



January 1 – December 31, 2025

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card for additional information. (TTY users should call [711](tel:711).) Hours are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. This call is free.

This plan, Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), is offered by AETNA BETTER HEALTH OF CALIFORNIA INC. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means AETNA BETTER HEALTH OF CALIFORNIA INC. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS).)

This document is available for free in Spanish. Este documento está disponible sin cargo en español. This document is available in other formats such as braille, large print or other alternate formats upon request.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2026.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

The Aetna Medicare pharmacy network includes limited lower cost, preferred pharmacies in Suburban Arizona, Rural California, Urban Kansas, Rural Michigan, Urban Michigan, Urban Missouri, Rural North Dakota, and Suburban West Virginia. The lower costs advertised in our plan materials for these pharmacies may not be available at the pharmacy you use. For up-to-date information about our network pharmacies, including whether there are any lower-cost preferred pharmacies in your area, members please call the number on your member ID card, non-members please call 1-833-859-6031 (TTY: [711](tel:711)) or consult the online *Pharmacy Directory* at [AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy).

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Participating health care providers are independent contractors and are neither agents nor employees of Aetna. The availability of any particular provider cannot be guaranteed, and provider network composition is subject to change.

2025 Evidence of Coverage

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CHAPTER 1:
Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), which is a Medicare HMO Point-of-Service Plan

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS). We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) with a Point-of-Service (POS) option approved by Medicare and run by a private company. “Point-of-Service” means you can use providers outside the plan’s network for an additional cost. (See Chapter 3, Section 2.4 for information about using the Point-of-Service option.)

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care and prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS).

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned, or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) between January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) after December 31, 2025. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2025.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS)

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in **California**: Kern, Riverside, San Bernardino.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*

The *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* lists our current network providers, durable medical equipment suppliers, and network pharmacies.

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. Our plan has a network of select providers to provide you with patient-centered care, coordinated services and enhanced provider communication. To locate a network provider you may contact Member Services or search the online provider directory. The PCP and/or Medical Group that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use. This means you may be limited to providers within your Primary Care Provider's (PCP's) and/or Medical Group's network. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

Our plan is a Medicare Advantage Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) with a Point-of-Service option (POS), which means you may also elect to receive some covered services from out-of-network providers. As a member of this plan, you have the option to use out-of-network providers for non-Medicare covered routine dental services. See Chapter 3 (Using the plan's coverage for your medical services) for more specific information about the Point-of-Service (POS) option.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider.

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy that you want to

use. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network.

The *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* will also tell you which of the pharmacies in our network have preferred cost sharing, which may be lower than the standard cost sharing offered by other network pharmacies for some drugs.

The most recent list of pharmacies is available on our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetna.com/medicare/findpharmacy).

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hard copy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy *Provider & Pharmacy Directories* will be mailed to you within three business days.

Section 3.3 The plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS). The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website ([AetnaMedicare.com/formulary](https://www.aetna.com/medicare/formulary)) or call Member Services.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS)

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section 4.5)

In some situations, your plan premium could be less

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about this program. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are *already enrolled* and getting help from one of these programs, **the information about premiums in this Evidence of Coverage may not apply to you**. We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the Low Income Subsidy Rider or the LIS Rider), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services and ask for the LIS Rider.

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2025* handbook, the section called *2025 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a

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day, 7 days a week. TTY users call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).

Section 4.1 Plan Premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly premium. For 2025, the monthly premium for Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) is **\$0.50**.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A, which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D **late enrollment penalty**. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly or quarterly premium. When you first enroll in Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), we will let you know the amount of the penalty.

You **will not** have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.
- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer or union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA). Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
 - **Note:** Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
 - **Note:** The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, the plan will count the number of full months that you did not have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2025, this average premium amount is \$36.78

- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.15. This rounds to \$5.20. This amount would be added **to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.**

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year**, because the average monthly premium can change each year.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- Third, if you are under 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty.

Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from two years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY [1-800-325-0778](tel:1-800-325-0778)).

Section 4.5 Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, each month you'll pay your plan premium (if you have one) and you'll get a bill from your health or drug plan for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in Chapter 9 to make a complaint or appeal.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1	There are several ways you can pay your plan premium
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There are five ways you can pay your plan premium.

Option 1: Paying by check

If you did not select a payment option on our enrollment application at the time you enrolled in our plan, we will automatically set you up on the **invoice method** so that you can make your payments by check. You may decide to pay your monthly plan premium to us by check using our invoice method. Please make your checks payable to our plan (which is indicated on your invoice) not to CMS nor HHS. Monthly plan premium payments are due the 1st day of each month for coverage of the current month. We must receive your check and corresponding month's invoice slip in our office by the 10th of each month to prevent your account from becoming delinquent. All monthly plan premium payments should be sent to the address listed on your payment invoice.

You will receive your first invoice within 45 days of your coverage effective date. You will then receive it every month going forward if a balance is owed. Be sure to include your invoice slip with your check to ensure the appropriate credit is applied to your account. In the event that you need a replacement invoice or you wish to change your payment method, please call Member Services for assistance.

Option 2: Paying at a CVS Pharmacy

If a barcode is printed on your invoice, you may pay your monthly plan premium at any retail CVS location (excluding CVS pharmacies in Target and Schnucks stores). You can do this by taking your invoice and having it rung up at the register like any prescription or item you are purchasing. The CVS associate will ask you how much you would like to pay toward your premium and you will need to confirm the amount on the credit/debit card machine. You will then be able to pay the premium along with any other items you are purchasing with cash or credit/debit cards.

You do not need to fill a prescription or use CVS Pharmacies for any of your prescriptions in order to take advantage of this payment method. You do not need to sign up for any CVS loyalty programs to use this payment method. A unique barcode is assigned to each member so you may not use another person's invoice to pay your bill. This payment method is only available to members with a barcode printed on their monthly invoice. If you have any questions about this payment method, please contact Member Services and not CVS associates.

Option 3: Paying by automatic withdrawal

You may decide to pay your monthly plan premium by an automatic payment from your checking/savings account or credit/debit card by the Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) option.

- To enroll in this program online, go to [AetnaMedicare.com/PayBill](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/PayBill). Select the following deduction options: "on due date" and "amount due".
- Alternatively, you may contact Member Services or complete and return the authorization form located on your premium invoice. Your plan premium will be automatically deducted from your bank account between the 10th and the 15th of each month unless it is a weekend or bank holiday, then the deduction will occur the next business day. By selecting this payment option, you will no longer receive an invoice.

Option 4: Using your credit/debit card or via e-check

You may pay your plan premium each month by using your credit/debit card or checking account. Please remember all premiums are due on the first of the month.

- Pay each month or set up a recurring payment selecting your choice of withdrawal date and amount online at [AetnaMedicare.com/PayBill](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/PayBill).
- You may also call Member Services to make a payment over the phone. You will continue to receive an invoice if you set up this payment option.

Option 5: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

Changing the way you pay your plan premium.

If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, please contact Member Services.

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

If you are having trouble paying your plan premium on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

Section 5.2	Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?
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No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases the part of the premium that you have to pay can change during the year. This happens if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year. If a member qualifies for "Extra Help" with their prescription drug costs, the "Extra Help" program will pay part of the member's monthly plan premium. A member who loses their eligibility during the year will need to start paying their full monthly premium. You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider/Medical Group/IPA. A Medical Group is a group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of our plan. An IPA, or Independent Practice Association, is an independent group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of our plan. This means that the PCP and/or Medical Group/IPA that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident

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- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study. (**Note:** you are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits

- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2: *Important phone numbers and resources*

SECTION 1 Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)**How to contact our plan's Member Services**

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Precertification Unit PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-414-2386 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-800-408-2386
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Coverage Determinations PO Box 7773 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4953 Expedited appeals: 1-724-741-4958
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Part C Appeals PO Box 14067 Lexington, KY 40512
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-241-0357 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4954
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Part D Appeals PO Box 14579 Lexington, KY 40512
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4956
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Grievances PO Box 14834 Lexington, KY 40512
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx .

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4956
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Grievances PO Box 14834 Lexington, KY 40512
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx .

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests for Medical Coverage – Contact Information
FAX	1-866-474-4040
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 981106 El Paso, TX 79998-1106
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

Method	Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
WRITE	Aetna Pharmacy Management PO Box 52446 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
WEBSITE	<p>www.Medicare.gov</p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information. <li>• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans. <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program. <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</p>

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. Refer to **Appendix A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information of the State Health Insurance Assistance Program in your state.

SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES

- Visit www.shiphelp.org (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. Refer to **Appendix A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information of the Quality Improvement Organization in your state.

The Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The Quality Improvement Organization is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency. Refer to **Appendix A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information for the Medicaid agency in your state.

SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website (www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program

Medicare provides “Extra Help” to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan’s monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This “Extra Help” also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for “Extra Help” Medicare will mail you a letter. You will not have to apply. If you do not automatically qualify you may be able to get “Extra Help” to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting “Extra Help,” call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am and 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call [1-800-325-0778](tel:1-800-325-0778); or
- Your State Medicaid Office. (See **Appendix A** at the back of this document for contact information.)

If you believe you have qualified for “Extra Help” and you believe that you are paying an incorrect

cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- **Note:** You can send your evidence documentation to us using any of the following contact methods:

Method	Best Available Evidence – Contact Information
WRITE	Best Available Evidence PO Box 7782 London, KY 40742
FAX	1-888-665-6296
EMAIL	BAE/LISmailbox@aetna.com

- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment, or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have questions.

What if you have "Extra Help" and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the ADAP in your state (telephone numbers are in **Appendix A** at the back of this document).

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call your state ADAP contact. (Refer to **Appendix A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information of the ADAP in your state).

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it can help you manage your drug costs by spreading them across **monthly payments that vary throughout the year** (January – December). **This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs.** "Extra Help" from Medicare and help from your ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. All members are eligible to participate in this payment option, regardless of income level, and all Medicare drug plans and Medicare health plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. Contact us or visit [Medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov) to find out if this payment option is right for you.

Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 7 Pittsburgh, PA 15230
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press “0”, you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

SECTION 9 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

CHAPTER 3:
Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, equipment, and Prescription Drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
 - In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a "referral." For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
 - Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).
- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 of this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. *Here are four exceptions:*
 - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.

- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. You should get prior authorization from the plan prior to seeking care. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network, the cost sharing for dialysis may be higher.
- Because our plan has a Point-of-Service (POS) option, care you receive for certain services from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) may be covered. As a member of this plan, you have the option to use out-of-network providers for non-Medicare covered routine dental services.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1	You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care
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What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

As a member of our plan, you **must have a network PCP on file** with us. It is very important that you choose a network PCP and tell us who you have chosen. Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers. Your PCP (or PCP office) will appear on your member ID card. If your member ID card does not show a PCP (or PCP office), or the PCP on your card is not the one you want to use, please contact us immediately. If you use a PCP whose name (or office name) is not printed on your member ID card, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied. The PCP and/or Medical Group that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use.

Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as a PCP:

- General Practitioner
- Internist
- Family Practitioner
- Geriatrician
- Physician Assistants (Not available in all states)
- Nurse Practitioners (Not available in all states)

Please refer to your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* or go to our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider) for a complete listing of PCPs in your area.

What is the role of a PCP in coordinating covered services?

Your PCP will provide most of your care, and when you need more specialized services, they will coordinate your care with other providers. They will help you find a specialist and will arrange for covered services you get as a member of our plan. Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

Chapter 3. Using the plan for your medical services

- X-rays
- Laboratory tests
- Therapies
- Care from doctors who are specialists
- Hospital admissions

“Coordinating” your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate most of your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP’s office.

What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization (PA), if applicable?

In some cases, your PCP or other provider or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider, or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in Chapter 4.

How do you choose your PCP?

You can select your PCP by using the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*, by accessing our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetna.com/medicare/find-provider), or getting help from Member Services. If you have not selected a PCP, a PCP will be assigned to you. Your relationship with your PCP is an important one. That’s why we strongly recommend that you choose a PCP close to your home. Having your PCP nearby makes receiving medical care and developing a trusting and open relationship that much easier. You can change your PCP (as explained later in this section) for any reason, and at any time, by contacting Member Services.

It is important to schedule your initial health assessment appointment with your new PCP within 90 days of enrollment. This provides your PCP with a baseline of information for treating you. If there is a particular plan specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure that your PCP makes referrals to that specialist, or uses that hospital.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it’s possible that your PCP might leave our plan’s network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. Contact us immediately if your member ID card does not show the PCP you want to use. We will update your file and send you a new member ID card to reflect the change in PCP. Your selection of a PCP may result in being limited to specific specialists or hospitals to which that PCP refers. See Section 2.3 below for more information.

To change your PCP, call Member Services **before** you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Member Services if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and/or phone number of your new PCP.

Section 2.2	What kinds of medical care you can get without a referral from your PCP?
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You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women’s health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the

- breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Behavioral health services as long as you get them from network providers. To access behavioral health services, call the number on your member ID card.
 - Flu shots (or vaccines), COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.
 - Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
 - Urgently needed plan-covered services, which are services requiring immediate medical attention that are not emergencies, provided you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.
 - Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. If possible, please call Member Services before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.

Section 2.3	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?

Our plan has a network of select providers to provide you with patient-centered care, coordinated services and enhanced provider communication. To locate a network provider you may contact Member Services or search the online provider directory.

Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member. If you need certain types of covered services or supplies, your PCP must give approval in advance (such as giving you a referral to see a specialist). If you see a specialist without a referral, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied. For more details about which services require a referral from your PCP, please contact us.

Prior authorization process

In some cases, your PCP or other provider, or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan, may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests that you receive in-network (this is called getting "prior authorization"). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider, or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

Your selection of a PCP may result in being limited to specific specialists or hospitals to which that PCP refers.

If there are specific specialists you want to use, find out whether your PCP sends patients to these specialists. Each plan PCP has certain plan specialists they use for referrals. This means that the PCP you select may determine the specialists you may see. If you want to see a network specialist that the PCP does not normally refer to, you may ask them for a referral to a provider in our network but outside of their

sub-network. You may also change your PCP to one who refers to the network specialists you want to see.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 9.

Section 2.4	How to get care from out-of-network providers
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As a member of our plan, you must use network providers. If you receive unauthorized care from an out-of-network provider, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. *Here are four exceptions:*

- The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed care that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed care means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider and you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. You should get prior authorization from the plan prior to seeking care. Your PCP or other network provider will contact us to obtain authorization for you to see an out-of-network provider.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.
- Because our plan has a Point-of-Service (POS) option, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) for certain services may be covered. Please see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for the list of services that are covered under your POS option and the costs when you get services from out-of-network providers. As a member of this plan, you have the option to use out-of-network providers for non-Medicare covered routine dental services.

Out-of-network/non-contracted providers are under no obligation to treat our plan members, except in emergency situations. For a decision about whether we will cover an out-of-network service, we encourage you or your provider to ask us for a pre-service organization determination before you receive the service. Please call our Member Services number or see your Evidence of Coverage for more information, including the cost sharing that applies to out-of-network services.

Prior authorization is not required for covered services received out-of-network; however, if we later determine that the services you received were not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. You or your doctor may ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary by calling Member Services.

You should ask the out-of-network provider to bill us first. If you have already paid for the covered services or if the out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Member Services or send us the bill. See Chapter 7 for information on how to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1	Getting care if you have a medical emergency
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What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network. Our plan covers worldwide services outside the United States under the following circumstances:
 - Emergency care
 - Urgently needed care
 - Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility
 Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency care or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we may not be able to pay your claim.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Chapter 3. Using the plan for your medical services

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- – *or* – The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3.2	Getting care when you have an urgent need for services
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What are urgently needed services?

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

If you need to locate an urgent care facility, you can find an in-network urgent care center near you by using the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*, going to our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider), or getting help from Member Services.

Our plan covers worldwide services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- Emergency care
- Urgently needed care
- Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility

Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency care or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we

may not be able to pay your claim.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com) for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Any amounts you pay for services after a benefit limit has been reached do not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in the trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Section 5.2	When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?
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Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - – *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage has unlimited additional days (see *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4).

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Chapter 3. Using the plan for your medical services

Section 7.1	Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?
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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), we will transfer ownership of certain DME items. Call Member Services to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments you made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2	Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance
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What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:
*Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and
what you pay)*

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered by our plan. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2025 this amount is **\$299**.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your plan premiums and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of **\$299**, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.

- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, then you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- If you believe a provider has *balance billed* you, call Member Services.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1	Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan
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The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. Part D prescription drug coverage is covered in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan may not require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan's network. This is called giving you a referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked by a note in the Medical Benefits Chart.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2025* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should

call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).)

- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2025, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions


- If you are diagnosed by a plan provider with any of the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain medical criteria, you may be eligible for targeted supplemental benefits and/or reduced cost sharing:
 - Autoimmune disorders limited to:
 - Polyarteritis nodosa
 - Polymyalgia rheumatica
 - Polymyositis
 - Rheumatoid arthritis
 - Systemic lupus erythematosus
 - Cancer
 - Cardiovascular disorders limited to:
 - Cardiac arrhythmias
 - Coronary artery disease
 - Peripheral vascular disease
 - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
 - Chronic alcohol and other drug dependence
 - Chronic and disabling mental health conditions limited to:
 - Bipolar disorders
 - Major depressive disorders
 - Paranoid disorder
 - Schizophrenia
 - Schizoaffective disorder
 - Chronic heart failure
 - Chronic lung disorders limited to:
 - Asthma
 - Chronic bronchitis
 - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
 - Emphysema
 - Pulmonary fibrosis
 - Pulmonary hypertension
 - Dementia
 - Diabetes
 - End-stage liver disease
 - End-stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis
 - HIV/AIDS

- Hyperlipidemia
 - Hypertension
 - Neurologic disorders limited to:
 - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
 - Epilepsy
 - Extensive paralysis (i.e., hemiplegia, quadriplegia, paraplegia, monoplegia)
 - Huntington's disease
 - Multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Parkinson's disease
 - Polyneuropathy
 - Spinal stenosis
 - Stroke-related neurologic deficit
 - Severe hematologic disorders limited to:
 - Aplastic anemia
 - Hemophilia
 - Immune thrombocytopenic purpura
 - Myelodysplastic syndrome
 - Sickle-cell disease (excluding sickle-cell trait)
 - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
 - Stroke
- Please go to the *Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.
 - Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.


Important information regarding the services listed below in the Medical Benefits Chart:

If you receive services from:	If your plan services include:	You will pay:
<p>A primary care physician (PCP) or specialist and get more than one covered service during the single visit:</p> <p><i>A clinic visit cost share may apply based on the role of the attending physician (PCP or specialist).</i></p>	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinsurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.

If you receive services from:	If your plan services include:	You will pay:
<p>An outpatient facility and get more than one covered service during the single visit:</p>	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinsurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.




 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.




Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p> Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p>
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lasting 12 weeks or longer; • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); • not associated with surgery; and • not associated with pregnancy. <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> <p>Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered acupuncture visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each additional non-Medicare covered acupuncture visit.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</p> <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acupuncture services to treat conditions in addition to chronic lower back pain: unlimited visits every year <p>We have teamed up with American Specialty Health (ASH) to provide your acupuncture coverage. Covered services performed by a licensed acupuncturist include relief from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Musculoskeletal pain conditions • Nausea from pregnancy • Immediate post surgery pain • Chemotherapy <p>An in-network provider must determine medical necessity for covered services. To locate a network provider, you may contact Member Services at the phone number on your member ID card or visit our online directory at aet.na/search. If you choose to use a provider outside of the network, the services you receive will not be covered.</p> <p>Acupuncture services are not covered for the following: weight loss, sexual dysfunction, mental conditions such as depression, smoking cessation, drug and alcohol addiction, and any other conditions that do not meet coverage criteria.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for additional acupuncture services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	
<p>Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card</p> <p>You get an Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card to help pay for certain everyday expenses.</p> <p>On this card you get:</p> <p>A CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet with a quarterly benefit amount (allowance). See the CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet section in Chapter 4 for more details.</p> <p>Qualifying members may also be eligible for an additional</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card.</p>




Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card <i>(continued)</i> Wallet on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card. See the Special Supplemental Benefits Chart section in Chapter 4 for more details.</p> <p>Important:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card does not replace your member ID card. • You will receive a new card in the mail. It will include instructions on how to activate and use the card. • It is your responsibility to ensure that Aetna has the most up-to-date mailing address on file. Aetna is not responsible for misdirected, lost, or undelivered mail. • Aetna is not responsible for lost or stolen cards and any use associated with the card thereafter. If you need a replacement card, please call 1-844-428-8147 (TTY: 711) to request a new card. In the meantime, you can access certain benefits by visiting CVS.com/Aetna. • Aetna is not responsible for lost funds due to personal circumstances in which you cannot use your benefit amount (e.g., hospital stay, travel, etc.). • The card can only be used at in-network retailers that accept Visa®. • The card cannot be used to pay for prescription drugs or products such as alcohol, tobacco, cannabis, firearms, and gift cards. <p>For more information you can call 1-844-428-8147 (TTY: 711) 7 days a week, 8 AM - 8 PM local time excluding federal holidays or visit CVS.com/Aetna.</p>	
<p>Ambulance services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. • If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. <p>Prior authorization is required for non-emergency transportation by fixed-wing aircraft.</p>	<p>\$275 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via ground ambulance.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via air ambulance.</p> <p>Ground or air ambulance cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>
<p>Annual routine physical The annual routine physical is an extensive physical exam <i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for an annual routine physical exam.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Annual routine physical <i>(continued)</i> including a medical history collection and it may also include any of the following: vital signs, observation of general appearance, a head and neck exam, a heart and lung exam, an abdominal exam, a neurological exam, a dermatological exam, and an extremities exam.</p> <p>Coverage for this non-Medicare covered benefit is in addition to the Medicare-covered annual wellness visit and the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. You may schedule your annual routine physical once each calendar year.</p> <p>Preventive labs, screenings, and/or diagnostic tests received during this visit are subject to your lab and diagnostic test coverage. (See Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies for more information.)</p>	
<p> Annual wellness visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. Our plan will cover the annual wellness visit once each calendar year.</p> <p>Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>
<p> Bone mass measurement For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>
<p> Breast cancer screening (mammograms) Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • One screening mammogram each calendar year for women age 40 and older • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p>
<p>Cardiac rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Cardiac rehabilitation services <i>(continued)</i> members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	intensive cardiac rehabilitation service.
<p> Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.</p>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.
<p> Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
<p> Cervical and vaginal cancer screening Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months • If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
<p>Chiropractic services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional (non-Medicare covered) chiropractic services: unlimited visits every year <p>We have teamed up with American Specialty Health (ASH) to provide your chiropractic coverage. Covered services include, but are not limited to: evaluation and management, x-ray examination, chiropractic manipulative therapy, modalities and therapeutic procedures, and physical rehabilitation for musculoskeletal conditions of the spine and extremities.</p> <p>An in-network provider must determine medical necessity for covered services. To locate a network provider, you may contact Member Services at the phone number on your member ID card or visit our online directory at aetna.com/search. If you choose to use a provider outside of the network, the services you receive will not be covered.</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each additional non-Medicare covered chiropractic visit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Chiropractic services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider. *Amounts you pay for additional chiropractic services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	
<p> Colorectal cancer screening The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. • Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high-risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. • Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Twice per calendar year. • Screening Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test for patients 45 years and older. Twice per calendar year. • Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. • Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. • Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam. This is also known as a preventive colonoscopy.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered screening barium enema.</p> <p>Diagnostic colonoscopy: \$0 copay</p> <p>Please note: If a polyp is removed or a biopsy is performed during a Medicare-covered screening or diagnostic colonoscopy, the polyp removal and associated pathology will be covered at \$0 copay.</p>
<p>CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet You get a CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet with a \$120 quarterly benefit amount (allowance) on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card to pay for: <i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>CVS Over-the-Counter (OTC) Wallet <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approved over-the-counter (OTC) health and wellness products including allergy medicine, pain relievers, first aid supplies, and more. This benefit includes certain nicotine replacement therapies. • The allowance can only be used to purchase approved OTC products in-store at CVS® retail locations (excluding locations inside other stores) and online at CVS.com/Aetna or by phone at 1-844-428-8147 (TTY: 711). <p>Your quarterly benefit amount will be available on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card the first day of each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters begin in January, April, July, and October. Be sure to use the full benefit amount each quarter, because any unused benefit amount will not roll over into the next quarter nor will it roll over into the next plan year. There are no exceptions to request additional or unused funds to be added to your card.</p> <p>Important: For more information on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card, see the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card section in Chapter 4.</p>	
<p>Dental services</p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleanings, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.</p> <p>In addition, we cover the following non-Medicare covered benefits:</p> <p>Preventive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For a list of covered preventive services see the dental schedule beginning on page 86.</p> <p>Comprehensive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For a list of covered comprehensive services see the dental schedule beginning on page 86. You get an annual benefit amount (allowance) of \$2,000 for covered preventive dental services and comprehensive dental services combined. Covered services will be paid to the provider up to the annual benefit amount (allowance). If you exceed the benefit amount for covered services, you will be</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered dental service.</p> <p>Preventive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For details on cost-sharing for covered preventive services, see the dental schedule beginning on page 86.</p> <p>Comprehensive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For details on cost-sharing for covered comprehensive services, see the dental schedule beginning on page 86.</p> <p>What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network:</p> <p>Preventive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For details on cost-sharing for covered preventive services, see the dental schedule beginning on page 86.</p> <p>Comprehensive dental services (non-Medicare covered): For details on cost-sharing for covered comprehensive</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Dental services <i>(continued)</i> responsible for those costs and will not be reimbursed.</p> <p>This dental benefit offers both in-network and out-of-network dental coverage. Out-of-network dentists are not required to accept the plan’s payment as payment in full for covered services. Out-of-network claims are reimbursed up to the plan’s allowable amount for each covered service. That means your plan will pay its portion for covered services. If your out-of-network provider charges over the allowable amount for a covered service, you may receive a bill and you will be responsible for payment of that bill.</p> <p>When you see a provider in our dental network you may save on covered dental services. Dental services you receive from an out-of-network provider are subject to any in-network benefit maximums, limitations and/or exclusions that may apply.</p> <p>See dental schedule in the EOC for more details.</p> <p>To find a provider in the dental network, visit AetnaMedicare.com/H4982-022 or call Member Services. Please note: Your dental network is different than your medical network.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for preventive dental services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount. *Amounts you pay for comprehensive dental services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>services, see the dental schedule beginning on page 86.</p>
<p> Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>
<p> Diabetes screening We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>You may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). <i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>0% - 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered supply to monitor blood glucose.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We exclusively cover OneTouch/LifeScan blood glucose monitors and test strips as our preferred diabetic supplies. Non-LifeScan monitors, and test strips may be covered if medically necessary, such as large font or talking meters for the visually impaired. You or your provider can request a medical exception, as a prior authorization is required. Beginning January 2025, you must obtain your LifeScan blood glucose meter and other testing supplies (lancing devices, lancets and test strips) directly from a network pharmacy which requires a prescription from your provider. Per CMS, some diabetic supplies under our exclusive partnership with LifeScan are covered under your medical coverage and will have a \$0 copay. Other diabetic supplies are not available through LifeScan and are covered under your prescription drug coverages at cost-shares determined by the formulary tier they reside. LifeScan diabetic supplies covered under your medical coverage such as meters and test strips are available at network pharmacies for \$0 cost share. Diabetic supplies covered under your prescription drug coverage (alcohol swabs, lancets, 2x2 gauze, needles and syringes) can be found on your plan's formulary guide. Continuous glucose monitors (CGMs) are considered durable medical equipment (DME) and are subject to applicable DME cost sharing. <p>Prior authorization is required for more than one blood glucose monitor per year and/or test strips in excess of 100 strips per 30 days. Prior authorization may be required for</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0% coinsurance for OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices. 20% coinsurance for non-OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices (prior authorization may be required). <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetic shoes and inserts.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies <i>(continued)</i> diabetic shoes and inserts. Prior authorization is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>Continuous glucose monitors (CGMs) and supplies are available through participating DME providers. For a list of DME providers, visit www.aetna.com/dsepublicContent/assets/pdf/en/DME_National_Provider_Listing.pdf.</p> <p>Dexcom and FreeStyle Libre continuous glucose monitors and supplies are also available at participating pharmacies.</p> <p>Your provider must obtain authorization for a continuous glucose monitor. Sensors can be obtained without prior authorization from the plan.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special-order it for you. The most recent list of participating pharmacies and suppliers is available on our website at Aetnamedicare.com/dme. Your PCP and/or Medical Group may also refer you to additional DME suppliers in your service area.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>0% - 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment (DME) item.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0% coinsurance for continuous glucose monitors. • 20% coinsurance for all other Medicare-covered DME items.
<p>Emergency care Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require</p>	<p>\$140 copay for emergency care. Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$140 copay for emergency care worldwide (i.e., outside the United States). Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$275 copay for one-way emergency ambulance services worldwide (i.e.,</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Emergency care <i>(continued)</i> immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency care (worldwide) • Emergency ambulance services (worldwide) <p>You may have to pay the provider at the time of service and submit for reimbursement.</p>	<p>outside the United States). Cost sharing is not waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p>Fitness: Annual fitness membership You are covered for a basic membership to any SilverSneakers® participating fitness facility. If you do not reside near a participating facility, or prefer to exercise at home, online classes and at-home fitness kits are available. You may order one fitness kit per year through SilverSneakers.</p> <p>Included with your basic SilverSneakers membership, you will also have access to online enrichment classes to support your health and wellness, as well as your mental fitness. Health and wellness classes include, but are not limited to: cooking, food & nutrition, and mindfulness. Mental fitness classes include, but are not limited to: new skills, organization, self-help, and staying connected. These classes can be accessed online by visiting SilverSneakers.com.</p> <p>To get started, you will need your SilverSneakers ID number. Please visit SilverSneakers.com or call SilverSneakers at 1-855-627-3795 (TTY: 711) to obtain this ID number. Then, bring this ID number with you when you visit a participating fitness facility. Information about participating facilities can be found by using the SilverSneakers website or by calling SilverSneakers.</p> <p>Important: You get a basic membership at any participating SilverSneakers location. Facility amenities may vary by participating location including but not limited to hours, days and class types.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for basic health club membership/fitness classes at participating SilverSneakers locations.</p>
<p>Fitness: Direct member reimbursement (DMR) allowance</p>	<p>\$0 copay</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Fitness: Direct member reimbursement (DMR) allowance <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Fitness allowance: You also get a direct member reimbursement (DMR) allowance of \$300 each quarter. The reimbursement period starts the first day of each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters begin in January, April, July, and October. Any unused amount will not roll over into the following quarter.</p> <p>This benefit is set up as a direct member reimbursement (DMR). That means you pay up front for covered qualified fitness expenses and will be paid back up to the benefit amount each quarter.</p> <p>You can be reimbursed toward the below fitness expenses within these two categories:</p> <p>Exercise and strength training equipment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ab rollers to strengthen core muscles • Balance trainer ball, balance board • Exercise or resistance bands • Free weights, kettle bell, weighted cuff or wristband, dumbbell, medicine ball • Hand strengthener, grip strength trainer • All fitness trackers excluding golf trackers and smartwatches (e.g., Apple and Google watches) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ LIMIT OF ONE PER MEMBER, PER CALENDAR YEAR <p>Fitness fees, lessons, classes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional fitness fees at SilverSneakers locations (e.g., extended hours, upgraded memberships, pool access, key fobs for facility access, extra classes) • Fitness classes and membership fees at non-SilverSneakers locations including both boutique studios (e.g., Pure Barre, OrangeTheory) and traditional gyms, individual memberships only • Fitness activity fees at recreation and community centers • Martial arts (Tai Chi, Karate, Kung Fu, Judo, Taekwondo, Qigong) • Swim session fees <p>Items and services not listed above will not be reimbursable.</p> <p>Important: Benefit exclusions and limitations</p>	
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Fitness: Direct member reimbursement (DMR) allowance <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You cannot submit a receipt for reimbursement more than once for the same item or service. You cannot be reimbursed for second-hand items or items purchased from resellers (e.g., Facebook Marketplace, eBay or garage/yard sales). The item or service must be purchased in 2025 for use in 2025. Your detailed receipt must show the purchase was made within the plan year and clearly show the name of the retailer. You must submit a separate reimbursement form for each receipt. The item or service must be for personal use only. You will only be reimbursed for items and services up to the quarterly benefit amount listed above. You will be reimbursed for taxes and/or shipping/handling amounts, only if the amount is requested on the fitness reimbursement form and shown on an itemized receipt. You will only be reimbursed for one item in each category, for example, one (1) yoga mat within a year or one (1) fitness tracker within a plan year. Visit your plan web page at AetnaMedicare.com/H4982-022. There you can choose “Find a form” to get the fitness reimbursement form. You can also get other plan documents and helpful resources. <p>You will need to complete the fitness reimbursement form and provide a detailed receipt with proof of payment during the plan year. For purchases in the last quarter, your reimbursement form must be submitted by January 31, 2026.</p> <p>If you have any questions or need assistance with the reimbursement process, you can call the Member Services phone number listed on your Member ID card. Or see the <i>Payment Requests - Contact Information</i> section in Chapter 2 of the <i>Evidence of Coverage</i>.</p>	
<p> Health and wellness education programs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 24-Hour Nurse Line: You can talk to a registered nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week on the 24/7 Nurse Line. They can help with health-related questions when your doctor is not available. Call 1-855-493-7019 (TTY: 711). The registered nurse staff cannot diagnose, prescribe or give medical advice. If you need urgent or emergency care, call 911 and/or your doctor immediately. 	<p>\$0 copay for 24-Hour Nurse Line benefit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for health education.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Health and wellness education programs <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health education: You can meet with a certified health educator or other qualified health professional to learn about health and wellness topics like: diabetes management, nutrition counseling, asthma education, and more. You have the option to meet one-on-one, in a group, or virtually. Ask your provider for information on how these services may help you. 	
<p>Hearing services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine hearing exams: one exam every year • Hearing aid fitting/evaluation: one hearing aid fitting/evaluation every year • Hearing aids: You get an annual benefit amount (allowance) up to a maximum amount of \$1,250 per ear, every year. This benefit amount can only be used to purchase hearing aids through a NationsHearing network provider. If the cost is over the benefit amount, you pay the difference. <p>Routine hearing exam and hearing aids: We partner with NationsHearing to provide your hearing exam and hearing aids. You must see a provider in the NationsHearing network for your hearing exam and hearing aids to be covered. Your hearing aid benefit amount can only be used to purchase hearing aids through a NationsHearing network provider. The benefit amount is applied to the hearing aids at the time of purchase. If the cost is more than the benefit amount, you pay the difference. You can schedule your hearing exam or hearing aid appointment with a NationsHearing provider by calling 1-877-225-0137 (TTY: 711). Representatives are available 8:00 am to 8:00 pm local time, 7 days a week, with the exception of holidays.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for hearing aids do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered routine hearing exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered hearing aid fitting/evaluation.</p> <p>Hearing aids: \$0 copay per ear, per year (two hearing aids every year).</p>
<p> HIV screening For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>HIV screening (<i>continued</i>)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One screening exam every 12 months <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy 	
<p>Home health agency care</p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy Medical and social services Medical equipment and supplies <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered home health service.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment (DME) item.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0% coinsurance for continuous glucose monitors. 20% coinsurance for all other Medicare-covered DME items.
<p>Home infusion therapy</p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Prior to receiving home infusion services, they must be ordered by a doctor and included in your care plan.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit Remote monitoring Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier 	<p>You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care physician services, specialist physician services (including certified home infusion providers), or home health services depending on where you received administration or monitoring services. (See Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits or Home health agency care for any applicable cost sharing.)</p> <p>Please note that home infusion drugs, pumps, and devices provided during a home infusion therapy visit are covered separately under your Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and related supplies benefit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Hospice care You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs for symptom control and pain relief • Short-term respite care • Home care <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services • If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare) <p><u>For services that are covered by Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</u> <i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS).</p> <p>Hospice consultations are included as part of inpatient hospital care.</p> <p>Physician service cost sharing may apply for outpatient consultations.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Hospice care <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p><u>For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: If these drugs are unrelated to your terminal hospice condition, you pay cost sharing. If they are related to your terminal hospice condition, then you pay Original Medicare cost sharing.</u> Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (<i>What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?</i>).</p> <p>Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>	
<p> Immunizations</p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pneumonia vaccines • Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots (or vaccines) if medically necessary • Hepatitis B vaccines if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B • COVID-19 vaccines • Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules <p>We also cover most other adult vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.</p> <p>Refer to Chapter 6, Section 7 for additional information.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other vaccines covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost sharing shown is the maximum you will pay for Part B prescription drugs. You may pay less for certain drugs.
<p>Inpatient hospital care</p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>Days covered: There is no limit to the number of days covered by our plan.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay. Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Inpatient hospital care <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals including special diets • Regular nursing services • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) • Drugs and medications • Lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • Necessary surgical and medical supplies • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs • Operating and recovery room costs • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy • Inpatient substance use disorder services • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need from an in-network provider. All other components of blood are covered in-network beginning with the first pint used. • Physician services <p>Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet</p>	<p>Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Inpatient hospital care <i>(continued)</i> called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <p>Days covered: There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</p> <p>Please refer to the number on your member ID card for assistance with locating a participating provider.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay. Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p>
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay If you have exhausted your skilled nursing facility benefits, or if the skilled nursing facility or inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF).</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physician services • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services • Surgical dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses; and artificial 	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient’s physical condition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>x-ray.</p> <p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic device.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p>
<p> Medical nutrition therapy</p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>
<p> Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan.</p> <p>Covered drugs include:</p>	<p>\$35 copay for insulin. Insulin cost sharing is subject to a coinsurance cap of \$35 for one-month’s supply of insulin and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services • Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) • Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan • The Alzheimer's drug, Leqembi® (generic name lecanemab), which is administered intravenously. In addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment • Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia • Transplant/Immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Keep in mind, Medicare drug coverage (Part D) covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them • Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug • Some Antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision • Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug. As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does • Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug • Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it 	<p>chemotherapy drugs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost sharing shown is the maximum you will pay for Part B prescription drugs. You may pay less for certain drugs. <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost sharing shown is the maximum you will pay for Part B prescription drugs. You may pay less for certain drugs. <p>Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calcimimetic medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv®, and the oral medication Sensipar® • Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin, when medically necessary, and topical anesthetics • Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Retacrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, Darbepoetin Alfa, Mircera®, or Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta) • Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases • Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding) <p>The following link will take you to a list of Medicare Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: Aetna.com/PartB-Step We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and most adult vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.</p> <p>Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p> Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>
<p>Opioid treatment program services</p> <p>Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications • Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered opioid use disorder treatment service.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Opioid treatment program services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>applicable)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Substance use counseling • Individual and group therapy • Toxicology testing • Intake activities • Periodic assessments <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-rays • Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies • Surgical supplies, such as dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Laboratory tests • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need from an in-network provider. All other components of blood are covered in-network beginning with the first pint used. • Other outpatient diagnostic tests <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered and non-Medicare covered blood services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>An additional cost share may apply if you receive services from multiple providers.</p>
<p>Outpatient hospital observation</p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for outpatient hospital observation services.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Outpatient hospital observation <i>(continued)</i> and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p>Outpatient hospital services We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital • Medical supplies such as splints and casts • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have</i></p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>\$0 copay for outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered</p>



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Outpatient hospital services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>individual session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day or intensive outpatient visit.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>\$35 copay for insulin. Insulin cost sharing is subject to a coinsurance cap of \$35 for one-month's supply of insulin and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost sharing shown is the maximum you will pay for Part B prescription drugs. You may pay less for certain drugs. <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost sharing shown is the maximum you will pay for Part B prescription drugs. You may pay less for certain drugs.
<p>Outpatient mental health care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Outpatient mental health care <i>(continued)</i> or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p> <p>Please refer to the number on your member ID card for assistance with locating a participating provider.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient mental health services.</p>
<p>Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p>
<p>Outpatient substance use disorder services Our coverage is the same as Original Medicare's which is coverage for services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance use disorder or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services found only in the inpatient hospital setting. The coverage available for these services is subject to the same rules generally applicable to the coverage of outpatient hospital services.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessment, evaluation, and treatment for substance use-related disorders by a Medicare-eligible provider to quickly determine the severity of substance use and identify the appropriate level of treatment. • Brief interventions or advice focusing on increasing insight and awareness regarding substance use and motivation toward behavioral change. <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient substance use disorder services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient substance use disorder services.</p>
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an ambulatory</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>surgical center.</p>
<p>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services</p> <p><i>Partial hospitalization</i> is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><i>Intensive outpatient service</i> is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day or intensive outpatient visit.</p>
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location • Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist • Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment • Certain telehealth services, as long as your provider can offer these services via telehealth, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Primary care physician services ◦ Physician specialist services ◦ Diabetes self-management training services ◦ Kidney disease education services 	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including urgently needed services).</p> <p>Please Note: If you use a PCP (or PCP office) whose name is not printed on your Member ID card, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied. If you would like to change your PCP, contact Member Services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Mental health services (individual sessions) ◦ Mental health services (group sessions) ◦ Occupational therapy services ◦ Opioid treatment services ◦ Outpatient substance use disorder services (individual sessions) ◦ Outpatient substance use disorder services (group sessions) ◦ Physical and speech therapy services ◦ Psychiatric services (individual sessions) ◦ Psychiatric services (group sessions) ◦ Urgently needed services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This coverage is in addition to the telehealth services described below. For more details on your additional telehealth coverage, please review your Aetna Medicare Telehealth Coverage at AetnaMedicare.com/Telehealth <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Not all providers offer telehealth services. ◦ You should contact your doctor for information on what telehealth services they offer and how to schedule a telehealth visit. • Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home • Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location • Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location • Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit ◦ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services 	<p>Certain additional telehealth services, including those for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 copay for each primary care physician service • \$0 copay for each physician specialist service • \$0 copay for each diabetes self-management training service • 20% coinsurance for each kidney disease education service • \$0 copay for each individual session for mental health services • \$0 copay for each group session for mental health services • \$0 copay for each occupational therapy service • \$0 copay for each opioid treatment program service • \$0 copay for each individual session for outpatient substance use disorder services • \$0 copay for each group session for outpatient substance use disorder services • \$0 copay for each physical therapy and speech therapy service • \$0 copay for each individual session for psychiatric services • \$0 copay for each group session for psychiatric services • \$0 copay for each urgently needed service <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered dental service.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances • Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers • Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You're not a new patient and ◦ The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ◦ The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You're not a new patient and ◦ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ◦ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record • Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician) <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p>Podiatry services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) • Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs 	\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit.
<p> Prostate cancer screening exams For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months:</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Prostate cancer screening exams <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test 	<p>digital rectal exam.</p>
<p>Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices; as well as: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see Vision care later in this section for more detail.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic device.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p>
<p>Pulmonary rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service.</p>
<p> Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p>Eligible members are: people aged 50–77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive an order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive an order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	
<p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to two individual 20- to 30-minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>
<p>Services to treat kidney disease</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime • Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible) • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) • Home dialysis equipment and supplies • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) 	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered kidney disease education session.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered outpatient dialysis, self-dialysis training, certain home support services, and home dialysis equipment and supplies.</p> <p>\$0 per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay. Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new</p>
<p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part D.</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Services to treat kidney disease <i>(continued)</i> B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 12 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>Days covered: up to 100 days per benefit period. A prior hospital stay is not required. We will only cover your stay if you meet certain Medicare guidelines and your stay is medically necessary.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals, including special diets • Skilled nursing services • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need from an in-network provider. All other components of blood are covered in-network beginning with the first pint used. • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs • Physician/Practitioner services <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p>	<p>\$0 per day, days 1-20; \$50 per day, days 21-100 for each Medicare-covered SNF stay.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care). • A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital. <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	
<p> Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional (non-Medicare covered) individual and group face-to-face intermediate and intensive counseling sessions: unlimited visits every year 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each additional non-Medicare covered smoking and tobacco use cessation visit.</p>
<p>Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill</p> <p>You may be eligible for additional benefits. Please see the Special Supplemental Benefits Chart following the Medical Benefits Chart for information on benefits and eligibility requirements.</p>	<p>See the Special Supplemental Benefits Chart for information.</p>
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.</p> <p>The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered Supervised Exercise Therapy service.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician’s office • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	
<p>Transportation services (non-emergency)</p> <p>You get up to 12 one-way trips every year. There is a mileage limit of 80 miles for each one-way trip. This benefit is administered through Access2Care. Rides are provided to and from plan-approved locations including medical offices and urgent care centers.</p> <p>To schedule, change or cancel a ride, just give Access2Care a call at 1-855-814-1699 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday, 8 AM-8 PM. Rides should be scheduled at least two business days before your pickup time and can be changed or canceled up to 24 hours before your pickup time. A representative will schedule your ride through a transportation service (like a taxi or transport van) or rideshare service (like Uber or Lyft).</p> <p>Tip: Be sure to schedule a ride both to and from your destination. This will count as two one-way trips.</p> <p>Please keep in mind:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. You are responsible for being ready when the driver arrives. 2. Drivers are not responsible for assisting you from home door to vehicle, or from vehicle to location door. If assistance is needed, you can have an escort (family member or caregiver) ride with you. <p>*Amounts you pay for transportation services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each transportation service.</p>
<p>Urgently needed services</p> <p>A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or even</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered urgent care facility visit.</p> <p>(See Physician/Practitioner services,</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Urgently needed services (<i>continued</i>)</p> <p>if you are inside the service area of the plan, it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Your plan must cover urgently needed services and only charge you in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urgent care (worldwide) <p>You may have to pay the provider at the time of service and submit for reimbursement.</p>	<p>including doctor's office visits for information about urgently needed services provided in a physician's office.)</p> <p>\$140 copay for each urgent care visit worldwide (i.e., outside the United States). Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>
<p> Vision care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. • For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older. • For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year. • One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Medicare covered eye exams (refractions): one exam every year • Follow-up diabetic eye exam 	<p>\$0 copay for services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.</p> <p>\$0 copay for the initial diabetic eye exam each year.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each follow-up diabetic eye exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered eyewear.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered eye exam.</p> <p>Additional cost sharing may apply if you receive additional services during your visit.</p>
<p>Vision care — eyewear (non-Medicare covered)</p> <p>With this plan you get an eyewear benefit amount (allowance) up to \$350 every year for prescription eyewear including:</p> <p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	<p>You may be required to pay for services up front and submit for reimbursement.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Vision care — eyewear (non-Medicare covered) (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact lenses • Eyeglasses including lenses and frames • Eyeglass lenses • Eyeglass frames • Upgrades (including UV protection and scratch coating) <p>This benefit is set up as a direct member reimbursement (DMR). That means you can see any provider in the U.S. for your eyewear benefit. You pay up front for covered services and will be paid back up to the benefit amount.</p> <p>We have teamed up with EyeMed to provide this benefit. So, if you see an EyeMed provider, they may provide a discount and automatically apply your benefit amount and you won't have to submit for reimbursement.</p> <p>If you do not see an EyeMed provider, you will need to complete a reimbursement form and provide a detailed receipt with proof of payment. The form includes detailed instructions for submission and reimbursement. Visit your plan web page at AetnaMedicare.com/H4982-022. There you can choose "Get reimbursed online" to complete the form online or "Find a form" to download and print the form. You can also get other plan documents and helpful resources.</p> <p>If you have any questions or need assistance with the reimbursement process, you can call the Member Services phone number listed on your member ID card. Or see the Payment Request – Contact Information section in Chapter 2 of the Evidence of Coverage.</p> <p>To find an EyeMed provider, you can search online at AetnaMedicareVision.com or call Aetna vision customer service at 1-844-486-3485 (TTY: 711).</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for additional eyewear services do not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>Covered prescription eyewear:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact lenses: \$0 copay • Eyeglasses (lenses and frames): \$0 copay • Eyeglass lenses: \$0 copay • Eyeglass frames: \$0 copay • Upgrades (including UV protection and scratch coating): \$0 copay
<p> Welcome to Medicare preventive visit The plan covers the one-time Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots (or vaccines)), and referrals for other care if needed.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for a Medicare-covered EKG following the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>
<p><i>This benefit is continued on the next page.</i></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network
<p>Welcome to Medicare preventive visit <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Important: We cover the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>	
<p>Wigs</p> <p>You get a \$400 benefit amount (allowance) every year for covered wigs needed for hair loss due to chemotherapy. You can purchase wigs through a durable medical equipment (DME) supplier or a supplier of your choice. You are responsible for any costs over the benefit amount.</p> <p>To find a DME supplier you can call the phone number on your member ID card or visit our online directory at aet.na/search. If you choose to use a supplier that is not in the DME network, you will need to pay out-of-pocket and submit a claim for reimbursement along with the receipt. You will only be reimbursed up to the benefit amount. You can find the reimbursement form at AetnaMedicare.com/forms.</p>	\$0 copay for a wig.

Special Supplemental Benefits Chart

Our plan offers additional benefits to members with qualifying chronic conditions. The chart below describes eligibility criteria and the process for verifying eligibility.

Special Supplemental Benefits

Eligibility requirements:

If you are diagnosed with one or more of the chronic conditions listed below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for additional benefits under our plan. Enrollment in the plan does not guarantee eligibility. You will receive Special Supplemental Benefits after it is determined that you meet the eligibility requirements. However, you will not receive benefits for any time period before your eligibility was determined.

- Autoimmune disorders limited to:
 - Polyarteritis nodosa
 - Polymyalgia rheumatica
 - Polymyositis
 - Rheumatoid arthritis
 - Systemic lupus erythematosus
- Cancer
- Cardiovascular disorders limited to:
 - Cardiac arrhythmias
 - Coronary artery disease
 - Peripheral vascular disease
 - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
- Chronic alcohol and other drug dependence
- Chronic and disabling mental health conditions limited to:
 - Bipolar disorders
 - Major depressive disorders
 - Paranoid disorder
 - Schizophrenia
 - Schizoaffective disorder
- Chronic heart failure
- Chronic lung disorders limited to:
 - Asthma
 - Chronic bronchitis
 - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
 - Emphysema
 - Pulmonary fibrosis
 - Pulmonary hypertension
- Dementia
- Diabetes
- End-stage liver disease
- End-stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis
- HIV/AIDS
- Hyperlipidemia

Special Supplemental Benefits

- Hypertension
- Neurologic disorders limited to:
 - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
 - Epilepsy
 - Extensive paralysis (i.e., hemiplegia, quadriplegia, paraplegia, monoplegia)
 - Huntington's disease
 - Multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Parkinson's disease
 - Polyneuropathy
 - Spinal stenosis
 - Stroke-related neurologic deficit
- Severe hematologic disorders limited to:
 - Aplastic anemia
 - Hemophilia
 - Immune thrombocytopenic purpura
 - Myelodysplastic syndrome
 - Sickle-cell disease (excluding sickle-cell trait)
 - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
- Stroke

Self-attestation is only available for new Aetna members by following the process below. Returning member eligibility will be determined through medical claims review. Returning members cannot self-attest to a diagnosis for the chronic conditions listed.

Instructions for self-attestation

As a new member, you can self-attest to determine if you qualify for Special Supplemental Benefits by calling Member Services at the number on your member ID card.

Special Supplemental Benefits	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>Healthy Foods Wallet If you qualify, you get a Healthy Foods Wallet with a \$45 quarterly benefit amount (allowance) on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card to pay for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthy foods including meat, produce, dairy products, and more <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Approved healthy food can be purchased in-store at participating retail stores and online at CVS.com/Aetna or by phone at 1-844-428-8147 (TTY: 711). ◦ Examples of products that are not eligible include tobacco, alcohol, candy, soda, and non-food products. <p>Your eligibility for this wallet must be determined by the 15th day of the last month of the quarter, in order to receive the benefit amount for that quarter. If eligibility is determined after the 15th day of the last month of that quarter, the benefit amount will be available the following quarter. Going forward for each quarter you are eligible, the benefit amount will be available on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card the first day of each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters begin in January, April, July, and October.</p> <p>Be sure to use the full benefit amount each quarter, because any unused benefit amount will not roll over into the next quarter nor will it roll over into the next plan year. There are no exceptions to request additional or unused funds to be added to your card.</p> <p>Important: For more information on the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card, see the Aetna Medicare Extra Benefits Card section in Chapter 4.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Healthy Foods Wallet.</p>

The benefits mentioned are a part of special supplemental program for the chronically ill. Eligibility is determined by whether you have a chronic condition associated with this benefit. Standards may vary for each benefit. Conditions include Hypertension, Hyperlipidemia, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Disorders, Cancer. Other eligible conditions may apply. Contact us to confirm your eligibility for these benefits.

**2025 Choice EPO POS 100/80
Dental Schedule of Benefits**

Our plan offers supplemental dental benefits. This Schedule of Benefits describes your covered benefits and services. You are responsible for cost shares listed in the table below when you're treated by a dentist. If you get a service not listed in the table, you will have to pay the full cost. You can take this document to verify your coverage with your dentist. To locate a participating dentist, you can call Member Services or go online at [AetnaMedicare.com/dental](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/dental).

Codes not listed in the chart below are not covered by your plan.

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation - established patient	\$0	20%
D0140	Limited oral evaluation - problem focused	\$0	20%
D0145	Oral evaluation for patient under three years of age and counseling with primary care giver	\$0	20%
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation - new or established patient	\$0	20%
D0160	Detailed and extensive oral evaluation - problem focused, by report	\$0	20%
D0170	Re-evaluation - limited, problem focused (established patient, not post-operative visit)	\$0	20%
D0171	Re-evaluation – post- operative office visit	\$0	20%
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation - new or established patient	\$0	20%
D0190	Screening of a patient	\$0	20%
D0191	Assessment of a patient	\$0	20%
D0210	Intra-oral complete series of radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0220	Intraoral – periapical-first radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0230	Intraoral – periapical each additional radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0240	Intraoral-occlusal radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0250	extra-oral – 2D projection radiographic image created using a stationary radiation source, and detector	\$0	20%
D0251	extra-oral posterior dental radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0270	Bitewings-single radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0272	Bitewings-two radiographic images	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D0273	Bitewings-three radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0274	Bitewings-four radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0277	Vertical Bitewings – 7 to 8 radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0310	Sialography	\$0	20%
D0320	Temporomandibular arthrogram including injection	\$0	20%
D0321	Other TMJ radiographics images, by report	\$0	20%
D0322	Tomographic survey	\$0	20%
D0330	Panoramic radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0340	2D Cephalometric radiographic image - acquisition, measurement and analysis	\$0	20%
D0350	2D oral/facial photographic image obtained intra-orally or extra-orally	\$0	20%
D0364	Cone beam CT capture and interpretation with limited field of view less than one whole jaw	\$0	20%
D0365	Cone beam CT capture and interpretation with field of view of one full dental arch – mandible	\$0	20%
D0366	Cone beam CT capture and interpretation with field of view one full dental arch – maxilla with or without cranium	\$0	20%
D0367	Cone beam CT capture and interpretation with field of view of both jaws with or without cranium	\$0	20%
D0368	Cone beam CT capture and interpretation for TMJ series including two or more exposures	\$0	20%
D0369	Maxillofacial MRI capture and interpretation	\$0	20%
D0370	Maxillofacial ultrasound, capture and interpretation	\$0	20%
D0371	Sialoendoscopy –capture and interpretation	\$0	20%
D0372	Intraoral tomosynthesis – comprehensive series of radiographic images	\$0	20%
D0373	Intraoral tomosynthesis – bitewing radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0374	Intraoral tomosynthesis – periapical radiographic image	\$0	20%
D0380	Cone beam CT image capture with limited field of view – less than one whole jaw	\$0	20%
D0381	Cone beam CT image capture with field of view of one full dental arch – mandible	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D0382	Cone beam CT image capture with field of view one full dental arch – maxilla, with and without cranium	\$0	20%
D0383	Cone beam CT image capture with field of view of both jaws, with or without cranium	\$0	20%
D0384	Cone beam CT capture image for TMJ series including two or more exposures	\$0	20%
D0385	Maxillofacial MRI image capture	\$0	20%
D0386	Maxillofacial ultrasound image capture	\$0	20%
D0387	Intraoral tomosynthesis – comprehensive series of radiographic images – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0388	Intraoral tomosynthesis – bitewing radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0389	Intraoral tomosynthesis – periapical radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0391	Interpretation of diagnostic image by a practitioner not associated with capture of the image, including report	\$0	20%
D0393	Treatment simulation using 3-D image volume	\$0	20%
D0394	Digital subtraction of two or more images or image volumes of the same modality	\$0	20%
D0395	Fusion of two or more 3-D image volumes of the same modality	\$0	20%
D0396	3D Printing of a 3D surface scan	\$0	20%
D0411	HbA1c in-office point of service testing	\$0	20%
D0412	Blood glucose level test: in office using a glucose meter	\$0	20%
D0414	Laboratory processing of microbial specimen to include culture and sensitivity studies, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0	20%
D0415	Collection of microorganisms for culture and sensitivity	\$0	20%
D0416	Viral culture	\$0	20%
D0417	Collection and preparation of saliva sample for laboratory diagnostic testing	\$0	20%
D0418	Analysis of saliva sample	\$0	20%
D0419	assessment of salivary flow by measurement	\$0	20%
D0422	collection and preparation of genetic sample material for laboratory analysis and report	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D0423	Genetic test for susceptibility to diseases – specimen analysis	\$0	20%
D0425	Caries susceptibility tests	\$0	20%
D0431	Adjunctive pre-diagnostic test that aids in detection of mucosal abnormalities including premalignant, not to include cytology or biopsy procedures	\$0	20%
D0460	Pulp vitality tests	\$0	20%
D0470	Diagnostic casts	\$0	20%
D0472	Accession of tissue, gross examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0	20%
D0473	Accession of tissue, gross and microscopic examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0	20%
D0474	Accession of tissue, gross and microscopic examination including assessment of surgical	\$0	20%
D0475	Decalcification procedure	\$0	20%
D0476	Special stains for microorganisms	\$0	20%
D0477	Special stains, not for microorganisms	\$0	20%
D0478	Immunohistochemical stains	\$0	20%
D0479	Tissue in situ hybridization, including interpretation	\$0	20%
D0480	Accession of exfoliative cytologic smears, microscopic examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0	20%
D0481	Electron microscopy	\$0	20%
D0482	Direct immunofluorescence	\$0	20%
D0483	Indirect immunofluorescence	\$0	20%
D0484	Consultation on slides prepared elsewhere	\$0	20%
D0485	Consultation, including preparation of slides from biopsy material supplied by referring source	\$0	20%
D0486	Accession of transepithelial cytologic sample, microscopic examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0	20%
D0502	Other oral pathology procedures, by report	\$0	20%
D0600	Non-ionizing diagnostic procedure capable of quantifying, monitoring and recording changes in structure of enamel, dentin and cementum	\$0	20%
D0601	Caries risk assessment and documentation, with a finding of low risk	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D0602	Caries risk assessment and documentation, with a finding of moderate risk	\$0	20%
D0603	Caries risk assessment and documentation, with a finding of high risk	\$0	20%
D0604	Antigen testing for a public health related pathogen includes coronavirus	\$0	20%
D0605	Antibody testing for a public health related pathogen includes coronavirus	\$0	20%
D0701	panoramic radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0702	2-D cephalometric radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0703	2-D oral/facial photographic image obtained intra-orally or extra-orally – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0705	extra-oral posterior dental radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0706	intraoral – occlusal radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0707	intraoral – periapical radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0708	intraoral – bitewing radiographic image – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0709	intraoral – complete series of radiographic images – image capture only	\$0	20%
D0801	3D intraoral surface scan - direct	\$0	20%
D0802	3D dental surface scan - indirect	\$0	20%
D0803	3D facial surface scan - direct	\$0	20%
D0804	3D facial surface scan - indirect	\$0	20%
D1110	Prophylaxis-adult	\$0	20%
D1120	Prophylaxis - child	\$0	20%
D1206	Topical application of fluoride varnish	\$0	20%
D1208	Topical application of fluoride – excluding varnish	\$0	20%
D1301	Immunization counseling	\$0	20%
D1310	Nutritional counseling for control of dental disease	\$0	20%
D1320	Tobacco counseling for the control and prevention of oral disease	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D1321	counseling for the control and prevention of adverse oral, behavioral, and systemic health effects associated with high-risk substance use	\$0	20%
D1330	Oral hygiene instructions	\$0	20%
D1351	Sealant - per tooth	\$0	20%
D1352	Preventive resin restoration in a moderate to high caries risk patient-permanent tooth	\$0	20%
D1353	Sealant repair per tooth	\$0	20%
D1354	interim caries arresting medicament application – per tooth	\$0	20%
D1355	caries preventive medicament application – per tooth	\$0	20%
D1510	Space maintainer – fixed – unilateral – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D1516	space maintainer – fixed – bilateral, maxillary	\$0	20%
D1517	space maintainer – fixed – bilateral, mandibular	\$0	20%
D1520	Space maintainer – removable – unilateral – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D1526	space maintainer – removable – bilateral, maxillary	\$0	20%
D1527	space maintainer – removable – bilateral, mandibular	\$0	20%
D1551	re-cement or re-bond bilateral space maintainer – maxillary	\$0	20%
D1552	re-cement or re-bond bilateral space maintainer – mandibular	\$0	20%
D1553	re-cement or re-bond unilateral space maintainer – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D1556	removal of fixed unilateral space maintainer – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D1557	removal of fixed bilateral space maintainer – maxillary	\$0	20%
D1558	removal of fixed bilateral space maintainer – mandibular	\$0	20%
D1575	Distal shoe space maintainer- fixed – unilateral – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D2140	Amalgam - one surface, primary or permanent	\$0	20%
D2150	Amalgam - two surfaces, primary or permanent	\$0	20%
D2160	Amalgam - three surfaces, primary or permanent	\$0	20%
D2161	Amalgam - four or more surfaces, primary or permanent	\$0	20%
D2330	Resin-based composite – one surface, anterior	\$0	20%
D2331	Resin-based composite - two surfaces, anterior	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D2332	Resin-based composite - three surfaces, anterior	\$0	20%
D2335	Resin-based composite - four or more surfaces or involving incisal angle (anterior)	\$0	20%
D2390	Resin-based composite crown, anterior	\$0	20%
D2391	Resin-based composite - one surface, posterior	\$0	20%
D2392	Resin-based composite - two surfaces, posterior	\$0	20%
D2393	Resin-based composite - three surfaces, posterior	\$0	20%
D2394	Resin-based composite - four or more surfaces, posterior	\$0	20%
D2410	Gold foil - one surface	\$0	20%
D2420	Gold foil - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2430	Gold foil - three surfaces	\$0	20%
D2510	Inlay – metallic – one surface	\$0	20%
D2520	Inlay - metallic - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2530	Inlay - metallic - three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D2542	Onlay - metallic - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2543	Onlay - metallic - three surfaces	\$0	20%
D2544	Onlay - metallic - four or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D2610	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - one surface	\$0	20%
D2620	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2630	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D2642	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2643	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - three surfaces	\$0	20%
D2644	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - four or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D2650	Inlay - resin-based composite - one surface	\$0	20%
D2651	Inlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2652	Inlay - resin-based composite - three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D2662	Onlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces	\$0	20%
D2663	Onlay - resin-based composite - three surfaces	\$0	20%
D2664	Onlay - resin-based composite - four or more surfaces	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D2710	Crown – resin-based composite (indirect)	\$0	20%
D2712	Crown - ¾ resin-based composite (indirect)	\$0	20%
D2720	Crown - resin with high noble metal	\$0	20%
D2721	Crown - resin with predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D2722	Crown - resin with noble metal	\$0	20%
D2740	Crown - porcelain/ceramic	\$0	20%
D2750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$0	20%
D2751	Crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D2752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$0	20%
D2753	crown - porcelain fused to titanium or titanium alloy	\$0	20%
D2780	Crown- ¾ cast high noble metal	\$0	20%
D2781	Crown- ¾ cast predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D2782	Crown- ¾ cast noble metal	\$0	20%
D2783	Crown - ¾ porcelain/ ceramic	\$0	20%
D2790	Crown - full cast high noble metal	\$0	20%
D2791	Crown - full cast predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D2792	Crown - full cast noble metal	\$0	20%
D2794	Crown – titanium/titanium alloy	\$0	20%
D2799	Provisional crown - further treatment or completion of diagnosis necessary prior to final impression	\$0	20%
D2910	Recement or re-bond inlay, onlay, veneer or partial coverage restoration	\$0	20%
D2915	Recement or re-bond indirectly fabricated or prefabricated post and core	\$0	20%
D2920	Recement or rebond crown	\$0	20%
D2921	Reattachment of tooth fragment, incisal edge or cusp	\$0	20%
D2928	Prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown – permanent tooth	\$0	20%
D2929	Prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown – primary tooth	\$0	20%
D2930	Prefabricated stainless steel crown - primary tooth	\$0	20%
D2931	Prefabricated stainless steel crown - permanent tooth	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D2932	Prefabricated resin crown	\$0	20%
D2933	Prefabricated stainless steel crown with resin window	\$0	20%
D2934	Prefabricated esthetic coated stainless steel crown-primary tooth	\$0	20%
D2940	Placement of interim direct restoration	\$0	20%
D2949	Restorative foundation for an indirect restoration	\$0	20%
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins when required	\$0	20%
D2951	Pin retention - per tooth, in addition to restoration	\$0	20%
D2952	Indirectly fabricated post and core in addition to crown	\$0	20%
D2953	Each additional indirectly fabricated post - same tooth	\$0	20%
D2954	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown	\$0	20%
D2955	Post removal	\$0	20%
D2956	Removal of an indirect restoration on a natural tooth	\$0	20%
D2957	Each additional prefabricated post in the same tooth	\$0	20%
D2960	Labial veneer (resin laminate) - chairside	\$0	20%
D2961	Labial veneer (resin laminate) - laboratory	\$0	20%
D2962	Labial veneer (porcelain laminate) - laboratory	\$0	20%
D2971	Additional procedures to construct new crown under existing partial denture framework	\$0	20%
D2975	Coping	\$0	20%
D2976	Band stabilization - per tooth	\$0	20%
D2980	Crown repair, necessitated by restorative material failure	\$0	20%
D2981	Inlay repair, necessitated by restorative material failure	\$0	20%
D2982	Onlay repair, necessitated by restorative material failure	\$0	20%
D2983	Veneer repair, necessitated by restorative material failure	\$0	20%
D2989	Excavation of a tooth resulting in the determination of non-restorability	\$0	20%
D2990	Resin infiltration of incipient smooth surface lesions	\$0	20%
D2991	Application of hydroxyapatite regeneration medicament - per tooth	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D3110	Pulp cap - direct (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3120	Pulp cap - indirect (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3220	Therapeutic pulpotomy (excluding final restoration) – removal of pulp coronal to the dentinocemental junction and application of medicament	\$0	20%
D3221	Pulpal debridement, primary and permanent teeth	\$0	20%
D3222	Partial pulpotomy for apexogenesis - permanent tooth with incomplete root development	\$0	20%
D3230	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) - anterior, primary tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3240	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) - posterior, primary tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3310	endodontic therapy, anterior tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3320	endodontic therapy, premolar tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3330	endodontic therapy, molar tooth(excluding final restoration)	\$0	20%
D3331	Treatment of root canal obstruction, non-surgical access	\$0	20%
D3332	Incomplete endodontic therapy; inoperable or fractured tooth	\$0	20%
D3333	Internal root repair of perforation defects	\$0	20%
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - anterior	\$0	20%
D3347	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - premolar	\$0	20%
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - molar	\$0	20%
D3351	Apexification/recalcification – initial visit (apical closure / calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)	\$0	20%
D3352	Apexification/recalcification - interim medication replacement (apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, pulp space disinfection, etc.)	\$0	20%
D3353	Apexification/recalcification - final visit (includes completed root canal therapy - apical closure/ calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)	\$0	20%
D3355	Pulpal regeneration – initial visit	\$0	20%
D3356	Pulpal regeneration – interim medication replacement	\$0	20%
D3357	Pulpal regeneration – completion of treatment	\$0	20%
D3410	Apicoectomy - anterior	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D3421	Apicoectomy - premolar (first root)	\$0	20%
D3425	Apicoectomy - molar (first root)	\$0	20%
D3426	Apicoectomy (each additional root)	\$0	20%
D3428	Bone graft in conjunction with periradicular surgery - per tooth; first surgical site	\$0	20%
D3429	Bone graft in conjunction with periradicular surgery - each additional contiguous tooth in same surgical site.	\$0	20%
D3430	Retrograde filling - per root	\$0	20%
D3431	Biologic materials to aid in soft and osseous tissue regeneration in conjunction with periradicular surgery	\$0	20%
D3432	Guided tissue regeneration, resorbable barrier, per site in conjunction with periradicular surgery	\$0	20%
D3450	Root amputation - per root	\$0	20%
D3470	Intentional reimplantation (including necessary splinting)	\$0	20%
D3471	surgical repair of root resorption - anterior	\$0	20%
D3472	surgical repair of root resorption – premolar	\$0	20%
D3473	surgical repair of root resorption – molar	\$0	20%
D3501	surgical exposure of root surface without apicoectomy or repair of root resorption – anterior	\$0	20%
D3502	surgical exposure of root surface without apicoectomy or repair of root resorption – premolar	\$0	20%
D3503	surgical exposure of root surface without apicoectomy or repair of root resorption –molar	\$0	20%
D3910	Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth with rubber dam	\$0	20%
D3920	Hemisection (including any root removal), not including root canal therapy	\$0	20%
D3921	Decoronation or submergence of an erupted tooth	\$0	20%
D3950	Canal preparation and fitting of preformed dowel or post	\$0	20%
D4210	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty four or more contiguous teeth or bounded tooth spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4211	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty one to three contiguous teeth or bounded tooth spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4212	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty - to allow access for restorative procedures - per tooth	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D4230	Anatomical crown exposure - four or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4231	Anatomical crown exposure - one to three teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4240	Gingival flap procedure, including root planing - four or more contiguous teeth or teeth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4241	Gingival flap procedure, including root planning – one to three teeth per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4245	Apically positioned flap	\$0	20%
D4249	Clinical crown lengthening - hard tissue	\$0	20%
D4260	Osseous surgery including elevation of a full thickness flap and closure – four or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4261	Osseous surgery (including elevation of a full thickness flap and closure) – one to three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4263	Bone replacement graft – retained natural tooth - first site in quadrant	\$0	20%
D4264	Bone replacement graft – retained natural tooth - each additional site in quadrant	\$0	20%
D4265	Biologic materials to aid in soft and osseous tissue regeneration	\$0	20%
D4266	Guided tissue regeneration (GTR) - resorbable barrier, per site	\$0	20%
D4267	Guided tissue regeneration - nonresorbable barrier, per site, (includes membrane removal)	\$0	20%
D4268	Surgical revision procedure, per tooth	\$0	20%
D4270	Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure	\$0	20%
D4273	Autogenous connective tissue graft procedure (including donor and recipient surgical sites) first tooth, implant, or edentulous tooth position in graft	\$0	20%
D4274	mesial/distal wedge procedure, single tooth (when not performed in conjunction with surgical procedures in the same anatomical area)	\$0	20%
D4275	non-autogenous connective tissue graft (including recipient site and donor material) first tooth, implant, or edentulous tooth position in graft	\$0	20%
D4276	Combined connective tissue and double pedicle graft	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D4277	Free soft tissue graft procedure (including recipient and donor surgical sites) - first tooth, implant or edentulous tooth site in graft	\$0	20%
D4278	Free soft tissue graft procedure (including recipient and donor surgical sites) -each additional contiguous tooth, implant, or edentulous tooth position in same graft site	\$0	20%
D4283	autogenous connective tissue graft procedure (including donor and recipient surgical sites) – each additional contiguous tooth, implant or edentulous tooth position in same graft site	\$0	20%
D4285	non-autogenous connective tissue graft procedure (including recipient surgical site and donor material) – each additional contiguous tooth, implant or edentulous tooth position in same graft site	\$0	20%
D4286	Removal of non-resorbable barrier	\$0	20%
D4322	Splint - intra-coronal; natural teeth or prosthetic crowns	\$0	20%
D4323	Splint - extra-coronal; natural teeth or prosthetic crowns	\$0	20%
D4341	Periodontal scaling and root planing – four or more contiguous teeth or teeth bounded spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4342	Periodontal scaling and root planning, one to three teeth, per quadrant	\$0	20%
D4346	Scaling in the presence of generalized moderate or severe gingival inflammation – full mouth, after oral evaluation	\$0	20%
D4355	Full mouth debridement to enable comprehensive oral evaluation and diagnosis on subsequent visit	\$0	20%
D4381	Localized delivery of antimicrobial agents via controlled release vehicle into diseased crevicular tissue, per tooth	\$0	20%
D4910	Periodontal maintenance procedures	\$0	20%
D4920	Unscheduled dressing change (by someone other than the treating dentist or their staff)	\$0	20%
D4921	Gingival irrigation – per quadrant	\$0	20%
D5110	Complete denture, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5120	Complete denture, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5130	Immediate denture, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5140	Immediate denture, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5211	Maxillary partial denture - resin base (retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D5212	Mandibular partial denture - resin base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5213	Maxillary partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5214	Mandibular partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5221	immediate maxillary partial denture - resin base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5222	immediate mandibular partial denture - resin base (including any retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5223	immediate maxillary partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5224	immediate mandibular partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5225	Maxillary partial denture - flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5226	Mandibular partial denture - flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5227	Immediate maxillary partial denture - flexible base (including any clasps, rests, and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5228	Immediate mandibular partial denture - flexible base (including any clasps, rests, and teeth)	\$0	20%
D5282	removable unilateral partial denture - one piece cast metal (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth), maxillary	\$0	20%
D5283	removable unilateral partial denture - one piece cast metal (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth), mandibular	\$0	20%
D5284	removable unilateral partial denture - one piece flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)- per quadrant	\$0	20%
D5286	removable unilateral partial denture - one piece resin (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth) - per quadrant	\$0	20%
D5410	Adjust complete denture - maxillary	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D5411	Adjust complete denture - mandibular	\$0	20%
D5421	Adjust partial denture - maxillary	\$0	20%
D5422	Adjust partial denture - mandibular	\$0	20%
D5511	Repair broken complete denture base, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5512	Repair broken complete denture base, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth - complete denture - per tooth	\$0	20%
D5611	Repair resin partial denture base, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5612	Repair resin partial denture base, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5621	Repair cast partial framework, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5622	Repair cast partial framework, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5630	Repair or replace broken retentive clasping materials - per tooth	\$0	20%
D5640	Replace missing or broken teeth – partial denture - per tooth	\$0	20%
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture – per tooth	\$0	20%
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture – per tooth	\$0	20%
D5670	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (maxillary)	\$0	20%
D5671	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (mandibular)	\$0	20%
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary	\$0	20%
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	\$0	20%
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	\$0	20%
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	\$0	20%
D5725	Rebase hybrid prosthesis	\$0	20%
D5730	Reline complete maxillary	\$0	20%
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside)	\$0	20%
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside)	\$0	20%
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside)	\$0	20%
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (laboratory)	\$0	20%
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (laboratory)	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (laboratory)	\$0	20%
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (laboratory)	\$0	20%
D5765	Soft liner for complete or partial removable denture - indirect	\$0	20%
D5810	Interim complete denture (maxillary)	\$0	20%
D5811	Interim complete denture (mandibular)	\$0	20%
D5820	Interim partial denture (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), maxillary	\$0	20%
D5821	Interim partial denture (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), mandibular	\$0	20%
D5850	Tissue conditioning, maxillary	\$0	20%
D5851	Tissue conditioning, mandibular	\$0	20%
D5862	Precision attachment, by report	\$0	20%
D5863	Overdenture - complete maxillary	\$0	20%
D5864	Overdenture - partial maxillary	\$0	20%
D5865	Overdenture - complete mandibular	\$0	20%
D5866	Overdenture - partial mandibular	\$0	20%
D5867	Replacement of semi-precision or precision attachment (male or female component)	\$0	20%
D5876	Add metal substructure to acrylic full denture (per arch)	\$0	20%
D5991	Vesiculobullous disease medicament carrier	\$0	20%
D5992	Adjustment maxillofacial prosthetic appliance	\$0	20%
D5993	Maintenance and cleaning of a maxillofacial prosthesis (extra and intraoral) other than required adjustments, by report	\$0	20%
D5995	Periodontal medicament carrier with peripheral seal - laboratory processed - maxillary	\$0	20%
D5996	Periodontal medicament carrier with peripheral seal - laboratory processed - mandibular	\$0	20%
D6205	Pontic - indirect resin based composite	\$0	20%
D6210	Pontic - indirectly fabricated high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6211	Pontic - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6212	Pontic - indirectly fabricated noble metal	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D6214	Pontic - titanium or titanium alloys	\$0	20%
D6240	Pontic - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6241	Pontic - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6242	Pontic - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$0	20%
D6243	Pontic - porcelain fused to titanium or titanium alloys	\$0	20%
D6245	Pontic - porcelain/ ceramic	\$0	20%
D6250	Pontic - resin with high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6251	Pontic - resin with predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6252	Pontic - resin with noble metal	\$0	20%
D6253	Provisional pontic	\$0	20%
D6545	Retainer - indirectly fabricated metal for resin bonded fixed prosthesis	\$0	20%
D6548	Retainer - porcelain/ceramic for resin bonded fixed prosthesis	\$0	20%
D6549	Resin retainer -for resin bonded fixed prosthesis	\$0	20%
D6600	Retainer inlay - porcelain/ceramic, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6601	Retainer inlay - porcelain/ ceramic - three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6602	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated high noble metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6603	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated high noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6604	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6605	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6606	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated noble metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6607	Retainer inlay - indirectly fabricated noble metal - three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6608	Retainer onlay - porcelain/ceramic, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6609	Retainer onlay porcelain/ ceramic, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6610	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated high noble metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D6611	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated high noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6612	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6613	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6614	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated noble metal, two surfaces	\$0	20%
D6615	Retainer onlay - indirectly fabricated noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$0	20%
D6624	Retainer inlay - titanium	\$0	20%
D6634	Retainer onlay - titanium	\$0	20%
D6710	Retainer crown - indirect resin based composite	\$0	20%
D6720	Retainer crown - resin fused to high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6721	Retainer crown - resin with predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6722	Retainer crown - resin with noble metal	\$0	20%
D6740	Retainer crown - porcelain/ceramic	\$0	20%
D6750	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6751	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6752	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$0	20%
D6753	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to titanium or titanium alloys	\$0	20%
D6780	Retainer crown - 3/4 - indirectly fabricated high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6781	Retainer crown - 3/4 - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6782	Retainer crown - 3/4 - indirectly fabricated noble metal	\$0	20%
D6783	Retainer crown - 3/4 porcelain/ceramic	\$0	20%
D6784	Retainer crown 3/4 - titanium and titanium alloys	\$0	20%
D6790	Retainer crown - full - indirectly fabricated high noble metal	\$0	20%
D6791	Retainer crown - full - indirectly fabricated predominantly base metal	\$0	20%
D6792	Retainer crown - full - indirectly fabricated noble metal	\$0	20%
D6793	Provisional retainer crown	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D6794	Retainer crown - titanium or titanium alloys	\$0	20%
D6920	Connector bar	\$0	20%
D6930	Recement or rebond fixed partial denture	\$0	20%
D6940	Stress breaker	\$0	20%
D6950	Precision attachment	\$0	20%
D6980	Fixed partial denture repair, repair necessitated by restorative material failure	\$0	20%
D6985	Pediatric partial denture, fixed	\$0	20%
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants - primary tooth	\$0	20%
D7140	Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/ or forceps removal)	\$0	20%
D7210	Extraction, erupted tooth requiring elevation of bone and/or sectioning of tooth and including elevation of mucoperiosteal flap if indicated	\$0	20%
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth - soft tissue	\$0	20%
D7230	Removal of impacted tooth - partially bony	\$0	20%
D7240	Removal of impacted - completely bony	\$0	20%
D7241	Removal of impacted tooth - completely bony, with unusual surgical complications	\$0	20%
D7250	Removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure)	\$0	20%
D7251	Coronectomy - intentional partial tooth removal	\$0	20%
D7260	Orantral fistula closure	\$0	20%
D7261	Primary closure of a sinus perforation	\$0	20%
D7272	Tooth re-implantation (includes re-implantation from one site to another and splinting and/or stabilization)	\$0	20%
D7280	Exposure of an unerupted tooth	\$0	20%
D7282	Mobilization of erupted or malpositioned tooth	\$0	20%
D7283	Placement of device to facilitate eruption of impacted tooth	\$0	20%
D7290	Surgical repositioning of teeth	\$0	20%
D7291	Transseptal fiberotomy, supracrestal fiberotomy by report	\$0	20%
D7292	Placement of temporary anchorage device (screw retained plate) requiring flap; includes device removal	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D7293	Placement of temporary anchorage device requiring flap; includes device removal	\$0	20%
D7294	Placement of temporary anchorage device without flap; includes device removal	\$0	20%
D7298	Removal of temporary anchorage device (screw retained plate) requiring flap	\$0	20%
D7299	Removal of temporary anchorage device requiring flap	\$0	20%
D7300	Removal of temporary anchorage device without flap	\$0	20%
D7310	Alveoloplasty in conjunction with extractions - four or more teeth or tooth spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D7311	Alveoloplasty in conjunction with extractions - one to three teeth or tooth spaces, per quadrant	\$0	20%
D7320	Alveoloplasty not in conjunction with extractions - four or more teeth or tooth spaces per quadrant	\$0	20%
D7321	Alveoloplasty not in conjunction with extractions - one to three teeth or tooth spaces, per quadrant	\$0	20%
D7340	Vestibuloplasty - ridge extension (secondary epithelialization)	\$0	20%
D7350	Vestibuloplasty - ridge extension (including soft tissue grafts, muscle reattachments, revision of soft tissue attachment and management of hypertrophied and hyperplastic tissue)	\$0	20%
D7471	Removal of lateral exostosis	\$0	20%
D7472	Removal of torus palatinus	\$0	20%
D7473	Removal of torus mandibularis	\$0	20%
D7485	Reduction of osseous tuberosity	\$0	20%
D7921	Collection and application of autologous blood concentrate product	\$0	20%
D7922	Placement of intra-socket biological dressing to aid in hemostasis or clot stabilization, per site	\$0	20%
D7939	Indexing for osteotomy using dynamic robotic assisted or dynamic navigation	\$0	20%
D7953	Bone replacement graft for ridge preservation - per site	\$0	20%
D7956	Guided tissue regeneration, edentulous area - resorbable barrier, per site	\$0	20%
D7957	Guided tissue regeneration, edentulous area - non-resorbable barrier, per site	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D7961	Buccal/labial frenectomy (frenulectomy)	\$0	20%
D7962	Lingual frenectomy (frenulectomy)	\$0	20%
D7963	Frenuloplasty	\$0	20%
D7970	Excision of hyperplastic tissue - per arch	\$0	20%
D7971	Excision of pericoronal gingiva	\$0	20%
D7972	Surgical reduction of fibrous tuberosity	\$0	20%
D7979	Non - surgical sialolithotomy	\$0	20%
D7998	Intraoral placement of a fixation device not in conjunction with a fracture	\$0	20%
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain - minor procedures	\$0	20%
D9120	Fixed partial denture sectioning	\$0	20%
D9130	temporomandibular joint dysfunction - non-invasive physical therapies	\$0	20%
D9210	Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures	\$0	20%
D9211	Regional block anesthesia	\$0	20%
D9212	Trigeminal division block anesthesia	\$0	20%
D9215	Local anesthesia in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures	\$0	20%
D9219	Evaluation for moderate sedation, deep sedation or general anesthesia	\$0	20%
D9222	deep sedation/general anesthesia - first 15 minute increment	\$0	20%
D9223	deep sedation/general anesthesia - each subsequent 15 minute increment	\$0	20%
D9230	Inhalation of nitrous oxide/anxiolysis, analgesia	\$0	20%
D9239	intravenous moderate (conscious) sedation/analgesia - first 15 minutes	\$0	20%
D9243	intravenous moderate (conscious) sedation/analgesia - each subsequent 15 minute increment	\$0	20%
D9248	Non-intravenous (conscious) sedation	\$0	20%
D9310	Consultation (diagnostic service provided by dentist or physician other than practitioner providing treatment)	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D9311	Consultation with medical health care professional	\$0	20%
D9410	House/extended care facility call	\$0	20%
D9420	Hospital or ambulatory surgical center call	\$0	20%
D9430	Office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours) - no other services performed	\$0	20%
D9440	Office visit - after regularly scheduled hours	\$0	20%
D9450	Case presentation, detailed and extensive treatment planning	\$0	20%
D9610	Therapeutic drug injection, by report	\$0	20%
D9612	Therapeutic parenteral drugs, two or more administrations, different medications	\$0	20%
D9613	infiltration of sustained release therapeutic drug - single or multiple sites	\$0	20%
D9630	Drugs or medicaments dispensed in the office for home use, by report	\$0	20%
D9910	Application of desensitizing medicaments	\$0	20%
D9911	Application of desensitizing resin for cervical and/or root surface, per tooth	\$0	20%
D9912	Pre-visit patient screening	\$0	20%
D9920	Behavior management, by report	\$0	20%
D9930	Treatment of complications (postsurgical) - unusual circumstances, by report	\$0	20%
D9932	cleaning and inspection of removable complete denture, maxillary	\$0	20%
D9933	cleaning and inspection of removable complete denture, mandibular	\$0	20%
D9934	cleaning and inspection of removable partial denture, maxillary	\$0	20%
D9935	cleaning and inspection of removable partial denture, mandibular	\$0	20%
D9938	Fabrication of a custom removable clear plastic temporary aesthetic appliance	\$0	20%
D9939	Placement of a custom removable plastic temporary aesthetic appliance	\$0	20%
D9941	Fabrication of athletic mouthguard	\$0	20%
D9942	Repair and/or reline of an occlusal guard	\$0	20%

CDT Code	Description	In Network	Out-of-Network
D9943	occlusal guard adjustment	\$0	20%
D9944	occlusal guard - hard appliance, full arch	\$0	20%
D9945	occlusal guard - soft appliance, full arch	\$0	20%
D9946	occlusal guard - hard appliance, partial arch	\$0	20%
D9947	Custom sleep apnea appliance fabrication and placement	\$0	20%
D9948	Adjustment of custom sleep apnea appliance	\$0	20%
D9949	Repair of custom sleep apnea appliance	\$0	20%
D9950	Occlusion analysis - mounted case, including all related procedures	\$0	20%
D9951	Occlusal adjustment - limited	\$0	20%
D9952	Occlusal adjustment - complete	\$0	20%
D9953	Reline custom sleep apnea appliance (indirect)	\$0	20%
D9954	Fabrication and delivery of oral appliance therapy (OAT) morning repositioning device	\$0	20%
D9955	Oral appliance therapy (OAT) titration visit	\$0	20%
D9970	Enamel microabrasion	\$0	20%
D9971	Odontoplasty per tooth	\$0	20%
D9992	Dental case management - care coordination	\$0	20%
D9993	Dental case management - motivational interviewing	\$0	20%
D9994	Dental case management - patient education to improve oral health literacy	\$0	20%
D9995	Teledentistry - synchronous; real-time encounter	\$0	20%
D9996	Teledentistry - asynchronous; information stored and forwarded to dentist for subsequent review	\$0	20%
D9997	Dental case management - patients with special health care needs	\$0	20%

Out-of-Network Benefits

You may be responsible for payment of services and charges billed by a provider that exceed coverage limitations. You may also be required to make payment at the time of service. Billing arrangements are between you and the provider. If you obtain services from a dental provider that is not part of our network, you may be required to pay your provider in full at the time services are provided. You can then submit a Medical Member Reimbursement Form to Aetna Medicare, PO Box 981106, El Paso, TX 79998-1106. You can get this form by calling Member Services or you can fill out and submit the form online at [AetnaMedicare.com/forms](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/forms).

Limitations & Exclusions

1. Coverage is limited to the services and service frequencies listed in the Schedule of Benefits. If a service is not listed, it is **not covered**.
2. Dental services performed outside of the U.S. or U.S. territories are **not covered**.
3. Fees related to missed appointments, preparing or copying dental reports, duplication of x-rays, itemized bills or claim forms are **not covered**.
4. Treatment for injuries or conditions covered by Workers' Compensation or employer liability laws, and treatment provided without cost to you by any municipality, county, or other political subdivision is **not covered**.
5. Treatment as a result of civil insurrection, duty as a member of the armed forces of any state or country, engaging in an act of declared or undeclared war, intentional or unintentional nuclear explosion or other release of nuclear energy, whether in peacetime or wartime, is **not covered**.
6. Any treatment covered under an individual or group medical plan, auto insurance, no-fault auto insurance or uninsured motorist policy, to the extent permitted by federal or state statute, is **not covered**.

An advance claim review

The purpose of an advance claim review is to provide an estimate, in advance, of what we may pay for proposed services. Knowing ahead of time which services are **eligible dental services** and what your plan may pay helps you and your **dentist** make informed decisions about the care you are considering. The estimate is not a guarantee of coverage and payment.

In estimating the amount of benefits payable, we will look at alternate procedures, services, or courses of treatment for the dental condition in question in order to meet the expected result.

The estimate is voluntary. It is not necessary for **dental emergency services** or routine care such as cleaning teeth or check-ups or any other service.

When to get an advance claim review

An estimate is recommended whenever a course of dental treatment is likely to cost more than \$350. Here are the steps involved with getting an advance claim review:

1. Ask your **dentist** to write down a full description of the treatment you need. They must either use an **Aetna** claim form or an American Dental Association (ADA) approved claim form.
2. Your **dentist** should send the form to us before treating you.
3. We may request supporting images and other diagnostic records.
4. Once all of the information has been gathered, we will review the proposed treatment plan and provide you and your dentist with a statement outlining the estimated benefits payable.
5. You and your dentist can then decide how to proceed.

What is a course of dental treatment?

A course of dental treatment is a planned program of one or more services or supplies. The services or supplies are provided by one or more **dentists** to treat a dental condition that was diagnosed by the attending **dentist** as a result of an oral examination. A course of treatment starts on the date your **dentist** first renders a service to correct or treat the diagnosed dental condition.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1	Services we do <i>not</i> cover (exclusions)
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This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself, except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances. • Our plan provides some additional coverage for acupuncture as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. • Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	Not covered under any condition.	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
<p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications</p> <p>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. • (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
<p>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Full-time nursing care in your home</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Home-delivered meals</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Non-routine dental care</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.
<p>Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
<p>Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television</p>	Not covered under any condition.	
<p>Private room in a hospital</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered only when medically necessary.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies	Not covered under any condition.	
Routine chiropractic care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. • Our plan provides some additional coverage for routine chiropractic care as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our plan provides some coverage for dental services as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. • Routine eye exams: Our plan provides some coverage for routine eye exams as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. • Eyewear: Our plan provides some additional coverage for eyewear as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Routine foot care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine hearing exams: Our plan provides some coverage for routine hearing exams as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. • Hearing aid fitting and evaluations: Our plan provides some coverage for hearing aid fitting and evaluations as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. • Hearing aids: Our plan provides some coverage for hearing aids as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition.	

CHAPTER 5:
*Using the plan's coverage for your Part D
prescription drugs*

SECTION 1 Introduction

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

Section 1.1	Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage
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The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2 in this chapter.) Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the Drug List for short). (See Section 3 in this chapter.)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references. (See Section 3 in this chapter for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
- Your drug may require approval before we will cover it. (See Section 4 of this chapter for more information about restrictions on your coverage.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1	Use a network pharmacy
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In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term covered drugs means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's Drug List.

Section 2.2	Network pharmacies
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How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website ([AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy)), and/or call Member Services.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. Some of our network pharmacies provide preferred cost sharing, which may be lower than the cost sharing at a pharmacy that offers standard cost sharing. The *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* will tell you which of the network pharmacies offer preferred cost sharing. Contact us to find out more about how your out-of-pocket costs could vary for different drugs.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. Or if the pharmacy you have been using stays within the network but is no longer offering preferred cost sharing, you may want to switch to a different network or preferred pharmacy, if available. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services or use the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at

[AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy).

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* ([AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy)) or call Member Services.

Section 2.3	Using the plan's mail-order services
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For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. These drugs are marked as **"MO"** in our Drug List.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 100-day supply**.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail please visit our website ([AetnaMedicare.com/MailOrder](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/MailOrder)) or contact Member Services. Note: you must have a method of payment on file.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 10 days. If the mail-order pharmacy expects the order to be delayed, they will notify you of the delay. If you need to request a rush order because of a mail-order delay, you may contact Member Services to discuss options which may include filling at a local retail pharmacy or expediting the shipping method. Provide the representative with your ID number and prescription number(s). If you want second day or next day delivery of your medications, you may request this from the Member Services representative for an additional charge.

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by continuing to have your doctor send us your prescriptions. No special request is needed. Or you may contact Member Services to restart automatic deliveries if you previously stopped automatic deliveries.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail-order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling Member Services.

If you have never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

Refills on mail-order prescriptions. For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, please contact your pharmacy 15 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, please contact us by calling Member Services.

If you receive a refill automatically by mail that you do not want, you may be eligible for a refund.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List (for tiers 1-4). (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* ([AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy)) tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.
2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Please check first with Member Services** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- The prescription is for a medical emergency or urgent care.
- You are unable to get a covered drug in a time of need because there are no 24-hour network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance.
- The prescription is for a drug that is out-of-stock at an accessible network retail or mail-order pharmacy (including high-cost and unique drugs).
- If you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your home because of a Federal disaster or other public health emergency declaration.

Even if we do cover the drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy, you may still pay more than you would have paid if you had gone to an in-network pharmacy.

If you do need to go to an out-of-network pharmacy for any of the reasons listed above, the plan will cover up to a 10-day supply of drugs.

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's Drug List

Section 3.1	The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered
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The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. In this *Evidence of Coverage*, **we call it the *Drug List* for short.**

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the drug is used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed, or
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On the Drug List, when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Biological products have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name drug or original biological product and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

See Chapter 12 for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

What is *not* on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List. In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the Drug List. (For more information, please see Chapter 9.)

Section 3.2 There are 5 cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- **Tier 1: Preferred Generic**
Many common lower cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 2: Generic**
Higher cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 3: Preferred Brand**
Many common brand name drugs and some higher cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drug**
Higher cost brand name and generic drugs for which a lower cost alternative is often available.
- **Tier 5: Specialty**
High-cost brand and generic drugs meeting Medicare's definition of a specialty drug.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have four ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically.
2. Visit the plan's website ([AetnaMedicare.com/formulary](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/formulary)). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" on [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetnamedicare.com) member portal. With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition.

SECTION 4 **There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs**

Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective ways. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List.

If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2	What kinds of restrictions?
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The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact Member Services to learn what you or our provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. **If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception.** We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**.

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

SECTION 5	What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?
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Section 5.1	There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered
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There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. **If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you**

can do.

- **If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.**

Section 5.2	What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?
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If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an **exception** and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must offer a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking **must no longer be on the plan's Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.**

- **If you are a new member**, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of your membership in the plan.
- **If you were in the plan last year**, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:**
We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
- If you experience a change in your setting of care (such as being discharged or admitted to a long-term care facility), your physician or pharmacy can request a temporary supply of the drug. This temporary supply (up to 30 days) will allow you time to talk with your doctor about the change in coverage.

For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

1. You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

2. You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan

to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you are a current member and a drug you are taking will be removed from the formulary or restricted in some way for next year, we will tell you about any change prior to the new year. You can ask for an exception before next year and we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we will authorize the coverage before the change takes effect.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Section 5.3	What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?
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If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs on our Specialty (Tier 5) are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1	The Drug List can change during the year
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Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the *Drug List*.**
- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.**
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.**
- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.**
- **Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.**

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

See Chapter 12 for definitions of the drug types discussed in this chapter.

Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. This section describes the types of changes we may make to the Drug List and when you will get direct notice if changes are made for a drug that you are taking.

Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

- **Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.**
 - When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move the like drug to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these immediate changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you are taking the drug that we are removing or making changes to. If you are taking the like drug at the time we make the change, we will tell you about any specific change we made.
- **Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List with advance notice.**
 - When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The version of the drug that we add will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name drug or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We will tell you at least 30 days before we make the change, or tell you about the change and cover an 30-day fill of the version of the drug you are taking.
- **Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the *Drug List* that are withdrawn from the market**
 - Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will tell you after we make the change.
- **Making other changes to drugs on the *Drug List***
 - We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug on the Drug List or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
 - For these changes, we must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
 - After you receive notice of the change, you should work with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover or to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking.
 - You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9.

Changes to the *Drug List* that do not affect you during the current plan year

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on your use of the drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

Section 7.1	Types of drugs we do not cover
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This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are excluded. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan cannot cover *off-label* use of a drug when the use is not supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. *Off-label* use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

In addition, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs).
- Drugs used to promote fertility.
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms.
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth.
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations.
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction.
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain.
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale.

If you are **receiving "Extra Help"** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan.

Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.)

SECTION 8 Filling a prescription

Section 8.1	Provide your membership information
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To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

Section 8.2	What if you don't have your membership information with you?
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If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1	What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?
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If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

Section 9.2	What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?
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Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* ([AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy)) to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Member Services. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

Section 9.3	What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?
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If you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. They can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage.

Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep this notice about creditable coverage because you may need it later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get the creditable coverage notice, request a copy from the employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking

- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2	Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications
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We have a program that helps make sure members safely use their prescription opioids, and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you have had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer-related pain or sickle-cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3	Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications
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We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you

should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact Member Services.

CHAPTER 6:
*What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs*

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use *drug* in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5, Sections 1 through 4 explain these rules. When you use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (see Chapter 5, Section 3.3), the cost shown is provided in "real-time" meaning the cost you see in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can also obtain information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling Member Services.

Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are different types of out-of-pocket costs for Part D drugs. The amount that you pay for a drug is called **cost sharing**, and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.
- **Coinsurance** is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

Section 1.3 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs include the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in the following drug payment stages:
 - The Deductible Stage
 - The Initial Coverage Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* in your out-of-pocket costs if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program are also included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$2,000 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **do not include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly premium.
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan’s requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by the Veterans Health Administration (VA).
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers’ Compensation.)
- Payments made by drug manufacturers under the Manufacturer Discount Program.

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan by calling Member Services.

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- **We will help you.** The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) report you receive includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$2,000, this report will tell you that you have left the Initial Coverage Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which drug payment stage you are in when you get the drug

Section 2.1	What are the drug payment stages for Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) members?
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There are three drug payment stages for your Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage under Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS). How much you pay depends on what stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of each stage are in Sections 4 through 6 of this chapter. The stages are:

Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage

Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage

Stage 3: Catastrophic Coverage Stage

SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 3.1	We send you a monthly summary called the <i>Part D Explanation of Benefits</i> (the Part D EOB)
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Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **Out-of-Pocket Costs**. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by “Extra Help” from Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, and charities.
- We keep track of your **Total Drug Costs**. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what the plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a *Part D EOB*. The *Part D EOB* includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called year-to-date information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions.** This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

Section 3.2	Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date
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To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled.** This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. **Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:**
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a

discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.

- When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
- Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
- If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2.
- **Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- **Check the written report we send you.** When you receive a *Part D EOB* look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services. Be sure to keep these reports.

SECTION 4 During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4, and Tier 5 drugs

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. The deductible does not apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus and travel vaccines. You will pay a yearly deductible of \$450 on your Tier 3, Tier 4, and Tier 5 drugs. **You must pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4, and Tier 5 drugs** until you reach the plan's deductible amount. For all other drugs you will not have to pay any deductible. The **full cost** is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug, since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies.

Once you have paid \$450 for your Tier 3, Tier 4, and Tier 5 drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription
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During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment *or* coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- **Tier 1: Preferred Generic**
Many common lower cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 2: Generic**
Higher cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 3: Preferred Brand**
Many common brand name drugs and some higher cost generic drugs.
- **Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drug**
Higher cost brand name and generic drugs for which a lower cost alternative is often available.

- **Tier 5: Specialty**

High-cost brand and generic drugs meeting Medicare's definition of a specialty drug.

- **Insulins:** Regardless of tier, you pay no more than \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy that offers standard cost sharing.
- A network retail pharmacy that offers preferred cost sharing. Costs may be less at pharmacies that offer preferred cost sharing.
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy.

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 and the plan's *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* ([AetnaMedicare.com/findpharmacy](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy)).

Section 5.2	A table that shows your costs for a <i>one-month</i> supply of a drug
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During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you will pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Preferred retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Standard mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply)	Preferred mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 10-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$2	\$0	\$2	\$0	\$2	\$2
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$12	\$0	\$12	\$0	\$12	\$12
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand)	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug)	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty)	27%	27%	27%	27%	27%	27%
Insulins	You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.					

Please see Section 7 of this chapter for more information on cost-sharing for Part D vaccines.

Section 5.3	If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply
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Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of your drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions.

If you receive less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a *percentage* of the total cost of the drug. Since the

coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your costs will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.

- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, you will only pay for the number of days of the drug that you receive instead of a whole month. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 100-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply.

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term (up to a 100-day) supply of a drug.

- Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 100-day supply)	Preferred retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 100-day supply)	Standard mail-order cost sharing (up to a 100-day supply)	Preferred mail-order cost sharing (up to a 100-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$6	\$0	\$6	\$0
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$36	\$0	\$36	\$0
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand)	22%	22%	22%	22%
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug)	25%	25%	25%	25%
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.			
Insulins	You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a two-month supply or \$105 for up to a three-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.			

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your out-of-pocket costs for the year reach \$2,000

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach **\$2,000**. You then move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

The *Part D EOB* that you receive will help you keep track of how much you, the plan, and any third parties, have spent on your behalf during the year. Not all members will reach the \$2,000 out-of-pocket limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. See Section 1.3 on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

SECTION 6 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs

You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$2,000 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

- During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your Part D covered drugs.

SECTION 7 Part D Vaccines. What you pay depends on how and where you get them

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines — Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Part B. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's Drug List. Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you, even if you haven't paid your deductible. Refer to your plan's Drug List or contact Member Services for coverage and cost sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine itself**.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccination depend on three things:

- 1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).**
 - Most adult Part D vaccinations are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine.**
 - The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.**
 - A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy or another provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you are in.

- Sometimes when you get a vaccination, you have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our

share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you will be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.

- Other times, when you get a vaccination, you will pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

Below are three examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

<i>Situation 1:</i>	<p>You get the Part D vaccination at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing. • For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine. • Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
<i>Situation 2:</i>	<p>You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you. • You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that described in Chapter 7. • For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine (including administration), and less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)
<i>Situation 3:</i>	<p>You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself. • For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself. • When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service. • You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7. • For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance for the vaccine administration, and less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

CHAPTER 7:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan, or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in this document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network.

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost. Ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.
- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges
- When you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we would pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's Drug List; or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your medical and Part B vaccine claims to us within**

Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug. **You must submit your Part D prescription drug and Part D vaccine claims to us within 36 months** of the date you received the service, item, or Part D drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website ([AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com)) or call Member Services and ask for the form.

For medical claims (including vaccines for preventing COVID-19, Flu/influenza, Pneumonia): Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Aetna Medicare
PO Box 981106
El Paso, TX 79998-1106

For Part D prescription drug claims (including vaccines for preventing shingles or chicken pox): Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Aetna Pharmacy Management
PO Box 52446
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe
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When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. Our share of the cost might not be the full amount you paid (for example, if you obtained a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2	If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal
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If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this document.

CHAPTER 8: *Your rights and responsibilities*

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

Section 1.1	We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)
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Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. Many documents are also available in Spanish. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY [1-800-537-7697](tel:1-800-537-7697).

Sección 1.1	Debemos proporcionarle información de una manera que sea conveniente para usted y compatible con sus sensibilidades culturales (en otros idiomas además de español, en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)
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Su plan está obligado a garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se presten de forma culturalmente competente y sean accesibles a todos los inscritos, incluidos los que tienen un dominio limitado del inglés, una capacidad limitada de lectura, una incapacidad auditiva o un origen cultural y étnico diverso. Ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir con estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, suministro de servicios del traductor, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o TTY (teléfono o teléfono de teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Muchos documentos también están disponibles en español. También podemos proporcionarle información en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Debemos proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para obtener información sobre nosotros de

una manera que sea conveniente para usted, llame al Departamento de Servicios para Miembros.

Nuestro plan está obligado a ofrecer a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceder directamente a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de atención médica de rutina y preventivos para la mujer.

Si no están disponibles los proveedores de la red del plan para una especialidad, es responsabilidad del plan localizar proveedores especializados fuera de la red que le proporcionen la atención necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará el costo compartido dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialistas en la red del plan que cubran un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para obtener información sobre dónde puede obtener este servicio al costo compartido dentro de la red.

Si tiene alguna dificultad para obtener información sobre nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, llámenos para presentar una queja ante el Departamento de Servicios para Miembros (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este documento). También puede presentar un reclamo ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles llamando al 1-800-368-1019 o al TTY [1-800-537-7697](tel:1-800-537-7697).

Section 1.2	We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs
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You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3	We must protect the privacy of your personal health information
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first*.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on

quality of care.

- Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

Section 1.4	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services
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As a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.
- **Information from interpreters.** Our plan interpreter services are available in all languages including American Sign Language. Interpreter services are available for on-site interpretation during a medical appointment. If you require these services, please contact Member Services at least two weeks in advance of your scheduled appointment.

Section 1.5	We must support your right to make decisions about your care
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You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an advance directive to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the state agency that oversees advance directives. To find the appropriate agency in your state, contact your SHIP. Contact information is in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.

Section 1.6	You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made
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If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage or make an appeal, Chapter 9 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint — **we are required to treat you fairly.**

Section 1.7	What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?
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If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY [1-800-537-7697](tel:1-800-537-7697), or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services.**
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).** For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Appendix A** at the back of this document.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)).

Section 1.8	How to get more information about your rights
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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services.**
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).** For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Appendix A** at the back of this document.
- You can contact **Medicare.**
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
 - Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered**

services. Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.

- Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your Part D prescription drug coverage.
- **If you have any other health insurance or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premiums to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.
 - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so that we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* our service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 9:

*What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	What to do if you have a problem or concern
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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?
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There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, or coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services, and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 10** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1	Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture
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Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.
- Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 6 of this chapter.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal
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Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Member Services**.
- You **can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)
 - For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
 - For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied, your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?
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There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6** of this chapter: Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 7** of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon
- **Section 8** of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

SECTION 5	Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision
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Section 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care
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This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 7 and 8 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision
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Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **organization determination**.

A “fast coverage decision” is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 calendar days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only* ask for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If the doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a

medical item or service. If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe that we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different than the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For fast coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe.

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal
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Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
 - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will

review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 5.4	Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done
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Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within **72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called upholding the decision or turning down your appeal.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
 - Explaining its decision.
 - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
 - Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5	What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?
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Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 6.1	This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug
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Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say drug in the rest of this section, instead of repeating covered outpatient prescription drug or Part D drug every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or *Formulary*.

- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Legal Term

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a coverage determination .
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A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get, prior authorization, or the requirement to try another drug first). **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4**
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. **Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4**

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

Section 6.2	What is an exception?
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Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Legal Terms

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception**.

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception**.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a **tiering exception**.

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an exception. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List.** If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4. You cannot ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
 - If our Drug List contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
 - If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
 - If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
 - You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty.
 - If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

Section 6.3

Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different

possibilities are called alternative drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

Section 6.4	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception
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Legal Term
A fast coverage decision is called an expedited coverage determination .

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Standard coverage decisions are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a *drug you have not yet received*. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

Step 2: Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form* or on our plan's form which is available on our website (<https://www.aetna.com/medicare/contact-us/appeals-grievances.html>). Chapter 2 has contact information. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

You, your doctor, (or other prescriber) or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the “supporting statement,”** which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer **within 24 hours** after we receive your request.
 - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- We must generally give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.
 - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **redetermination**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

Step 2: You, your representative, doctor, or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a **fast appeal**.

- **For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form*, which is available on our website (<https://www.aetna.com/medicare/contact-us/appeals-grievances.html>). Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.** You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
 - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than **7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within **30 calendar days** after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 6.6	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal
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Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal** with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding at-risk determination under our drug management program, we

will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.

Deadlines for standard appeal

- For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 14 calendar days** after it receives your request.

Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

For fast appeals:

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

For standard appeals:

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage,** we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back** for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no **to part or all of** your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called upholding the decision. It is also called turning down your appeal.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights
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Within two calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two calendar days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048). You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 7.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge date. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.**

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- **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
- **If you do not meet this deadline**, contact us. If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says **yes**, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary**.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date
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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8	How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon
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Section 8.1	<i>This section is only about three services:</i> Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
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When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- 1. You receive a notice in writing** at least two calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a *fast track appeal* to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.

Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the *Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*.
- If you miss the deadline, and you wish to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact your Quality Improvement Organization.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term
Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.**
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your

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coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 8.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after our Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 9.1	Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests
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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal **An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both

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of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal **An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10 **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? • Are you unhappy with our Member Services? • Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? • Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.
Cleanliness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did we fail to give you a required notice? • Is our written information hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we have said no; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint. • You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 10.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A **complaint** is also called a **grievance**.
- **Making a complaint** is also called **filing a grievance**.
- **Using the process for complaints** is also called **using the process for filing a grievance**.
- A **fast complaint** is also called an **expedited grievance**.

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly — either by phone or in writing.

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- To use our grievance (complaint) process, you should call or send us your written complaint using one of the contact methods listed in Chapter 2: *Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs or medical care)*.
 - Please be sure you provide all pertinent information, including any supporting documents you believe are appropriate. Your complaint must be received by us within 60 calendar days of the event or incident that resulted in you filing your complaint.
 - Your issue will be investigated by a member of our complaint team. If you submit your complaint verbally, we will inform you of the result of our review and our decision verbally or in writing. If you submit a verbal complaint and request your response to be in writing, we will respond in writing. If you send us a written complaint, we will send you a written response, stating the result of our review. Our notice will include a description of our understanding of your complaint and our decision in clear terms.
 - We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.
 - You also have the right to ask for a fast “expedited” grievance. A fast “expedited” grievance is a type of complaint that must be resolved within 24 hours from the time you contact us. You have the right to request a fast “expedited” grievance if you disagree with:
 - Our plan to take a 14-calendar-day extension on an organization/coverage determination or reconsideration/redetermination (appeal); or
 - Our denial of your request to expedite an organization determination or reconsideration (appeal) for health services or;
 - Our denial of your request to expedite a coverage determination or redetermination (appeal) for a prescription drug.
- The fast “expedited” grievance process is as follows:
 - You or an authorized representative can call, fax, or mail your complaint and mention that you want the fast complaint or expedited grievance process. Call the phone number, fax, or write your complaint and send it to the address listed in Chapter 2: *Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you’re making a complaint about your Part D prescription*

drugs or medical care). The fastest way to submit a fast complaint is to call or fax us. The fastest way to file a grievance is to call us. When we receive your complaint, we will promptly investigate the issue you have identified. If we agree with your complaint, we will cancel the 14-calendar-day extension, or expedite the determination or appeal as you originally requested. Regardless of whether we agree or not, we will investigate your complaint and notify you of our decision within 24 hours.

- The **deadline** for making a complaint is **60 calendar days** from the time you had the problem that you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours**.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 10.4	You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization
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When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. **Appendix A** at the back of this document has the contact information.

Or

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

Section 10.5	You can also tell Medicare about your complaint
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You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048).

CHAPTER 10:
Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the **Annual Open Enrollment Period**). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The Annual Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage,
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
 - --or-- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- Your **membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.
- **During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in

a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period
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In certain situations, members of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved
- If you have Medicaid
- If you are eligible for “Extra Help” with paying for your Medicare prescriptions
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

Note: If you’re in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048). If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan
- – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Section 2.4	Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?
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If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the **Medicare & You 2025** handbook.

- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Another Medicare health plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) when your new plan's coverage begins.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) when your new plan's coverage begins.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this. You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services, and drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items, services, and prescription drugs through our plan.

- Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled.**
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, call Member Services.

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY [1-877-486-2048](tel:1-877-486-2048)).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 11: *Legal notices*

Chapter 11. Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY [1-800-537-7697](tel:1-800-537-7697)) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

In some situations, other parties should pay for your medical care before your Medicare Advantage plan. In those situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may pay, but have the right to get the payments back from these other parties. Medicare Advantage plans may not be the primary payer for medical care you receive. These situations include those in which the Federal Medicare Program is considered a secondary payer under the Medicare Secondary Payer laws. For information on the Federal Medicare Secondary Payer program, Medicare has written a booklet with general information about what happens when people with Medicare have additional insurance. It's called *Medicare and Other Health Benefits: Your Guide to Who Pays First* (publication number 02179). You can get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, or by visiting the www.medicare.gov website.

The Plan's rights to recover in these situations are based on the terms of this health plan contract, as well as the provisions of the federal statutes governing the Medicare Program. Your Medicare Advantage plan coverage is always secondary to any payment made or reasonably expected to be made under:

- A workers' compensation law or plan of the United States or a State,
- Any non-fault based insurance, including automobile and non-automobile no-fault and medical payments insurance,

- Any liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) issued under an automobile or other type of policy or coverage, and
- Any automobile insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan), including, but not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.

Since your Medicare Advantage plan is always secondary to any automobile no-fault (Personal Injury Protection) or medical payments coverage, you should review your automobile insurance policies to ensure that appropriate policy provisions have been selected to make your automobile coverage primary for your medical treatment arising from an automobile accident.

As outlined herein, in these situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may make payments on your behalf for this medical care, subject to the conditions set forth in this provision for the plan to recover these payments from you or from other parties. Immediately upon making any conditional payment, your Medicare Advantage plan shall be subrogated to stand in the place of all rights of recovery you have against any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or against any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

In addition, if you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above, your Medicare Advantage plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by you for all conditional payments the plan has made or will make as a result of that injury, illness or condition.

Your Medicare Advantage plan will automatically have a lien, to the extent of benefits it paid for the treatment of the injury, illness or condition, upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representatives or agents, any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any health care provider) from your Medicare Advantage plan, you acknowledge that the plan's recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for your damages. The plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to you which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages you sustained. Your Medicare Advantage plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damage claims.

Your Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or by any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above. The plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by you identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as for pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only.

You, and your legal representatives, shall fully cooperate with the plan's efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents or representatives shall provide all information requested by the plan or its representatives. You shall do nothing to prejudice your Medicare Advantage plan's subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan's ability to enforce the

Chapter 11. Legal notices

terms of this provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

Failure to provide requested information or failure to assist your Medicare Advantage plan in pursuit of its subrogation or recovery rights may result in you being personally responsible for reimbursing the plan for benefits paid relating to the injury, illness or condition as well as for the plan's reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in obtaining reimbursement from you. For more information, see 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) and the Medicare statutes.

SECTION 4 Notice about recovery of overpayments

If the benefits paid by this *Evidence of Coverage*, plus the benefits paid by other plans, exceeds the total amount of expenses, Aetna has the right to recover the amount of that excess payment from among one or more of the following: (1) any person to or for whom such payments were made; (2) other Plans; or (3) any other entity to which such payments were made. This right of recovery will be exercised at Aetna's discretion. You shall execute any documents and cooperate with Aetna to secure its right to recover such overpayments, upon request by Aetna.

SECTION 5 National Coverage Determinations

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2025, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services. When we receive coverage updates from Medicare, called National Coverage Determinations, we'll post the coverage updates on our website at [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com/medicare). You can also call Member Services to obtain the coverage updates that have been posted for the benefit year.

CHAPTER 12:
Definitions of important words

Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Allowed Amount – The amount that providers are paid for covered services. The allowed amount is the amount that a network provider has agreed to accept as payment in full for services provided and is usually less than the provider's billed charges. For out-of-network providers, the allowed amount is the amount Original Medicare would pay for the services provided. Members may pay a portion of, or in some cases, all of the allowed amount if their deductible is not satisfied for the year, or if they have other share-of-cost such as coinsurance and/or copayments.

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to balance bill or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any skilled care in a SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go into a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Biological Product – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological products.

Biosimilar – A prescription drug that is considered to be very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological product; however, biosimilars generally require a new prescription to substitute for the original biological product. Interchangeable biosimilars have met additional requirements that allow them to be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without a new prescription, subject to state laws.

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA-eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,000 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost of your covered Part D drugs. You pay nothing.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

Complaint – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan’s monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received.

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn’t covered under your plan, that isn’t a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: (1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) – A type of Medicare managed care plan where a group of doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers agree to give health care to Medicare beneficiaries for a set amount of money from Medicare every month. You usually must get your care from the providers in the plan.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Independent Practice Association (IPA) – An IPA, or Independent Practice Association, is an independent group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of managed care organizations (see Chapter 1, Section 6).

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an inpatient psychiatric facility, and/or facilities approved by CMS that furnishes similar long-term, health care services that are covered under Medicare Part A, Medicare Part B, or Medicaid; and whose residents have similar needs and health care status to the other named facility types. An institutional Special Needs Plan must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Interchangeable Biosimilar – A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements related to the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or Drug List) – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See “Extra Help.”

Maximum Charge – The maximum amount or limiting charge that a non-participating provider may charge a Medicare beneficiary for services billed on non-assigned claims.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Manufacturer Discount Program – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of the plan's full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and drug manufacturers.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, a PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologics, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network – A group of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other health care experts contracted by our plan to provide covered services to its members (see Chapter 1, Section 3.2). Network providers are independent contractors and not agents of our plan.

Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called plan providers.

Non-Medicare Covered Services – Services that are not normally covered when you have Original Medicare. These are usually extra benefits you may receive as a member of a Medicare Advantage plan.

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this document.

Original Biological Product – A biological product that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

Out-of-Pocket Threshold – The maximum amount you pay out-of-pocket for Part D Drugs.

PACE Plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – See Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been specifically excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan.

Preferred Cost Sharing – Preferred cost sharing means lower cost sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

Point-of-Service (POS) – The POS benefit allows you to use a provider who is not in our network. However, if you choose to go out-of-network for your care, you will typically pay higher out-of-pocket expenses. While the POS options provide more choice and flexibility, it is important to remember that not all services are available outside the network of contracted providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Prescription Drug Benefit Manager – Often referred to as a Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM), which is a third-party administrator of prescription drug programs. The PBM is primarily responsible for processing and paying prescription drug claims, but they also may be responsible for contracting with pharmacies and negotiating discounts and rebates with drug manufacturers.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria are posted on our website.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

“Real-Time Benefit Tool” – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Standard Cost Sharing – Standard cost sharing is cost sharing other than preferred cost sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

APPENDIX A:
Important contact information

Quality Improvement Organizations (QIO)	
Region 9: Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada	Livanta, Address: Livanta LLC – BFCC-QIO, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105, Phone: 1-877-588-1123, TTY: 711, Hours: Monday–Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Saturday–Sunday/Holidays 10:00 AM to 4:00 PM local time, Website: livantaqio.cms.gov/en

State Medicaid Office	
CA	Medi-Cal (California’s Medicaid program), Address: California Department of Health Care Services, 1501 Capitol Avenue, Sacramento, CA 95814, Phone: 1-800-541-5555, 916-552-9200, TTY: 1-800-430-7077 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking, Hours: Monday–Friday 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM, Website: dhcs.ca.gov/services/medi-cal/Pages/default.aspx

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	
CA	California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP), Address: Department of Aging, 2880 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833, Phone: 1-800-434-0222, TTY: 1-800-735-2929 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking, Hours: Monday–Friday 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Website: aging.ca.gov/hicap/

State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)	
CA	California AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP), Address: Department of Public Health, Office of AIDS, MS 7700, PO Box 997426, Sacramento, CA 95899-7426, Phone: 1-844-421-7050, 916-558-1784, TTY: 711, Hours: Monday–Friday 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Website: cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/pages/oaadap.aspx

Multi-Language Insert Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-833-570-6670. Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-833-570-6670. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务，帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务，请致电 1-833-570-6670。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問，為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務，請致電 1-833-570-6670。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-833-570-6670. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-833-570-6670. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-833-570-6670. sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quý vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-833-570-6670. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 대해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-833-570-6670. 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-833-570-6670. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 1-833-570-6670. سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-833-570-6670 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-833-570-6670. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italiano fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-833-570-6670. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-833-570-6670. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-833-570-6670. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがあります。通訳をご用命になるには、1-833-570-6670. にお電話ください。日本語を話す人者が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

Hawaiian: He kōkua māhele 'ōlelo kā mākou i mea e pane 'ia ai kāu mau nīnau e pili ana i kā mākou papahana olakino a lā'au lapa'au paha. I mea e loa'a ai ke kōkua māhele 'ōlelo, e kelepona mai iā mākou ma 1-833-570-6670. E hiki ana i kekahi mea 'ōlelo Pelekānia/'Ōlelo ke kōkua iā 'oe. He pōmaika'i manuahi kēia.

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Form CMS-10802
(Expires 12/31/25)

Aetna Medicare Prime Value Plus (HMO-POS) Member Services

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	Go to AetnaMedicare.com/H4982-022 or scan this code with your smartphone to visit our website.



State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

SHIP is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Contact information for your state's SHIP is in **Appendix A** at the back of this document.

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

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