to get more information and personalized assistance	64
SECTION 3	To deal with your problem, which process should you use?	64
SECTION 4	A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals	65
SECTION 5	Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision	66
SECTION 6	How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon	71
SECTION 7	How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon	74
SECTION 8	Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond	76
SECTION 9	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns	77
CHAPTER 8:	Ending your membership in the plan	80
SECTION 1	Introduction to ending your membership in our plan	81
SECTION 2	When can you end your membership in our plan?	81
SECTION 3	How do you end your membership in our plan?	82
SECTION 4	Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan	82
SECTION 5	Cigna Healthcare must end your membership in the plan in certain situations	83
CHAPTER 9:	Legal notices	84
SECTION 1	Notice about governing law	85
SECTION 2	Notice about non-discrimination	
SECTION 3	Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights	85
SECTION 4	Notice about subrogation and third party recovery	
SECTION 5	Report Fraud, Waste and Abuse	
CHAPTER 10.	Definitions of important words	87

CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO), which is a Medicare HMO

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care through our plan, Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO).

We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare. Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) does <u>not</u> include Part D prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment. The word *coverage* and *covered services* refers to the medical care and services available to you as a member of Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO).

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how our plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025. Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2025. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2025.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- ☐ You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- and You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- ☐ and You are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for our plan

Our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Tennessee: Anderson, Bedford, Benton, Bledsoe, Blount, Bradley, Campbell, Cannon, Carroll, Cheatham, Chester, Claiborne, Clay, Cocke, Coffee, Crockett, Cumberland, Davidson, Decatur, DeKalb, Dickson, Fayette, Fentress, Franklin, Gibson, Giles, Grainger, Grundy, Hamblen, Hamilton, Hancock, Hardeman, Hardin, Haywood, Henderson, Henry, Hickman, Houston, Humphreys, Jackson, Jefferson, Knox, Lake, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Lewis, Lincoln, Loudon, Macon, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Maury, McNairy, Meigs, Monroe, Montgomery, Moore, Morgan, Obion, Overton, Perry, Pickett, Polk, Putnam, Rhea, Robertson, Rutherford, Scott, Sequatchie, Sevier, Shelby, Smith, Stewart, Sumner, Tipton, Trousdale, Union, Van Buren, Warren, Wayne, Weakley, White, Williamson, Wilson

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Customer Service to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

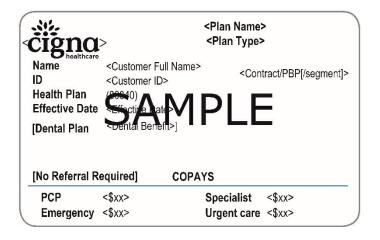
Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

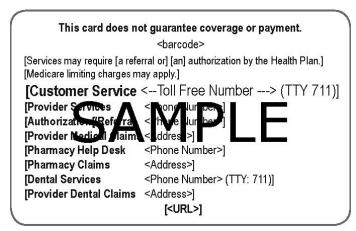
A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Cigna Healthcare if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Cigna Healthcare must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership material you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get any services covered by this plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:





Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical search studies, also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 The Provider and Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network

The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization, you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Customer Service. Requests for a hard copy *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* will be mailed to you within three business days.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for your plan

Your costs may include the following:

□ Plan Premium (Section 4.1)

☐ Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2025* handbook, the section called *2025 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.1 Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for your plan.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

The plan will reduce your monthly Medicare Part B premium by up to \$100.00. This is administered by the Social Security Administration (SSA) automatically. You will see the savings in your Social Security check or Part B statement. Initially, it may take several months before you see this reduction, but you will be reimbursed for all months.

SECTION 5 More Information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage, including your Primary Care Provider/Medical Group/IPA. A Medical Group is an association of primary care providers (PCPs), specialists and/or ancillary providers, such as therapists and radiologists. An Independent Physician Association, or IPA, is a group of primary care and specialty care physicians who work together in coordinating your medical needs.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

□Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number	
□Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partners)	ner's
employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)	
□ If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident	

□ If you have been admitted to a nursing home □ If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room □ If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes □ If you are participating in a clinical research study (Note: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.) If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service. It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.
SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan Other insurance
Medicare requires us to collect information from you about any other medical insurance coverage and/or drug insurance coverage that you may have. This is because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called Coordination of Benefits .
Once a year, and also when Medicare informs us of changes in your other insurance coverage, we will send you a letter along with a questionnaire to confirm the other insurance coverage. Please complete the questionnaire and return it to us or call Customer Service to let us know if you still have the other insurance coverage or it has ended. If you have other medical insurance coverage or drug insurance coverage that is not listed on the letter, please call Customer Service to let us know about this other coverage. You may need to give our plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.
When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.
These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:
□If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
□ If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
□ If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.
These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:
□No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
□Liability (including automobile insurance)
□Black lung benefits
□Workers' compensation
Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:

Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1 Plan contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service)

How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to our plan's Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-668-3813 Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
WRITE	Cigna Healthcare, Attn: Member Services, P.O. Box 2888, Houston, TX 77252
WEBSITE	www.cignamedicare.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-668-3813
	Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31,
	8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
WRITE	Cigna Healthcare, Attn: Precertification Department, P.O. Box 188081, Chattanooga, TN 37422

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

WEBSITE

Method **Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information CALL** 1-800-668-3813 Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. **TTY** 711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31. 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. **WRITE** Cigna Healthcare, Attn: Medicare Grievance Dept., P.O. Box 188080, Chattanooga, TN 37422 **MEDICARE** You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill, see Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
WRITE	Cigna Healthcare, Attn: Direct Member Reimbursement, Medical Claims, P.O. Box 20002, Nashville, TN 37202
WEBSITE	www.cignamedicare.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227
	Calls to this number are free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	www.Medicare.gov This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:
	☐ Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.
	☐ Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:
	□ Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx . Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048)

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program

(free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Tennessee, the SHIP is called Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit https://www.shiphelp.org (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-801-0044
WRITE	Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability, 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor, Nashville, TN 37243-0860
WEBSITE	https://www.tn.gov/disability-and-aging/disability-aging-programs/tn-ship.html

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Tennessee, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Acentra.

Acentra has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Acentra is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Acentra in any of these situations:

☐You have a	complaint	about the	quality of	care v	ou have	received
	Complaint	about the	quality of	ourc y	ou nave	i Coci v Ca.

☐ You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.

Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

□ You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Acentra (Tennessee's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information		
CALL	1-888-317-0751		
	Hours are Mon Fri. 9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m., weekends and holidays: 11:00 a.m 3:00 p.m.		
TTY	711		
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.		
WRITE	Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609		
WEBSITE	www.Acentraqio.com		

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
	You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- □ Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- □ Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- □ Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- □ Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact TennCare (Medicaid).

Method	TennCare (Medicaid) (Tennessee's Medicaid program) Contact Information		
CALL	1-800-342-3145 or 1-855-259-0701		
	Hours are Mon Fri. 7:00 a.m 6:00 p.m.		
TTY 1-877-779-3103			
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.		
WRITE	TennCare, 310 Great Circle Road, Nashville, TN 37243		
WEBSITE	https://www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/eligibility/tenncare-medicaid.html		

SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. on Wednesday.
	If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	<u>rrb.gov/</u>

SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3:

Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, Part B prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in

	r, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).
Section 1.1	What are network providers and covered services?
	are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The ers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
facilities tha arranged fo	oviders are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care thave an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost sharing amount as payment in full. We have these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
	ervices include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. ed services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.
Section 1.2	Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan
As a Medicare he coverage rules.	alth plan, our plan must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's
Our plan will gene	rally cover your medical care as long as:
□The care yo	ou receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
equipment,	ou receive is considered medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted

- standards of medical practice. You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
- □ You must receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. Here are three exceptions:
 - ○The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
 - olf you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization must be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
 - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a plan provider to be your Primary Care Physician (PCP). Your PCP is a Physician whose specialty is Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, General Practice, Geriatrics, or Pediatrics who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. As we explain below, you will get your routine or basic care from your PCP. Your PCP will also "coordinate" the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help you arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. This includes your x-rays, laboratory tests, therapies, care from doctors who are specialists, hospital admissions, and follow-up care. "Coordinating" your services includes checking or consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is going. In some cases, your PCP will need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from us. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP's office. Chapter 6 tells you how we will protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information.

How do you choose your PCP?

You select a Primary Care Physician from your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* and call Customer Service with your selection. The directory is continually being updated; therefore, please contact Customer Service to be sure the provider is accepting new patients. Customer Service is available to assist with your selection and to help find a physician to meet your needs. Customer Service can also help you check to see if a provider is in our network of physicians. If there is a particular specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure the specialist or hospital is in your plan's network. The name and office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your membership card.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. Please see Section 2.3 in this chapter for additional details.

Your change will take place the first of the following month. To change your PCP, please call Customer Service. Customer Service will confirm that the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. We will change your membership record to the new PCP and confirm when the change to your new PCP will take effect. You will receive a new membership card that shows the name and phone number of your new PCP.

Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

have maintenance dialysis while you are away.

pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
□ Flu shots (or vaccines), COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.
□ Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
□ Urgently needed plan-covered services, which are services requiring immediate medical attention that are not emergencies provided you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.
□ Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. If possible, please call Customer Service before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to

Section 2.3	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
A specialist is a do specialists. Here a	ctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of re a few examples:
□ Oncologists	care for patients with cancer.
□ Cardiologists	care for patients with heart conditions.
□Orthopedists	care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.
which your PCP w your plan's networ If you do not have	PCP, you are also selecting an entire network (a specific group of Plan providers) of specialists and hospitals to III refer you. If there are specific specialists or hospitals you want to use, you must find out whether they are in k. Please call Customer Service for details regarding the specialists and hospitals you may use. an advanced determination, authorization can also be obtained from a network provider who refers an enrollee ide the plan's network for a service; provided that service is not explicitly always excluded from plan coverage as ter 4.
What if a speciali	st or another network provider leaves our plan?
	you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your ar. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections summarized below:
•	our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted alified doctors and specialists.
⊙ If your prii the past tl	you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider. mary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within nree years.
	our other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care , or have seen them within the past three months.
□We will assist	you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
-	ently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will uto ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
□We will provid plans.	e you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing
	ge for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when a provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. Prior authorization may be required.
□lf you find ou manage you	t your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to rcare.
being approp	e we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider, or that your care is not originally managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to both. Please see Chapter 7.
Section 2.4	How to get care from out-of-network providers
your Primary Care of-network provide	red services, if you require specialized services that are not available from a provider in our network, contact Physician (PCP) for authorization and coordination of care. Members are entitled to receive services from outres for emergency or out-of-area urgently needed services. Dialysis services are covered for ESRD members who side of the plan's service area and are not able to access contracted ESRD providers.
SECTION 3	How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Getting care if you have a medical emergency

Section 3.1

What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe

Chapter 3. Using the plan for your medical services

that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

□ Get help as quickly as possible. Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if
you need it. You do not need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may
get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an
appropriate state license, even if they are not part of our network. Your plan covers emergencies outside of the country. For more
information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.
□ As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on you

As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on your
emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call
Customer Service at the toll-free number on the back of your membership card. Hours are October 1 - March 31, 8:00 a.m
8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 - September 30, Monday - Friday 8:00 a.m 8:00 p.m. local time.
Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. TTY users should call 711. Additionally, you should
call your PCP. Your PCP's phone number is listed on the front of your membership card.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care — thinking that your health is in serious danger — and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

□You a	o to a	network	provider	to	get the	additional	care:
□i ou y	วเบล	HOWOIK	provider	ω	yet tile	additional	care,

— or — The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

For a list of urgent care centers in our network, please refer to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (www.CignaMedicare.com/ resources). You can call Customer Service for information on how to access urgent care centers.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the circumstances described in the Emergency Care and Urgently Needed Services benefits listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.cigna.com/medicare/disaster-policy for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Our plan covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, you may have to pay the full cost of any skilled nursing facility care you get after our Plan's payment reaches the benefit limit. Once you have used up your benefit limit, additional payments you make for the service do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Chapter 3. Using the plan for your medical services

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials. If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

	Section 5.2	When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?
(Once you join a M	ledicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as
	part of the study, i	ncluding:

- □ Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- □ An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- ☐ Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill. When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

☐ Generally, Medicare will not pay for the new	item or service that the study	y is testing unless Medicare woul	ld cover the item or
service even if you were <i>not</i> in a study.			

- □ Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- □ Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at: www.medicaregov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

□ Non-excepted medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is <i>voluntary</i> and <i>not required</i> by any federal, state, or local law.
□ Excepted medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is <i>not</i> voluntary or <i>is required</i> under federal, state, or local law.
To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions: □The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
□ Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to <i>non-religious</i> aspects of care.
□ If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care;
 — and — You must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.
Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits apply (please refer to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4).
SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment
Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?
Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.
n Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined the plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item o you. Call Customer Service for more information.
Nhat happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?
f you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.
Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then you joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count.
Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.
Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies and maintenance
What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?
f you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, our plan will cover:
□Rental of oxygen equipment
□Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents

If you leave our plan or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

 \Box Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents

 $\hfill \square \mbox{\sc Maintenance}$ and repairs of oxygen equipment

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services:

- □ **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- □ **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the amount you have to pay out of pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out of pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2025 this amount is \$3,900.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in network covered services count toward this maximum out of pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out of pocket amount. These services are italicized in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$3,900, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- □ If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- □ If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - olf you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - olf you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
 - olf you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies outside the service area for urgently needed services.)
- ☐ If you believe a provider has *balance billed* you, call Customer Service.

Chapter 4.

SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered and how much you will pay
Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan
The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services our plan covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met: \[\textsup \text{Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.} \]
□Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) <i>must</i> be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
□For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan may not require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.
☐You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
□You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.
□Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered <i>only</i> if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in bold.
□If your coordinated care plan provides approval of a prior authorization request for a course of treatment, the approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary to avoid disruptions in care in accordance with applicable coverage criteria, your medical history, and the treating provider's recommendation.
Other important things to know about our coverage:
□Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your <i>Medicare & You 2025</i> handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048
□For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
□If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2025, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions
□If you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill. ○ PTSD
○ Hearing loss
○ Vision loss
□Please go to the Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.
□Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.
You will see this apple pext to the preventive services in the benefits chart

Physician Specialist

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services Note: Additional cost share may apply when other services are performed at the same time. A facility fee may apply when services are performed in an outpatient facility. Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening There is no coinsurance, copayment, A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if or deductible for members eligible for you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician this preventive screening. assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist. Acupuncture for chronic low back pain Prior authorization may be required. Covered services include: \$20 copayment for each Medicarecovered acupuncture visit Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances: For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as: □ Lasting 12 weeks or longer □ Nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious, disease, etc.) □ Not associated with surgery; and □ Not associated with pregnancy An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually. Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing. **Provider Requirements:** Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements. Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have: □a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, □ a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27. Additional telehealth services \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered virtual Physical Therapy Covered telehealth services include the following virtual services: \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered Physical Therapy virtual Speech and Language Speech and Language Pathology Pathology Primary Care Physician

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered virtual Primary care physician visits \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered virtual physician specialist visits
Ambulance services	Prior authorization may be required
□ Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.	for non-emergency ambulance services. \$290 copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered ground ambulance trip.
If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.	20% coinsurance for each one-way Medicare-covered air ambulance trip.
Non-emergency ambulance transportation:	
☐Medically-necessary, non-emergency transportation by ambulance is only covered to the closest facility that can provide care.	
□ Prior authorization is required for non-emergency, Medicare-covered ambulance services (such as transport from home to your doctor's office for routine visits, transport from home to a Medicare-certified dialysis facility for prescribed hemodialysis, or transport beyond the closest facility capable of providing care when transferring between facilities or levels of care).	
☐Out-of-network, non-emergency ambulance services will be reviewed after the service is rendered to ensure service was medically and reasonably necessary.	
□ See Transportation benefit in this chart for additional information about non- emergency transportation services.	
Worldwide ambulance services:	
□Ambulance transportation outside the United States or its territories is only covered to the closest, most appropriate facility that can provide care.	
☐Return to the United States by ambulance is not a covered service unless that is where the closest, most appropriate, facility is located.	
☐See Emergency care or Urgently needed services in this chart for additional information about Worldwide transportation services.	
Annual physical exam The annual physical is an extensive physical exam including a medical history collection	\$0 copayment for annual physical

The annual physical is an extensive physical exam including a medical history collection exam and it may also include any of the following: vital signs, observation of general appearance, a head and neck exam, a heart and lung exam, an abdominal exam, a neurological exam, a dermatological exam, and an extremities exam. Coverage for this benefit is in addition to the Medicare-covered annual wellness visit and the Welcome to Medicare Preventive Visit. Limited to one physical exam per year. Separate cost-sharing amounts may apply to any additional lab or diagnostic procedures that are ordered during the annual physical exam.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you

What you must pay

when you get these services

Note: You will be responsible for cost sharing amounts for any additional services during this exam.



Annual wellness visit

If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. The annual wellness visit is covered once each calendar year.

Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.

Note: You will be responsible for cost sharing amounts for any additional services during this exam.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.

A separate copay may apply if a non-preventive screening lab test or other non-preventive services are provided at the time of an annual wellness visit.



Bone mass measurement

For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.



Breast cancer screening (mammograms)

Covered services include:

- ☐ One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39
- □ One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older
- ☐ Clinical breast exams once every 24 months

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.

Cardiac rehabilitation services

Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.

Prior authorization may be required.

\$10 copayment for each
Medicare-covered cardiac
rehabilitative therapy visit
\$10 copayment for each
Medicare-covered intensive cardiac
rehabilitative therapy visit
One copayment will apply when
multiple therapies are provided by the
same provider on the same date and
at the same place of service.

Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)

We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
Cervical and vaginal cancer screening Covered services include: □ For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months □ If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
Chiropractic services (Medicare-covered) Covered services include: We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation (when one or more of the bones of your spine move out of position) if you get it from a chiropractor.	Prior authorization may be required. \$20 copayment for each Medicare- covered chiropractic visit
Colorectal cancer screening The following screening tests are covered: Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam, excluding barium enemas, for which coinsurance applies. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam. \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diagnostic exams and any surgical procedures (i.e., polyp removal) during a colorectal screening.
Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.	

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you

What you must pay when you get these services

Note: If you receive a colonoscopy without previous symptoms, this is considered preventive or screening, and there will be no copayment or coinsurance. If your doctor is performing the colonoscopy because you have shown symptoms of a medical condition, this is considered outpatient surgery and cost share may apply (see **Outpatient Surgery** benefit in this chart for more information).

Dental services (Medicare-covered)

In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental X-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.

Prior authorization may be required for Medicare-covered dental services

\$30 copayment for Medicare-covered dental benefits

See Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits benefit in this chart for more information on Medicare-covered non-routine dental services.

Dental services (Routine)

This plan provides additional dental coverage not covered by Original Medicare. The plan provides a Dental Allowance to reimburse routine preventive and comprehensive dental services.

You can choose a Cigna Dental Allowance (DPPO) network provider or any licensed dental provider who is not on the Medicare preclusion or exclusion list. To review the exclusion list, go to: https://exclusions.oig.hhs.gov or call Dental Customer Service. DPPO network providers will bill Cigna Healthcare directly. Providers outside the DPPO network may require payment at time of service, and you will need to submit a Dental Reimbursement Claim Form filled-out and signed by your provider with a receipt for services rendered. For a copy of this form, go to CignaMedicared.com/forms, or call Dental Customer Service.

Unused balance of the allowance amount does not carry over to the following year. Cosmetic procedures are not covered. Limitations, exclusions, and restrictions may apply.

For a list of excluded services, go to cignamedicare.com/resources to review the Cigna Dental Allowance Guide. For more information, call Dental Customer Service at 1-866-213-7295 (TTY 711).

Allowance of \$2,500 every year (combined preventive and comprehensive) for routine dental services. Customer is responsible for any amount over and above the allowance amount.



Depression screening

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.



Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services You may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test. Prior authorization may be required. Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies \$0 copayment for preferred brand For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services Medicare-covered diabetic monitoring include: supplies. Non-preferred brands are not □ Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test covered unless medically necessary. strips. You are eligible for one preferred □ Lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the brand alucose monitor and one accuracy of test strips and monitors. preferred brand continuous glucose ☐ For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per monitoring device every two years. calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with You are also eligible for 200 preferred such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and brand alucose test strips or three three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts preferred brand sensors per 30-day provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. period depending on your monitor. □ Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. 20% coinsurance for Medicare-Preferred brands of blood glucose monitors include: covered therapeutic shoes and inserts □ Abbott Diabetes Care: FreeStyle Lite, FreeStyle Freedom Lite, FreeStyle Precision \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered Neo, FreeStyle Libre 2 (CGM), FreeStyle Libre 3 (CGM) and FreeStyle Libre 14diabetes self-management training Day (CGM) □ LifeScan Diabetes Care: OneTouch Ultra 2 and OneTouch Verio Flex □ Dexcom: Dexcom G6 (CGM) and Dexcom G7 (CGM) Prior authorization is required for all Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies

(For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)

Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. Prior authorization may be required for special orders. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at www.cignamedicare.com.

Medicare-covered rental items, including oxygen equipment. There are a limited number of DME items where the total rental price cannot exceed the purchase price

and once that amount has been paid you will no longer pay for that item.

20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered items

Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance every month.

After 36 months, you should no longer have a coinsurance for the oxygen equipment. The equipment is eligible for replacement after the maximum expected useful life of 5 years, unless it is not functioning and cannot be repaired before 5 years. If you join or

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay
	when you get these services leave our plan the 5-year cycle starts over.
Emergency care refers to services that are: Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network. Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to help the doctor decide if the patient needs to be admitted as an inpatient or discharged. Observation services may be given in the emergency department or another area of the hospital. For information about the observation services cost sharing, please see the Outpatient hospital observation section of this Evidence of Coverage. Emergency care is covered worldwide. See Ambulance services benefit in this chart for additional information about Worldwide ambulance services.	\$140 copayment for Medicare-covered emergency room visits \$140 copayment for worldwide emergency room visits and worldwide emergency transportation \$50,000 (USD) combined limit per year for emergency and urgent care services provided outside the U.S. and its territories. Emergency transportation must be medically necessary. If you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition, you pay \$0 for the emergency room visit. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must have your inpatient care at the out-of- network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the highest cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.
Fitness The fitness benefit provides several options. You are eligible for a fitness membership at participating fitness locations in the standard fitness network. At these locations you can take advantage of exercise equipment, amenities and, where available, group exercise classes tailored to meet the needs of older adults. You can also select one Home Fitness Kit per benefit year from a variety of kit options, including a wearable fitness tracker. You can also take advantage of personalized Workout Plans; access thousands of ondemand workout videos available on the program's website; get one-on-one Healthy Aging Coaching by phone, video or chat; track your fitness activity; and enjoy many other digital resources through the Well-Being Club. Non-standard services that call for an added fee are not part of the fitness program and will not be reimbursed. For questions and more details, contact the Cigna Healthcare fitness vendor at 1-888-886-1992 (TTY 711).	\$0 copayment for Membership in Health Club/Fitness Classes
Health and wellness education programs Health Education	\$0 copayment for online health education

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
You have access to video and written content on a variety of health and wellness topics online at myCigna.com.	The second secon
Hearing services (Medicare-covered) Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$30 copayment for Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing exams A separate PCP/Specialist cost share may apply if additional services requiring cost sharing are rendered.
Hearing services (Routine) This plan covers the following routine hearing services: up to one routine hearing exam every year fitting evaluation for a hearing aid(s) hearing aid evaluations are part of the routine hearing exam. Multiple fittings are allowed with the original provider if necessary to ensure hearing aids are accurately fitted. A routine hearing exam needs to be performed prior to hearing aids being dispensed. Hearing aid devices are limited to those worn externally and do not include assisted listening devices, amplifiers or disposable devices. Customers are required to contact Cigna Healthcare's hearing vendor to access the routine hearing exam and hearing aid benefits. A 60-day evaluation period is granted to determine the effectiveness of a hearing aid. A 4-year supply of batteries (up to 256 cells per hearing aid) is included with a hearing aid that is acquired through Cigna Healthcare's hearing vendor. Hearing aids purchased form anyone outside Cigna Healthcare's hearing vendor will not be covered. Over-the-counter hearing aid devices are not covered. For more information on your routine hearing benefits, contact Cigna Healthcare's hearing vendor at 1-866-872-1001 (TTY 711).	\$0 copayment for one routine hearing exam every year \$0 copayment for one fitting evaluation for hearing aid every year \$399 - \$1,800 copayment per device for Hearing Aids. Limited to two (2) devices every year. Actual cost-share will depend on hearing aid selected.
HIV screening For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover: One screening exam every 12 months For women who are pregnant, we cover: Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.
Home-Delivered Meals When released from an approved inpatient hospital stay or skilled nursing facility, customers can get 14 healthy, medical diet appropriate, frozen meals delivered to their home. This benefit is available up to three (3) times each year. Releases from an emergency department, observation stay or outpatient visit are not eligible. Customers meeting this requirement will receive a call from Cigna Healthcare's meal provider to schedule delivery. For more information on your home delivered meals benefit, call Customer Service.	\$0 copayment for the home-delivered meals benefit \$0 copayment for 56 meals over 28 days, once each year for ESRD customers

Meals for ESRD customers

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Prior authorization may be required.
\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered home health visits
You pay the applicable cost sharing for each service obtained. Please refer to the <i>Durable medical equipment and related supplies and Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs</i> benefit listings for related cost share amounts.
When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan. You must get care from a Medicare-certified hospice. You must consult with your plan before you select hospice. Hospice Consultation You pay the applicable cost sharing for

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

Services that are covered for you

When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.

For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).

- ☐ If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost sharing amount for in-network services
- ☐ If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)

For services that are covered by our plan but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: Our plan will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost sharing amount for these services.

Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.

Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.

What you must pay

when you get these services

example, physician services). Please refer to the applicable benefit in this section of this Evidence of Coverage.

Immunizations Covered Medicare Part B services include: Pneumonia vaccines Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary Hepatitis B vaccines if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B COVID-19 vaccines Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B and COVID-19 vaccines.
lonations beautal care	Dulan authorization may be required

Inpatient hospital care

Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.

Our plan covers days 1 through 90 of inpatient hospital care for each benefit period. Covered services include but are not limited to:

Prior authorization may be required.

Except in an emergency, your doctor must tell the plan that you are going to be admitted to the hospital.

For each Medicare-covered hospital stay, your copayment is: \$250 per day for days 1-5;

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
□Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)	\$0 per day for days 6-90
□ Meals including special diets	For each Medicare-covered hospital
□Regular nursing services	stay, you are required to pay the
□Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)	applicable cost sharing. In some instances, a readmission
□Drugs and medications	policy may apply in which the benefit
□Lab tests	will continue from original admission.
□X-rays and other radiology services	Our plan also covers 60 "lifetime
□Necessary surgical and medical supplies	reserve days." These are "extra" days
☐Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs	that we cover. If you use more than 90 days within a benefit period, you can
□Operating and recovery room costs	use these extra days. But once you
□Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy	have used up these extra 60 days,
□Inpatient substance abuse services	your inpatient hospital coverage will be
Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If our plan provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.	limited to 90 days. There is a \$0 copayment per lifetime reserve day. If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the highest cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.
This travel benefit is not applicable for corneal transplants. Reimbursement is provided for up to \$10,000 of eligible transportation and lodging expenses for an approved transplant at least 100 miles away from your legal home address to the transplant center. This benefit only covers transportation and lodging expenses for you and one companion for the initial and annual evaluation, stem cell injection and cell collection, and the actual transplant. The lodging and transportation benefit is not applicable for follow-up or post-operative visits or transplant related inpatient admissions after you receive your transplant, except for readmissions occurring during sequestering (time required to be near a facility and away from your home) immediately after a covered transplant.	
□Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.	
□Physician services	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an npatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare - Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Prior authorization may be required. Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Except in an emergency, your doctor Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. Our must tell the plan that you are going to plan covers up to 190 days in a lifetime for inpatient mental health care in a psychiatric be admitted to the hospital. hospital. The inpatient mental health care limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a general hospital. For each Medicare-covered inpatient psychiatric hospital stay, your copayment is: \$250 per day for days 1-5; \$0 per day for days 6-90 For each Medicare-covered hospital stay, you are required to pay the applicable cost sharing, starting with Day 1 each time you are admitted. In some instances, a readmission policy may apply in which the benefit will continue from original admission. Our plan also covers 60 "lifetime reserve days." These are "extra" days that we cover. If you use more than 90 days within a benefit period, you can use these extra days. But once you have used up these extra 60 days. your inpatient hospital coverage will be limited to 90 days. There is a \$0 copayment per lifetime reserve day. You pay the applicable cost sharing for Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a nonother services as though they were covered inpatient stay provided on an outpatient basis. If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable Please refer to the applicable benefit in and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will this section of this Evidence of cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing Coverage. facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to: ☐ Physician services □ Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) □ X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services ☐ Surgical dressings

□ Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations □ Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices □Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage. wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition □ Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy **Medical nutrition therapy** There is no coinsurance, copayment, This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or or deductible for members eligible for after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor. Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services. We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year. **Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)** There is no coinsurance, copayment, MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare or deductible for the MDPP benefit. health plans. MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle. **Medicare Part B prescription drugs** Prior authorization may be required. These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan Medicare Part B drugs may be subject receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include: to step therapy requirements. □ Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or 0-20% coinsurance; up to \$35 for Medicare-covered Part B insulin drugs. infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical You will pay no more than \$35 for onecenter services month's supply of covered insulin. Any ☐ Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a plan deductible does not apply. medically necessary insulin pump) 0 - 20% coinsurance for Medicare-□ Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were covered Part B Chemotherapy/ authorized by the plan Radiation drugs ☐ The Alzheimer's drug, Legembi®, (generic name lecanemab), which is 0 - 20% coinsurance for other administered intravenously. In addition to medication costs, you may need Medicare-covered Part B drugs additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment □ Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia ☐ Transplant/Immunosuppressive Drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Keep in mind, Medicare drug coverage (Part D) covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay
<u> </u>	when you get these services
□ Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug	
☐ Some Antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision	
□ Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs	
□ Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug. As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does	
□ Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for	
an intravenous anti-nausea drug □ Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it	
□ Calcimimetic medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv®, and the oral medication Sensipar®	
☐ Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary and topical anesthetics	
□ Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epoetin Alfa)	
☐ Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases	
□Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding)	
The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: https://www.cigna.com/medicare/member-resources/drug-list-formulary .	
We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.	
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss	There is no coinsurance, copayment,
If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you	or deductible for preventive obesity
lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it	screening and therapy.
can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan.	
Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	Dries authorization may be required
Opioid treatment program services	Prior authorization may be required. \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered
Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:	opioid treatment services
□U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
□ Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) □ Substance use disorder counseling □ Individual and group therapy □ Toxicology testing □ Intake activities □ Periodic assessments	
Covered services include, but are not limited to: X-rays	Prior authorization may be required. A separate PCP/Specialist cost share will apply if additional services requiring cost sharing are rendered. A facility fee may also apply. \$0 or \$100 copayment for Medicare-covered diagnostic procedures and tests. \$0 copayment for EKG and diagnostic colorectal screenings. \$100 copayment for all other diagnostic procedures and tests. \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered lab services \$50 copayment for Medicare-covered genetic tests \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered blood services \$0 or \$100 copayment for Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology services (not including X-rays). \$0 copayment for mammography and ultrasounds. \$100 copayment for all other diagnostic and nuclear medicine radiological services If multiple test types (such as CT and PET) are performed in the same day, multiple copayments will apply. If multiple tests of the same type (for example, CT scan of the head and CT scan of the chest) are performed in the same day one copayment will apply. \$60 copayment for Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology services \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology services \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered X-rays in all other locations.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you

Outpatient hospital observation

Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.

For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

What you must pay

when you get these services

Prior authorization may be required.

\$150 per stay copayment for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital observation

Outpatient hospital services

We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

☐ Services in an emergency	department or	outpatient clinic,	such as	observation
services or outpatient surg	gery			

□ Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital

- ☐ Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it
- □X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- ☐ Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- □ Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called *Are You a Hospital* Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Outpatient mental health care

Covered services include:

Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner,

Prior authorization may be required.

You pay the applicable cost sharing for these services. Please refer to the applicable benefit in this section of this Evidence of Coverage. Self-administered drugs (medication you would normally take on your own) are not covered in an outpatient hospital setting. Please contact Customer Service for more information.

Prior authorization may be required.

\$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered individual or group therapy inperson or telehealth visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
(NP), physician assistant, (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws. For more information, call Customer Service. Mental health telehealth services are available through the Cigna Healthcare telehealth vendor. Not all provider types are available through the telehealth vendor. For more information contact the Cigna Healthcare telehealth vendor at 1-866-918-7836 (TTY 1-800-770-5531).	\$0 copayment for each Medicare- covered individual or group therapy in- person or telehealth visit with a psychiatrist
Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy in-person visits. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	\$30 copayment for Medicare-covered Occupational Therapy visits. \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered Physical Therapy in-person visits. \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered Speech and Language Pathology in-person visits. One copayment will apply when multiple therapies (such as PT, OT, ST) are provided by the same provider on same date and at the same place of service.
Outpatient substance use disorder services Covered services include: Substance use disorder outpatient services including Partial Hospitalization Program, outpatient evaluation, outpatient therapy and medication management provided by a doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified behavioral health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.	Prior authorization may be required. \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered individual or group substance use disorder outpatient treatment visits

Services that are covered for you

Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers

Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

What you must pay when you get these services

Prior authorization may be required.

\$0 or \$150 copayment for each Medicare-covered outpatient hospital facility visit. \$0 copayment for any surgical procedures (i.e., polyp removal) during a colorectal screening. \$150 copayment for all other Outpatient Services not provided in an Ambulatory Surgical Center. \$0 or \$150 copayment for each Medicare-covered ambulatory surgical center visit. \$0 copayment for any surgical procedures (i.e., polyp removal) during a colorectal screening. \$150 copayment for all other Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) services.

Over-the-Counter Items and Services

The Over-the-Counter (OTC) allowance will be applied to your Cigna Heathy Today card each guarter. You can spend this allowance any time during the guarter it is received. You can purchase approved items online or by phone or mail through the Cigna Healthy Customer is responsible for all costs Today website, Service Center or catalog. You can also purchase approved OTC items through our online retailer or in store, at participating retail locations.

The OTC allowance applies to a specified quarterly amount and does not carry over to the next quarter or the following year. Exceptions may apply. Some OTC items require a doctor's recommendation for a specific diagnosable condition. Catalog orders limited to one per customer per month.

Visit CignaHealthyToday.com to check your card balance or to see our list of covered OTC items and participating retail locations.

For more information contact the Cigna Healthy Today Service Center at 1-866-851-1579 (TTY 711).

\$100 every 3 months for approved over-the-counter drugs and other health-related pharmacy products.

over and above the allowance amount.

Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services

Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.

Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office, but less intense than partial hospitalization.

Prior authorization may be required.

\$105 copayment for Medicare-covered partial hospitalization program services and intensive outpatient services

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits Prior authorization may be required. Covered services include: \$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered primary care physician visit ☐ Medically necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's \$30 copayment for each Medicareoffice, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any covered specialist visit other location □ Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist \$0 copayment in a PCP office or \$30 copayment in a Specialist office for ☐ Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment each Medicare-covered Other Health Care Professional Service □ Certain telehealth services, including urgent care (treating symptoms like allergies, cough, headache, nausea, and other low-risk illnesses), mental health therapy and dermatology • You have the option of receiving these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to receive one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. olf your network provider does not offer telehealth services and/or you need to access telehealth care quickly, you also have the option of getting these services through the Cigna Healthcare telehealth vendor. Electronic exchange can be by smartphone, regular telephone, computer or tablet and can include video. You must complete a brief medical history and symptom assessment before receiving services. A cost-share may apply and is due at the time of your telehealth visit. Go to myCigna.com to register for the telehealth vendor's services. For questions and more details, call the Cigna Healthcare telehealth vendor at 1-866-918-7836 (TTY 1-800-770-5531) or call Customer Service. □Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare ☐ Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home ☐ Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location ☐ Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location □ Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances □Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers □ Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: You're not a new patient and

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Chapter 4.

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services ○ The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and o The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment □ Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: O You're not a new patient and ○ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and o The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment □ Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record ☐ Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery □ Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician) □Wound care services (including clinic) are provided to manage acute and chronic wounds through debridement, local wound care and specialized dressings. Medicare covers services provided by other health providers, such as physician assistants, nurse practitioners, social workers, physical therapists, and psychologists. Health professional means— □ a physician who is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy; or ☐ a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist; or ☐ a medical professional (including a health educator, a registered dietitian, or nutrition professional, or other licensed practitioner) or a team of such medical professionals, working under the direct supervision of a physician **Note:** Costs for services provided by other health providers (such as a nurse practitioner or physician assistant) will be based on the supervising physician's specialty. For example, if you are seeing a nurse practitioner and the supervising physician is a PCP, you will pay the PCP cost. If you are seeing a nurse practitioner and supervising physician is a Specialist, you will pay the Specialist cost. If your provider bills us as part of a hospital system, you may also be responsible for the outpatient hospital setting cost-share for the services. Cost-share for other services performed in an outpatient setting are outlined in this chapter. Please check with your provider prior to scheduling services to see if the site is identified as part of a hospital. **Podiatry services (Medicare-covered)** \$30 copayment for each Medicarecovered podiatry visit Covered services include: □ Diagnosis and the medically necessary treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe, bunion deformities or heel spurs) □ Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs **Prostate cancer screening exams** There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.

visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months: □ Digital rectal exam □ Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test Prior authorization may be required. Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies 20% coinsurance for Medicare-Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These covered prosthetic and orthotic include, but are not limited to testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and devices and medical supplies related orthotic devices; as well as: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy to prosthetics, splints, and other care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses devices (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery see Vision Care later in this section for more detail. **Note:** Medical supply quantities will be reviewed to ensure they are medically necessary and reasonable. Total monthly quantity limits may apply for medical supplies. Pulmonary rehabilitation services \$10 copayment for each Medicare-Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who covered pulmonary rehabilitative have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an therapy visit order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory One copayment will apply when disease. multiple therapies are provided by the same provider on the same date and at the same place of service. Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse There is no coinsurance, copayment, We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant or deductible for the Medicare-covered women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent. screening and counseling to reduce If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face alcohol misuse preventive benefit. counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting. Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) There is no coinsurance, copayment, For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. or deductible for the Medicare-covered Eligible members are: people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of counseling and shared decision lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and making visit or for the LDCT. who currently smoke or have guit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive an order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the members must receive an order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the

Services that are covered for you



Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs

We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.

We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.

What you must pay when you get these services

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.

Services to treat kidney disease

Covered services include:

- ☐ Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime. □ Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out
- of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)
- □ Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)
- □ Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)
- ☐ Home dialysis equipment and supplies
- □ Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)

Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs.

Prior authorization may be required for Medicare-covered renal dialysis.

\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered kidney disease education services 20% coinsurance for Medicarecovered renal dialysis

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care

(For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 12 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)

Plan covers up to 100 days each benefit period. An inpatient hospital stay is **not** required prior to SNF admission.

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- ☐ Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- ☐ Meals, including special diets
- ☐ Skilled nursing services
- □ Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy

Prior authorization may be required.

For Medicare-covered SNF stays, the copayment is:

\$0 per day for days 1-20; \$214 per day for days 21-100

In some instances, a readmission policy may apply in which the benefit will continue from original admission.

For each Medicare-covered SNF stay, you are required to pay the applicable

and are recommended for treatment by the responsible physician.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services cost sharing, starting with Day 1 each □ Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (this includes substances time you are admitted. that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) □ Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. ☐ Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs □ Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs □X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs ☐ Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs □ Physician/Practitioner services Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment. ☐ A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care) □ An SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or There is no coinsurance, copayment, tobacco use) or deductible for the Medicare-covered If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease: We smoking and tobacco use cessation cover two counseling guit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with preventive benefits. no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling guit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-toface visits. Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III - Pet Care Allowance \$75 allowance every three months for The Pet Care Allowance will be applied to your Cigna Healthy Today card each quarter approved items and services. to help pay for pet supplies and veterinary visits and services. To be eligible to receive Customer is responsible for all costs this allowance, you must be diagnosed with post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), over and above the allowance amount. hearing loss or vision loss. Other eligibility and coverage criteria may apply. The allowance can only be used at stand-alone pet stores and veterinary offices that accept Visa® payments. Unused allowance balance does not carry over to the next quarter or the following year. Visit CignaHealthyToday.com to check your card balance. For more information, call the Cigna Healthy Today Service Center at 1-866-851-1579 (TTY 711). **Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)** Prior authorization may be required. SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) \$10 copayment for each Medicare-

covered Supervised Exercise Therapy

visit

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements One copayment will apply when are met. multiple therapies are provided by the same provider on the same date and The SET program must: at the same place of service. □ Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercisetraining program for PAD in patients with claudication ☐ Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office ☐ Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD ☐ Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care

Transportation

provider.

Routine, non-emergency health-related transportation benefit includes specified quantity of one-way trips by taxi, rideshare services, van or medical transport. Customers are required to contact Cigna Healthcare's transportation vendor at least 48 hours in advance of their appointment to schedule non-emergent transportation services to planapproved locations, such as doctor's appointments. Transportation arranged outside of the transportation vendor will not be covered and will be the responsibility of the member. There are cancellation requirements and restrictions. A cancellation must be made up to two hours prior to the scheduled trip, or it will be deducted from the number of trips remaining.

A maximum trip distance of 70 miles per one-way trip applies. Prior Authorization is required where the travel distance to a provider exceeds the mileage limit of 70 miles. Trip distances exceeding 70 miles per one-way trip are not covered except when transportation is needed to obtain specific medically necessary Medicare or Plan covered services.

The transportation vendor is in partnership with rideshare services to provide transport for ambulatory customers. Customers with special needs will be transported by traditional non-emergent medical transportation (NEMT) drivers who have vehicles that accommodate wheelchairs, walkers, etc. To be transported by a rideshare driver, customers must be able to receive text messages on their phones. Rideshare transport may not be available for certain types of transports and within certain service areas. Requests for transportation received with less than a 48-hour notice will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis to determine the urgency of the trip and the availability of an NEMT driver to transport the member. A traditional NEMT driver may accommodate multiple occupants in one vehicle. Rideshare transports apply to a single occupant: however, a family member or escort may be allowed.

See Ambulance services benefit in this chart for additional information about nonemergency Medicare-covered Ambulance services.

For more information, call the Cigna Healthcare transportation vendor at 1-866-214-5126 (TTY 711).

Prior authorization may be required.

\$0 copayment for up to 24 one-way trips to plan-approved locations every year

outside of the annual routine eye exams are not covered.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these services **Urgently needed services** \$30 copayment for Medicare-covered urgently needed service visit A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the \$140 for worldwide emergency/urgent plan, or even if you are inside the service area of the plan, it is unreasonable given your coverage and worldwide emergency time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom transportation the plan contracts. Your plan must cover urgently needed services and only charge you \$50,000 (USD) combined limit per year in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical for emergency and urgent care illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically services provided outside the U.S. and necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently its territories. needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is Emergency transportation must be temporarily unavailable. medically necessary. Urgently needed services are covered worldwide. If you are admitted to the hospital See **Ambulance services** benefit in this chart for additional information about within 24 hours for the same condition. Worldwide ambulance services. you pay \$0 for the urgently needed services visit. A separate PCP/Specialist cost share **Vision care (Medicare-covered)** may apply if additional services Covered services include: requiring cost sharing are rendered □ Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and (e.g., but not limited to, if a medical injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. eye condition is discovered during a Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for preventive routine eye exam). eveglasses/contacts. For surgical procedures performed in ☐ For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma an outpatient surgical center, a screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family separate physician cost share or history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and facility fee may apply. older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older \$0 or \$30 copayment for Medicarecovered exams to diagnose and treat □ For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per diseases and conditions of the eye, year including an annual glaucoma □ One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes screening for people at risk. insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you \$0 copayment for glaucoma cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses screenings and diabetic retinal exams. after the second surgery.) \$30 copayment for all other Medicare-For more information on your Medicare-covered vision benefits, call Customer Service. covered vision services. \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered eyewear (one pair of eyeglasses with standard frames/lenses or one set of standard contact lenses after cataract surgery that implants an intraocular lens) Vision care (Routine) A separate PCP/Specialist cost share may apply if additional services This plan covers: requiring cost sharing are rendered □ One (1) routine eye exam (including eye refraction) per year. Eye refractions

(e.g., but not limited to, if a medical

Services that are covered for you

□ Eyeglasses and frames or contact lenses up to the plan allowance amount. The plan specified allowance may be applied to one set of the customer's choice of eyewear, to include the eyeglass frame/lenses/lens options combination or contact \$0 copayment for one routine eye lenses and contact lens fitting (to include related professional fees) in lieu of eyeglasses. Routine annual eyewear allowance applied to the retail value only. Applicable taxes are not covered. Unused balance of the allowance amount does not carry forward to future benefit years.

Routine eye exam and eyewear must be obtained from a provider in Cigna Healthcare's vision vendor network. Services obtained from vendors outside this network are not covered.

There are limitations on the number of covered services within a service category. Frequency limits vary depending on the type of covered service. Medically necessary contact lenses are not covered by the routine vision benefit. Other exclusions may

For questions and more details, contact Cigna Healthcare's vision vendor at 1-888-886-1995 (TTY 711).

What you must pay

when you get these services

eye condition is discovered during a preventive routine eye exam).

exam every year (routine eye exam does not include a contact lens fitting) \$0 copayment up to the eyewear allowance for:

-up to one pair of eyeglasses (lenses and frames) every year

-unlimited contact lenses up to plan coverage limit

-up to one pair of eyeglass lenses every year

-up to one eyeglass frame every year

-upgrades

\$200 allowance for routine eyewear every year.

The plan will not cover both eyeglass lenses/frames and contacts in the same plan year. Customer is responsible for all costs over and above the allowance amount.



Welcome to Medicare Preventive Visit

The plan covers the one-time Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.

Important: We cover the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this booklet.) All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture.		□Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Air ambulance for transportation to return to the United States.		□Return or repatriation to the United States during a medical injury or illness is not covered unless the closest appropriate facility to stabilize and treat the injury or illness is in the United States. Once stabilized, return air ambulance transportation to the United States is not covered.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures.		□Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.
		□Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	Not covered under any condition.	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications. Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		 □May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	Not covered under any condition.	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	Not covered under any condition.	
General health panel including, but not limited to, a comprehensive metabolic panel, blood count complete and thyroid stimulating hormone.	Not covered under any condition.	
Home-delivered meals.		□Please refer to Home-delivered meals in the Medical Benefits Chart for more information.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	Not covered under any condition.	
Incontinence supplies including pads, pull-ups and gloves	Not covered under any condition.	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	Not covered under any condition.	
Non-routine dental care.		□Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.
Obstetrical services.	Not covered under any condition.	
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet.		□Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace.
		□Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	Not covered under any condition.	
Private room in a hospital.		□Covered only when medically necessary.
Reversal of sterilization procedures and/ or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	Not covered under any condition.	
Routine chiropractic care.		□Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Routine foot care.		□Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery and other low vision aids. (Please refer to the Medical Benefits Chart for vision services covered by our plan.)		□Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery.
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.	Not covered under any condition.	
Supportive devices for the feet.		□Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.

CHAPTER 5:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan, or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of the cost sharing as discussed in this document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network.

- □You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- ☐ You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - o If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - olf you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- □You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called *balance billing*. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- □Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- □ If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

Chapter 5. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. You must submit your claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service or item.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

□You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster. Please include details with your request such as your name, contact information, date and place of service, service received and Provider name.

□ Either download a copy of the form from our website (www.cignamedicare.com/forms) or call Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Cigna Healthcare

Attn: Direct Member Reimbursement, Medical Claims

P.O. Box 20002 Nashville, TN 37202

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

□ If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.

□ If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

CHAPTER 6:

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.) Debemos proporcionarle la información de manera que la entienda bien y que sea consistente con

Debemos proporcionarle la información de manera que la entienda bien y que sea consistente con sus sensibilidades culturales (en idiomas que no sean inglés, en braille, en letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialist or finding a network specialist, please call to file a grievance with our Member Grievances department (phone numbers are printed in the Complaints About Medical Care contact information in Chapter 2, Section 1 of this document). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Su plan tiene la obligación de asegurarse de que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se proporcionen de manera culturalmente competente y sean accesibles a todos los afiliados, incluidos los que tienen dominio limitado del inglés, habilidades de lectura limitadas, discapacidad auditiva o personas con antecedentes culturales y étnicos diversos. Algunos ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir con estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la provisión de servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono de texto o teletipo).

Nuestro plan tiene servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. También podemos darle de manera gratuita información en braille, en letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos si lo necesita. Tenemos la obligación de darle la información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para que le proporcionemos información de manera que la entienda bien, llame a Servicio al Cliente. Nuestro plan debe brindar a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceder de forma directa a un especialista en salud femenina dentro de la red para los servicios de cuidado médico preventivo y de rutina.

Si dentro de la red del plan no hay disponibilidad de un proveedor para una especialidad, es responsabilidad del plan buscar un proveedor de dicha especialidad fuera de la red que le brinde la atención médica que necesita. En este caso, usted solo pagará los costos compartidos dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay un especialista dentro de la red del plan que cubra un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para pedir información sobre dónde debe ir para obtener dicho servicio dentro de la red, con costos compartidos.

Si tiene algún problema para recibir la información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, ver a un especialista en salud de la mujer o encontrar un especialista de la red, llame para presentar un reclamo a través de nuestro departamento de Reclamos de los Miembros (los números de teléfono están impresos en la información de contacto de Quejas respecto del cuidado médico en la Sección 1 del Capítulo 2 de este documento). También puede presentar una queja ante

Medicare llamando al 1 800 MEDICARE (1 800 633 4227) o directamente a la Oficina de Derechos Civiles al 1-800-368-1019 o TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

You also have the right to get non-emergency care after your PCP's office is closed. If you need to talk with your PCP or get medical care when the PCP office is closed, and it is *not* a medical emergency, call the PCP at the phone number found on your membership card. There is always a doctor on call to help you. The Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) provides a relay service for deaf, hard-of-hearing and/or persons with speech and language disorders by dialing 711. The TRS will assist you in contacting your PCP.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

Cigna Healthcare's Evaluation of New Technologies

We take pride in giving our customers the best medical and pharmacy benefits available. Our Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee and our Clinical Guidelines Committee carefully review new medications, medical and behavioral procedures, and devices as potential benefit additions for our customers. The Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee is made up of practicing physicians, pharmacists, and our Medical Directors. Together, these professionals review new medications while evaluating available clinical guidelines, evidence-based medicine, and pharmacoeconomic studies. The Clinical Guidelines Committee is made up of our Medical Directors, pharmacists and behavioral health specialists. This committee evaluates medical and behavioral technologies by reviewing pertinent data including evidence-based guidelines, safety data, appropriate CMS and other regulatory information, and expert specialist input. Based on these reviews, the committees then vote on which medications, medical and behavioral procedures, and devices to offer that are deemed efficacious and efficient and will provide the greatest benefit for our customers.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

□ Your *personal health information* includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.

□ You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

	that unau	thorized pe	eople don	it see or c	change your	records
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- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- ☐ There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - OBecause you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

Chapter 6. Your rights and responsibilities

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine. If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service.

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service.

- □ **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- □ Information about our network providers.
 - You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
 - o To learn more about Cigna Healthcare's providers (name, address, professional qualifications, specialty, medical school attended, residency completion and board certification status) please see our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. The most up-to-date version of our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* is available on our website at www.cignamedicare.com.
- □ Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.
 - Ohapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- □ Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.
 - o Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.
 - Staff are available to answer utilization management (UM) questions about services or medications that require prior approval or authorization. Staff will identify themselves by name, title and as a Cigna Healthcare employee when answering or returning calls regarding UM issues. You may leave a message after normal business hours and Cigna Healthcare will return your call. Call 1-800-558-4314 (TDD/TTY) 8 a.m. 5 p.m., Monday Friday or FAX 1-866-730-1896. Language assistance is available.

Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

□To kr	now about all of your choices.	You have the right to	be told about al	I of the treatment	options that are	recommended
for yo	our condition, no matter what the	y cost or whether the	y are covered by	/ our plan.		

- □**To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- □ The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

☐ Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
□ Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.
The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called advance directives . There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called living will and power of attorney for health care are examples of advance directives.
If you want to use an advance directive to give your instructions, here is what to do:
□ Get the form. You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.
□ Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
□ Give copies to appropriate people. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital .
☐ The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
☐ If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.
Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.
What if your instructions are not followed?
If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file complaint with Tennessee Department of Health.
Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made
If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this documentells what you can do. Whatever you do — ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint — we are required to treat you fairly.
Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?
If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights.
If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.
Is it about something else?
If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, <i>and</i> it's <i>not</i> about discrimination, you can ge help dealing with the problem you are having:
□You can call Customer Service .
□You can call the SHIP . For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
□ Or, you can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights
There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

62 Chapter 6. Your rights and responsibilities
□You can call Customer Service .
□You can call the SHIP . For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
□You can contact Medicare .
 You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication Medicare Rights & Protections. (The publication available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.);
 Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
You have the right to make recommendations regarding Cigna Healthcare's member rights and responsibilities policy.
SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan
Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service.
□ Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage document to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
☐ If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription drug coverage, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
☐ Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan membership care whenever you get your medical care.
☐ Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
○ If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
□ Be considerate. We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way the helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
□ Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
○ You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
o For some of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service

□ If you move within our plan service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and

□ If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. □ If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

know how to contact you.

CHAPTER 7:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- □ For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- □ For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To make things easier, this chapter:

Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity. It also uses abbreviations as little as possible

However, it can be helpful — and sometimes quite important — for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to Customer Service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. **Below are two entities that can assist you**.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do. The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2. Section 3 of this

document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- □ You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- ☐ You can visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/ or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.

No.

Skip ahead to Section 9 at the end of this chapter: How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we properly were following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal, for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for
medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.

П	See Section	54	of this	chanter	for more	information	about	Level 2	anneals
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If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4 and 5 appeals processes).

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 4.2 H	ow to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal
ere are resources if y	ou decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:
□You can call us	at Customer Service.
□You can get free	e help from your SHIP.
as your represen	make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed tative. Please call Customer Service and ask for the <i>Appointment of Representative</i> form. (The form is also icare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf).
	are or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
	meone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
Appointment Forms/CMS-F signed by you While we can we do not rec dismissed. If to	friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call Customer Service and ask for the of Representative form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf .) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form. accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If eive the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review or review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
bar association of	he right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, uired to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.
Section 4.3	hich section of this chapter gives the details for <u>your</u> situation?
eadlines, we give the Section 5 of this	nt situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and details for each one in a separate section: chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too
soon (Applies to	chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too only these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient cility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision.

Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision, Section 5.2.**

- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision, Section 5.2.**
- 3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an Appeal, Section 5.3.**
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill, Section 5.5.**
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an Appeal, Section 5.3.**
- □Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an organization determination.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 calendar days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- □You may *only ask* for coverage for medical care items and/or services (not request for payment for items and/or services already received.
- □You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- □ If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- □ If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - © Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision
 - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions, we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

□ However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

2025 Evidence of Coverage for Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
□ If you believe we should <i>not</i> take extra days, you can file a <i>fast complaint</i> . We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.).
For fast coverage decisions, we use an expedited timeframe. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or services. If your
request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.
□ However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request i for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
☐ If you believe we should <i>not</i> take extra days, you can file a <i>fast complaint</i> . (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
☐ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.
Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.
If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to ge the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.
Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal
Legal Terms
An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan reconsideration .
A fast appeal is also called an expedited reconsideration.
Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.
A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.
☐ If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a <i>fast appeal</i> . If your doctor tells us that your health requires a <i>fast appeal</i> , we will give you a fas appeal.
☐ The requirements for getting a <i>fast appeal</i> are the same as those for getting a <i>fast coverage decision</i> in Section 5.2 of this chapter.
Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal.
☐ If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. Chapter 2 has contact information.
☐ If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
□You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
☐ You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.
When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
□ We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor. *Deadlines for a fast appeal*

□For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer
sooner if your health requires us to.
 However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
□ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
□ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.
Deadlines for a standard appeal
□ For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
O However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
olf you believe we should <i>not</i> take extra days, you can file a <i>fast complaint</i> . When you file a <i>fast complaint</i> , we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
o If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
□ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
□ If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.
Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done
Legal Term
The formal name for the <i>independent review organization</i> is the Independent Review Entity . It is sometimes called the IRE .
The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare . It is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.
Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.
□We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file . You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file . We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
☐ You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
□ Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

70	2025 Evidence of Coverage for Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
	For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
	However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days . The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
If you	u had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2.
	For the <i>standard appeal</i> if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
	However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days . The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
<u>Step</u>	2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.
The i	ndependent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.
	If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
	If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 24 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
	If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called <i>upholding the decision</i> or <i>turning down your appeal.</i>) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter: © Explaining its decision.
	 Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process. Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.
	O relining you now to life a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

□ There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.

□ The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

	If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven' paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
	□ If we say no to your request: If the medical care is <i>not</i> covered, or you did <i>not</i> follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.
	ou do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you can make an appeal . If you make an appeal, it means you are asking to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment
	make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement
ple	ease note:
	□We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
	☐ If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.
SE	ECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon
	nen you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose d treat your illness or injury.
	uring your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will ave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.
	☐The day you leave the hospital is called your discharge date .
	□When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
	□ If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.
Ş	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights
Me ho	thin two calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called <i>An Important Message from</i> edicare about Your Rights. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the spital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service or 800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
	Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about:
	□Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
	□Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
	□Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
	□Your right to request an immediate review of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.
2.	You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.
	□You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
	☐ Signing the notice shows <i>only</i> that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice does <i>not</i> mean you are agreeing on a discharge date.

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
☐ If you sign the notice more than two calendar days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
□To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices .
Section 6.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date
If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.
□Follow the process.
□ Meet the deadlines.
□ Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.
During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.
□ The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.
Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.
How can you contact this organization?
☐ The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.
Act quickly:
□To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization <i>before</i> you leave the hospital and no later than midnight the day of your discharge.
 If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to ge the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
• If you do not meet this deadline, contact us. If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
□ Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a Detailed Notice of Discharge . This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
□ You can get a sample of the Detailed Notice of Discharge by calling Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeappealNotices .
Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.
☐ Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the <i>reviewers</i>) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
☐ The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.

| 2025 Evidence of Coverage for Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO)

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

☐ By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its
answer to your appeal.
What happens if the answer is yes?
□ If the review organization says <i>yes</i> , we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
□You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.
What happens if the answer is no?
□ If the review organization says <i>no</i> , they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day <i>after</i> the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
□ If the review organization says <i>no</i> to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.
□ If the Quality Improvement Organization has said no to your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.
Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date
During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.
Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review
□You must ask for this review within 60 calendar days after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said <i>no</i> to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.
Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation
Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.
If the review organization says yes:
□ We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
\square You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.
If the review organization says no:
□ It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called <i>upholding the decision</i> .
□The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.
Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3

2025 Evidence of Coverage for Cigna Courage Medicare (HMO) Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
 □ There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision. □ The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.
How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon
Section 7.1 This section is <u>only</u> about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
When you are getting covered home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility), you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care. If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.
Section 7.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending
Legal Term
Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a fast-track appeal. Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. 1. You receive a notice in writing at least two calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 □ The date when we will stop covering the care for you. □ How to request a <i>fast-track appeal</i> to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time. 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. □ Signing the notice shows <i>only</i> that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does not mean you agree with the plan's decision to stop care.
Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
f you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are. Follow the process. Meet the deadlines. Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service. Or call your
SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.
During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care s medically appropriate.
□ The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.
Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You

How can you contact this organization?

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

□The written notice you received (Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2)
Act quickly.
☐ You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
□If you miss the deadline, and you wish to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact your Quality Improvement Organization.
If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.
Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.
Legal Term
Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.
What happens during this review?
☐ Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the <i>reviewers</i>) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
☐ The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
□By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.
Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you their decision.
What happens if the reviewers say yes?
□If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
□You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.
What happens if the reviewers say no?
\Box If the reviewers say <i>no</i> , then your coverage will end on the date we have told you .
□ If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services <i>after</i> this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.
Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.
□ If reviewers say <i>no</i> to your Level 1 appeal — <u>and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended — then you can make a Level 2 appeal.</u>
Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services <i>after</i> the date when we said your coverage would end.
Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.
□You must ask for this review within 60 calendar days after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said <i>no</i> to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the

care ended.

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.
□ Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
<u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you thei decision.
What happens if the review organization says yes?
■We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
☐ You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.
What happens if the review organization says no?
☐ It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 appeal.
☐ The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.
□ There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, (for a total of five levels of appeal) If you want to go on to a Level appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
□ The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.
SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond
Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests
This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.
If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written responsiyou receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.
For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will Level 3 appeal review your appeal and give you an answer.

- □ If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - olf we decide not to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - olf we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- □ If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may* not be over.
 - olf you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - olf you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Chapte	er 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)		
	Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is ederal government.		
process may or may not be	he Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals e over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is cide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.		
 If we decide not to appear after receiving the Council 	al the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days cil's decision.		
olf we decide to appeal the	e decision, we will let you know in writing.		
\square If the answer is no or if the	Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.		
,	is decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.		
Council says no to your a	o If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.		
Level 5 appeal A judge at the	_evel 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.		
□ A judge will review all of the appeal levels after the Feder	information and decided <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more ral District Court.		
MAKING COMPLAINTS			
SECTION 9 How to make	a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns		
Section 9.1 What kinds	of problems are handled by the complaint process?		
	d for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, e examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.		
Complaint	Example		
Quality of your medical care	☐ Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?		
Respecting your privacy	□Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?		
Disrespect, poor customer serv			
other negative behaviors	□Are you unhappy with our Customer Service?		
	□Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?		
Waiting times	□Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?		
	□ Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or		

by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan?

□ Did we fail to give you a required notice?

□ Is our written information hard to understand?

office?

Cleanliness

Information you get from us

o Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room.

□ Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's

Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Complaint	Example	
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that ware not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples. You have asked for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, and we have so no; you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appendiction you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services that were approved; you can make a complaint you believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to	said eals; or olaint.
Section 0.2 How to make a com-	independent review organization; you can make a complaint.	
Section 9.2 How to make a com	ipiaint	
	Legal Terms	
, ·		
Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Makii	ng a complaint	
know. □ If you do not wish to call (or you ous. If you put your complaint in writing)	e is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and sending, we will respond to your complaint in writing.	•
	□ Submit your written complaint to the following address: Cigna Healthcare, Attn: Medicare Grievance Dept., P.O. Box 188080, Chattanooga, TN 37422 or you may email your grievance to: Member.Grievances@cigna.com	
For standard grievances received in	For standard grievances received in writing, we will respond to you in writing within 30 calendar days of receipt of your written grievance. For expedited grievances, we must decide and notify you within 24 hours (see "fast complaint" below).	
• .	t is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain abou	ut.
Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer. □If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.		the
	thin 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your days, we will tell you in writing.	
	cause we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we plaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24	
□ If we do not agree with some or all we will include our in our response to	of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining alo you.	bout,

Section 9.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options.

□You can m	ake your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization. The Quality Improvement
Organizatio	n is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and
improve the	care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.
	Or
□You can m	ake your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.
Section 9.5	You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8:

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1	Introduction to ending your membership in our plan
Ending your men	nbership in our plan may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice):
□You might l	eave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave.
○ Sections	s 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
	also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when and your membership.
If you are leaving your membership	our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until ends.
SECTION 2	When can you end your membership in our plan?
Section 2.1	You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period
	r membership in our plan during the Annual Enrollment Period (also known as the <i>Annual Open Enrollment</i> nis time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.
	al Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
	keep your current coverage or make changes for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan cose any of the following types of plans.
Another	Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage,
○ Original	Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
o <i>—or</i> — (Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
☐Your mem	bership will end in our plan when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.
Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period
You have the opposeriod.	portunity to make one change to your health coverage during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment
	I Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare as who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd ntitlement.
□ During the	annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period you can:
Switch t	o another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
	Il from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare his period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
your reques	bership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get st to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your p in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.
Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period
In certain situatio	ns, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a ent Period .
you. These are ju	ible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period If any of the following situations apply to examples; for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website
(www.medicare.g	 ,
•	nen you have moved. Medicaid
☐ If you have	
□II we violate	e our contract with you.

82 2025 Evidence of Coverage for Cigna Courage Chapter 8. Ending your membership in the courage for Cigna Courage for	,
hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-48 situation, you can choose to change both your Medical Another Medicare health plan with or without properties of the original Medicare with a separate Medicare presented on the original Medicare without a separate without a sep	e for the Elderly (PACE). uation. ment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 66-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special care health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose: rescription drug coverage. escription drug plan.
Section 2.4 Where can you get more info	rmation about when you can end your membership?
If you have any questions about ending your member □ Call Customer Service. □ You can find the information in the Medicare & □ Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800 SECTION 3 How do you end your members	You 2025 handbook. 0-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
The table below shows how you should end your me	mbership in our plan.
If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
□ Another Medicare health plan.	□ Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.□ You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
☐ Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	□Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
□ Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	□ Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this. □ You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. □ You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original
	Medicare begins. overage (e.g., standalone PDP) and disenroll from that coverage, you may bin a Medicare drug plan later after going without creditable prescription drug
	ou must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan
services through our plan. Continue to use our network providers to receive If you are hospitalized on the day that your plans.	coverage goes begins, you must continue to get your medical items and we medical care. membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our e discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Cigna Healthcare must end your membership in the plan in certain situations Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan? Cigna Healthcare must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen: ☐ If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B. ☐ If you move out of our service area. ☐ If you are away from our service area for more than six months. olf you move or take a long trip, call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. ☐ If you become incarcerated (go to prison). □ If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States. □ If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.) □ If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.) □ If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

olf we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, call Customer Service.

Section 5.2 We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Cigna Healthcare is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 9:

Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Cigna Healthcare, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Notice about subrogation and third party recovery

If we make any payment to you or on your behalf for Covered Services (see Chapter 10 for definition), we are permitted to be fully subrogated (a legal principle that allows the plan to be reimbursed for certain payments we have made on your behalf, in certain circumstances) to any and all rights you have against any person, entity or insurer that may be responsible for payment of medical expenses and/or benefits related to your injury, illness or condition. We are given the same rights of subrogation and recovery that are available to the Medicare Program under the Medicare Secondary Payer rules. We may use whatever rights of recovery are available to the Medicare program under 42 U.S.C. § 1395mm(e)(4), 42 U.S.C. §1395w-22(a)(4), 42 C.F.R. Part 411, and 42 C.F.R. Part 422.

Once we have made a payment for Covered Services, we will have a lien on the proceeds of any judgment, settlement, or other award or recovery you may receive or be entitled to receive, including but not limited to the following:

- 1. Any award, settlement, benefits or other amounts paid under any workers' compensation law or award;
- 2. Any and all payments made directly by or on behalf of a third party tortfeasor or person, entity or insurer responsible for indemnifying the third party tortfeasor;
- 3. Any arbitration awards, payments, settlements, structured settlements, or other benefits or amounts paid under an uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage policy; or any other payments designated, earmarked, or otherwise intended to be paid to you as compensation, restitution, or remuneration for your injury, illness, or condition suffered as a result of the negligence or liability of a third party.

You agree to cooperate with us and any of our designated representatives and to take any actions or steps necessary to secure our lien/interests, including but not limited to:

- 1. Fully responding to requests for information about any accidents or injuries;
- 2. Fully responding to our requests for information and providing any relevant information that we have requested; and

Chapter 9. Legal notices

3. Fully participating in all phases of any legal action we may need to protect our rights, including but not limited to participating in discovery, attending depositions, and appearing and testifying at trial.

In addition, you agree not to do anything to affect our rights, including but not limited to assigning any rights or causes of action that you may have against any person or entity relating to your injury, illness, or condition without our prior authorized written consent. Your failure to cooperate shall be deemed a violation or breach of your obligations, and we may seek any available legal action against you to protect our rights.

We are also entitled to be fully reimbursed for any and all benefit payments we make to you or on your behalf that are the responsibility of any person, organization, or insurer. Our right of reimbursement is separate and apart from our subrogation right, and is limited only by the amount of actual benefits paid under the Plan. You must immediately pay to us any amounts you get by judgment, settlement, award, recovery or otherwise from any third party or his or her insurer, to the extent that we paid out or provided benefits for your injury, illness, or condition during your enrollment in this Plan.

Our subrogation and reimbursement rights shall have first priority, to be paid before any of your other claims are paid. Our subrogation and reimbursement rights will not be affected, reduced, impacted or eliminated by the "made whole" doctrine or any other doctrine that may apply.

We are not required to pursue subrogation or reimbursement either for our benefit or on your behalf. Our rights under this *Evidence of Coverage* shall not be affected, reduced, or eliminated by our failure to intervene in any legal action you seek relating to your injury, illness, or condition.

If you disagree with any decision or action we take in connection with the subrogation and third party recovery provisions outlined above, you must follow the procedures explained in Chapter 7 of this document: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).

SECTION 5 Report Fraud, Waste and Abuse

Health care fraud is a violation of federal and/or state law. If you know of or suspect health insurance fraud, please report it by calling our Compliance and Ethics Hotline at 1-800-472-8348. You are not required to identify yourself when you report the information. The hotline is anonymous.

CHAPTER 10:

Definitions of important words

Chapter 10. Definitions of important words

Chapter 10. Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to *balance bill* or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically-linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4 (a)(1)(iv).

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services after you pay any deductibles.

Complaint – The formal name for *making a complaint* is *filing a grievance*. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include: walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Extra Help – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides a special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services, as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*.

Independent Physician Association (IPA) – An IPA is a group of primary care and specialty care physicians who work together in coordinating your medical needs. See Chapter 1, Section 6 for more information about Independent Physician Associations (IPA).

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) - See "Extra Help."

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medical Group – An association of primary care physicians (PCPs), specialists and/or ancillary providers (such as therapists and radiologists) that the plan contracts with to provide care as one unit. Medical groups can be a single specialty (e.g., all PCPs) or multispecialty (e.g., PCPs and specialists). See Chapter 1, Section 6 for information about Medical Groups.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain

Chapter 10. Definitions of important words

disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage. Our plan does not offer Medicare prescription drug coverage.

Medicare Cost Plan – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill gaps in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network Provider – **Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called *plan providers*.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Physician (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care physician before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy. **Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contract. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

Multi-language Interpreter Services



English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-800-668-3813. Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-800-668-3813. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何 疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-800-668-3813。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助 您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 1-800-668-3813。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagapagsaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-800-668-3813. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-800-668-3813. Un interlocuteur parlant français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-800-668-3813 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihre Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-800-668-3813. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-800-668-3813번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

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Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-800-668-3813. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة على أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على الرقم 3813-668-800-1، وسيقوم شخص يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه الخدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारी स्वास्थ्य या दवा योजना से संबंधित आपके किसी भी प्रश्न का जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ़्त दुभाषिया सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं। दुभाषिया सेवाएँ प्राप्त करने के लिए हमें 1-800-668-3813 पर फ़ोन करें। हिन्दी बोलने वाला कोई भी व्यक्ति आपकी मदद कर सकता है। यह एक मुफ़्त सेवा है।

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-800-668-3813. Un nostro incaricato che parla italiano Le l'assistenza necessaria. Il servizio è gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que possa ter acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-800-668-3813. Irá encontrar alguém que fale português para o(a) ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal medikaman nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-800-668-3813. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-800-668-3813. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康保険と薬品プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-800-668-3813 にお電話ください。日本語を話す者が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

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Cigna Healthcare Customer Service

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-668-3813
	Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
	Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 – March 31, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
WRITE	Cigna, Attn: Member Services, P.O. Box 2888, Houston, TX 77252
WEBSITE	www.cignamedicare.com

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-877-801-0044
WRITE	Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability, 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor, Nashville, TN 37243-0860
WEBSITE	https://www.tn.gov/disability-and-aging/disability-aging-programs/tn-ship.html

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