



January 1 – December 31, 2024

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card for additional information. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. This call is free.

This plan, Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), is offered by FIRST HEALTH LIFE & HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means FIRST HEALTH LIFE & HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).)

This document is available for free in Spanish. Este documento está disponible sin cargo en español. This document is available in other formats such as braille, large print or other alternate formats upon request.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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Participating health care providers are independent contractors and are neither agents nor employees of Aetna. The availability of any particular provider cannot be guaranteed, and provider network composition is subject to change.

Out-of-network/non-contracted providers are under no obligation to treat plan members, except in emergency situations. Please call our customer service number or see your Evidence of Coverage for more information, including the cost-sharing that applies to out-of-network services.

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Table of Contents**2024 Evidence of Coverage****Table of Contents**

CHAPTER 1:	<i>Getting started as a member</i>	5
SECTION 1	Introduction	6
SECTION 2	What makes you eligible to be a plan member?	6
SECTION 3	Important membership materials you will receive	7
SECTION 4	Your monthly costs for Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO)	8
SECTION 5	More information about your monthly premium	9
SECTION 6	Keeping your plan membership record up to date	9
SECTION 7	How other insurance works with our plan	10
CHAPTER 2:	<i>Important phone numbers and resources</i>	12
SECTION 1	Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)	13
SECTION 2	Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)	15
SECTION 3	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)	16
SECTION 4	Quality Improvement Organization	17
SECTION 5	Social Security	17
SECTION 6	Medicaid	18
SECTION 7	How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board	18
SECTION 8	Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?	18
CHAPTER 3:	<i>Using the plan for your medical services</i>	20
SECTION 1	Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan	21
SECTION 2	Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care	21
SECTION 3	How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster	24
SECTION 4	What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?	26
SECTION 5	How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?	27
SECTION 6	Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution	28
SECTION 7	Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment	29
CHAPTER 4:	<i>Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)</i>	31
SECTION 1	Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services	32
SECTION 2	Use the <i>Medical Benefits Chart</i> to find out what is covered and how much you will pay	33
SECTION 3	What services are not covered by the plan?	86
CHAPTER 5:	<i>Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services</i> ..	90
SECTION 1	Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services	91

SECTION 2	How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.....	92
SECTION 3	We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no.....	92
CHAPTER 6:	<i>Your rights and responsibilities</i>	94
SECTION 1	Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan....	95
SECTION 2	You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan.....	99
CHAPTER 7:	<i>What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)</i>	101
SECTION 1	Introduction.....	102
SECTION 2	Where to get more information and personalized assistance.....	102
SECTION 3	To deal with your problem, which process should you use?.....	103
SECTION 4	A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.....	103
SECTION 5	Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision.....	105
SECTION 6	How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon.....	110
SECTION 7	How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.....	116
SECTION 8	Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond.....	120
SECTION 9	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns.....	122
CHAPTER 8:	<i>Ending your membership in the plan</i>	126
SECTION 1	Introduction to ending your membership in our plan.....	127
SECTION 2	When can you end your membership in our plan?.....	127
SECTION 3	How do you end your membership in our plan?.....	128
SECTION 4	Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan.....	129
SECTION 5	Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations.....	129
CHAPTER 9:	<i>Legal notices</i>	131
SECTION 1	Notice about governing law.....	132
SECTION 2	Notice about non-discrimination.....	132
SECTION 3	Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights.....	132
SECTION 4	Notice about recovery of overpayments.....	134
SECTION 5	National Coverage Determinations.....	134
CHAPTER 10:	<i>Definitions of important words</i>	135

CHAPTER 1: *Getting started as a member*

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), which is a Medicare PPO

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care coverage through our plan, Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO). We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) does not include Part D prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words coverage and covered services refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned, or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called riders or amendments.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member**Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements**

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO)

Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in **New Mexico**: Bernalillo, Rio Arriba, San Miguel, Sandoval, Santa Fe, Torrance, Valencia.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.



It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive**Section 3.1 Your plan membership card**

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

 <p style="text-align: right;">Medicare Plan Type</p> <p>PLAN NAME LINE PLAN# 000000-XX000000 ID 10XXXXXXXXXX NAME SAMPLE SAMPLETON BIN 610502 PCN PARTBAET</p> <p>ISSUER (80840)</p> <p>Printed on: XX/XX/XXXX</p> <p style="text-align: right;">HXXXX-PBP</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Website</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Customer Service</td> <td>1-XXX-XXX-XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>24 Hour Nurse Line</td> <td>1-XXX-XXX-XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Provider Services</td> <td>1-XXX-XXX-XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TDD/TTY</td> <td>711</td> </tr> </table> <p>Send claims to: Claims PO Box xxxxxx City, State, Zip</p> <p style="text-align: center;">This card does not guarantee coverage.</p> <p>Payer ID# 60054</p> 	Customer Service	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX	24 Hour Nurse Line	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX	Provider Services	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX	TDD/TTY	711
Customer Service	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX								
24 Hour Nurse Line	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX								
Provider Services	1-XXX-XXX-XXXX								
TDD/TTY	711								

Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 *Provider Directory*

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. However, if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher. See Chapter 3 (*Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*) for more specific information.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider).

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hard copy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy *Provider Directories* will be mailed to you within three business days.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO)

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2024* handbook, the section called *2024 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.1 Plan Premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**Part B Premium Reduction**

In 2024, we will reduce the Part B premium that you pay to the Social Security Administration by \$40 per month. If you pay your Part B premium on a monthly basis, you will see this dollar amount credited in your Social Security check. If you pay your Part B premium quarterly, you will see an amount equaling three months of reductions credited on your quarterly Part B premium statement. It may take a few months to see these reductions credited to either your Social Security check or premium statement, but you will be reimbursed for any credits you did not receive during this waiting period.

You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider/Medical Group/IPA. A Medical Group is a group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of our plan. An IPA, or Independent Practice Association, is an independent group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of our plan.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number

- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study. (**Note:** you are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2: *Important phone numbers and resources*

SECTION 1 Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)

How to contact our plan’s Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Precertification Unit PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4953 Expedited appeals: 1-724-741-4958
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Part C Appeals PO Box 14067 Lexington, KY 40512
WEBSITE	aetnamedicare.com/plan_choices/advantage_appeals_grievances.jsp

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-724-741-4956
WRITE	Aetna Medicare Grievances PO Box 14834 Lexington, KY 40512
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx .

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
FAX	1-866-474-4040
WRITE	Aetna Medicare PO Box 981106 El Paso, TX 79998-1106
WEBSITE	AetnaMedicare.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
<p>WEBSITE</p>	<p>www.Medicare.gov</p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information. • Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans. <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program. <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</p>

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. Refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information of the State Health Insurance Assistance Program in your state.

SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES

- Visit www.shiphelp.org (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. Refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information of the Quality Improvement Organization in your state.

The QIO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The QIO is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the QIO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency. Refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this document for the name and contact information for the Medicaid agency in your state.

SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press “0”, you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner’s) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner’s) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3:
Using the plan for your medical services

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services**SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan**

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, Part B prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You receive your care from a provider who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.** As a member of our plan, you can receive your care from either a network provider or an out-of-network provider (for more about this, see Section 2 in this chapter).
 - The providers in our network are listed in the *Provider Directory*.
 - If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.
- Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.

SECTION 2 Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care

Section 2.1	You may choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care
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What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

As a member of our plan, you do not have to choose a network PCP, **however, we strongly encourage you to choose a PCP and let us know who you chose.** Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers.

Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as a PCP:

- General Practitioner
- Internist
- Family Practitioner
- Geriatrician
- Physician Assistants (Not available in all states)
- Nurse Practitioners (Not available in all states)

Please refer to your *Provider Directory* or go to our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider) for a complete listing of PCPs in your area.

What is the role of a PCP in coordinating covered services?

Your PCP will provide most of your care, and when you need more specialized services, they will coordinate your care with other providers. They will help you find a specialist and will arrange for covered services you get as a member of our plan. Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

- X-rays
- Laboratory tests
- Therapies
- Care from doctors who are specialists
- Hospital admissions

“Coordinating” your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate most of your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP’s office.

What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization (PA), if applicable?

In some cases, your PCP or other provider or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider, or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in Chapter 4.

How do you choose your PCP?

You can select your PCP by using the *Provider Directory*, by accessing our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider), or getting help from Member Services. You can change your PCP (as explained later in this section) for any reason, and at any time, by contacting Member Services.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it’s possible that your PCP might leave our plan’s network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan or you will pay more for

covered services.

To change your PCP, call Member Services **before** you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Member Services if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change.

Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?

If you choose to select a PCP, your PCP will provide most of your care and will help arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member. Your PCP may refer you to a specialist, but you can go to any specialists in our network *without* a referral.

Prior authorization process

In some cases, your PCP or other provider, or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan, may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests that you receive in-network (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider, or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

Prior authorization is not required for covered services received out-of-network; however, if we later determine that the services you received were not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. You or your doctor may ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary by calling Member Services.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have

the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.

- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

Section 2.3	How to get care from out-of-network providers
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As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. However, please note providers that do not contract with us are under no obligation to treat you, except in emergency situations. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and are medically necessary. However, **if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.** Here are other important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

- You can get your care from an out-of-network provider; however, in most cases that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you receive care from a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.
- You don't need to get a referral or prior authorization when you get care from out-of-network providers. However, before getting services from out-of-network providers you may want to ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary. (See Chapter 7, Section 4 for information about asking for coverage decisions.) This is important because:
 - Without a pre-visit coverage decision, if we later determine that the services are not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care. See Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint*) to learn how to make an appeal.
- It is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill the plan first. But, if you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. Or if an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, you can send it to us for payment. See Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*) for information about what to do if you receive a bill or if you need to ask for reimbursement.
- If you are using an out-of-network provider for emergency care, urgently needed services, or out-of-area dialysis, you may not have to pay a higher cost-sharing amount. See Section 3 for more information about these situations.

SECTION 3 **How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster**

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care wherever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.

Our plan covers worldwide services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- Emergency care
- Urgently needed care
- Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility

Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we may not be able to pay your claim.

- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on your member ID card).

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If you get your follow-up care from out-of-network providers, you will pay the higher out-of-network cost sharing.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, the amount of cost sharing that you pay will depend on whether you get the care from network providers or out-of-network providers. If you get

the care from network providers, your share of the costs will usually be lower than if you get the care from out-of-network providers.

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency situation requiring immediate medical care but given your circumstances, it is not possible or not reasonable to obtain these services from a network provider. The plan must cover urgently needed services provided out of network. Some examples of urgently needed services are i) a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend or ii) an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition when you are temporarily outside of the service area.

If you need to locate an urgent care facility, you can find an in-network urgent care center near you by using the *Provider Directory*, going to our website at [AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider](https://www.aetna.com/medicare/findprovider), or getting help from Member Services.

Our plan covers worldwide services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- Emergency care
- Urgently needed care
- Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility

Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we may not be able to pay your claim.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com) for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Any amounts you pay for services after a benefit limit has been reached do not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in the trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?
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Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information about submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is non-excepted.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan’s coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - – *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage has unlimited additional days (see *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4).

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1	Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?
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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), we will transfer ownership of certain DME items. Call Member Services to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments you made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2	Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance
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What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:
*Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and
what you pay)*

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?

Under our plan, there are two different limits on what you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered medical services:

- Your **in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount (MOOP)** is **\$6,000**. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered plan services received from network providers. The amounts you pay for deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance for covered services from network providers count toward this in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for services from out-of-network providers do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid **\$6,000** for covered services from network providers, you will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year when you see our network providers. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).
- Your **combined maximum out-of-pocket amount** is **\$8,950**. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered plan services received from both in-network and out-of-network providers. The amounts you pay for deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance for covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. (In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid **\$8,950** for covered services, you will have 100% coverage and will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), an important protection for you is that you only have to

pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider. You will generally have higher copays when you obtain care from out-of-network providers.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, then you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan
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The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered as in-network services *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).
 - Covered services that need approval in advance to be covered as in-network services are marked by a note in the Medical Benefits Chart.
 - You never need approval in advance for out-of-network services from out-of-network providers.
- While you don't need approval in advance for out-of-network services, you or your doctor can ask us to make a coverage decision in advance.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- For benefits where your cost sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you receive the services from:

- If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.


Important information regarding the services listed below in the Medical Benefits Chart:

If you receive services from:	If your plan services include:	You will pay:
<p>A primary care physician (PCP) or specialist and get more than one covered service during the single visit:</p> <p><i>A clinic visit cost share may apply based on the role of the attending physician (PCP or specialist).</i></p>	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinsurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.

If you receive services from:	If your plan services include:	You will pay:
<p>An outpatient facility and get more than one covered service during the single visit:</p>	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinsurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.




 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.




Medical Benefits Chart


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p>
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lasting 12 weeks or longer; • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); • not associated with surgery; and • not associated with pregnancy. <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> <p>Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered acupuncture visit.</p> <p>\$20 copay for each non-Medicare covered additional acupuncture visit.</p>	<p>50% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered acupuncture visit.</p> <p>50% coinsurance for each non-Medicare covered additional acupuncture visit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>all applicable state requirements and have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e. Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p> <p>Additional acupuncture services In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acupuncture services to treat conditions in addition to chronic lower back pain: up to twenty visits every year <p>We have partnered with American Specialty Health (ASH) to provide your acupuncture coverage. Covered services must be performed by a licensed acupuncturist for the relief of musculoskeletal pain conditions, nausea from pregnancy, immediate post-surgery, and chemotherapy. Establishing medical necessity is the responsibility of ASH and your provider.</p> <p>To locate a network provider, you may contact Member Services or search our online directory and look for the American Specialty Health (ASH) designation. If you choose to use a provider outside of the network, you may be responsible for additional costs.</p> <p>Covered services do not include acupuncture for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weight loss 		
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		




Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sexual dysfunction Mental conditions such as depression, smoking cessation, or drug or alcohol addiction Any other conditions that do not meet coverage criteria <p>*Amounts you pay for additional acupuncture services do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>		
<p>Ambulance services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member’s condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. <p>Prior authorization is required for non-emergency transportation by fixed-wing aircraft.</p>	<p>\$280 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via ground ambulance.</p> <p>\$280 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via air ambulance.</p> <p>Ground or air ambulance cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>	<p>\$280 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via ground ambulance.</p> <p>\$280 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via air ambulance.</p> <p>Ground or air ambulance cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>
<p>Annual routine physical The annual routine physical is an extensive physical exam including a medical history collection and it may also include any of the following: vital signs, observation of general appearance, a head and neck exam, a heart and lung exam, an abdominal exam, a neurological exam, a dermatological exam, and an extremities exam.</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for an annual routine physical exam.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for an annual routine physical exam.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Annual routine physical <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Coverage for this non-Medicare covered benefit is in addition to the Medicare-covered annual wellness visit and the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. You may schedule your annual routine physical once each calendar year.</p> <p>Preventive labs, screenings, and/or diagnostic tests received during this visit are subject to your lab and diagnostic test coverage. (See Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies for more information.)</p>		
<p> Annual wellness visit</p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. Our plan will cover the annual wellness visit once each calendar year.</p> <p>Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the annual wellness visit.</p>
<p> Bone mass measurement</p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>
<p> Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • One screening mammogram each calendar year for women age 40 and older • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each diagnostic mammogram.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for covered screening mammograms.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each diagnostic mammogram.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Cardiac rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	<p>\$35 copay for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation service.</p> <p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered intensive cardiac rehabilitation service.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered intensive cardiac rehabilitation service.</p>
<p> Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you’re eating healthy.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>
<p> Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p>
<p> Cervical and vaginal cancer screening Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months • If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>
<p>Chiropractic services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional chiropractic services: up to twelve visits every year <p>Services include, but are not limited to, evaluation</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit.</p> <p>\$20 copay for each non-Medicare covered additional chiropractic visit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each non-Medicare covered additional chiropractic visit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Chiropractic services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>and management, x-ray examination, chiropractic manipulative therapy, modalities and therapeutic procedures, physical rehabilitation for musculoskeletal conditions of the spine and extremities.</p> <p>To locate a network provider, you may contact Member Services or search our online directory. If you choose to use a provider outside of the network, you may be responsible for additional costs.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p> Colorectal cancer screening</p> <p>The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. • Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. • Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Twice per calendar year. • Screening Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test for patients 45 years and older. Twice per calendar year. • Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered screening barium enema.</p> <p>Preventive colonoscopy: \$0 copay</p> <p>Please note: If a polyp is removed or a biopsy is performed during a Medicare-covered screening colonoscopy, the polyp removal and associated pathology will be covered at \$0 copay.</p> <p>Diagnostic colonoscopy: \$0 copay</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered screening barium enema.</p> <p>If a polyp is removed or a biopsy is performed during a Medicare-covered screening colonoscopy, the polyp removal and associated pathology will be covered subject to the outpatient surgery cost sharing.</p> <p>Diagnostic colonoscopy is subject to the “Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers” cost-sharing amount.</p> <p>If you have had polyps removed during a previous colonoscopy or have a condition that is</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Colorectal cancer screening <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. <p>Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</p>		<p>monitored via colonoscopy (such as a prior history of colon cancer), ongoing colonoscopies are considered diagnostic, and are subject to the outpatient surgery cost sharing. (See “Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers” for more information.)</p>
<p>Dental services</p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleanings, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation. In addition, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preventive dental services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oral exams Cleanings Bitewing x-rays Comprehensive dental services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-routine services Diagnostic services Restorative services Endodontics Periodontics 	<p>Preventive dental services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oral exams: \$0 copay Cleanings: \$0 copay Fluoride treatments: Not covered Bitewing x-rays: \$0 copay <p>Comprehensive dental services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-routine services: 20%-50% coinsurance Diagnostic services: \$0 copay Restorative services: 20%-50% coinsurance Endodontics: 20% coinsurance Periodontics: 20%-50% coinsurance Extractions: 20%-50% coinsurance Prosthodontics and maxillofacial services: 50% coinsurance <p>Review the Evidence of Coverage Schedule of Benefits for details on</p>	<p>Preventive dental services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 30% coinsurance <p>Comprehensive dental services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 30%-70% coinsurance <p>Review the Evidence of Coverage Schedule of Benefits for details on covered dental services.</p> <p>(See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” for information about Medicare-covered dental services.)</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>Review the Evidence of Coverage Schedule of Benefits for details on</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Dental services <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Extractions ◦ Prosthodontic and maxillofacial services <p>This plan has an annual benefit amount, also known as an allowance. Covered services will be paid to the provider up to the annual benefit amount (allowance). You will be responsible for any costs over the benefit amount of \$2,000 every year for covered comprehensive dental services. You will not be reimbursed for any costs over the annual benefit amount.</p> <p>To find a provider in the dental network, visit AetnaMedicare.com/H9431-017 or call Member Services. Please note: Your dental network is different than your medical network.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for preventive dental services do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. *Amounts you pay for comprehensive dental services do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>covered dental services. (See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” for information about Medicare-covered dental services.)</p>	
<p> Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for an annual depression screening visit.</p>
<p> Diabetes screening We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>
<p> Diabetes self-management training, <i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>0% - 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered supply to monitor blood</p>	<p>0% - 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered supply to monitor blood</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>diabetic services and supplies For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We exclusively cover OneTouch/LifeScan blood glucose monitors and test strips as our preferred diabetic supplies. A lancing device, 10 lancets, and solutions are also covered by OneTouch/LifeScan. You can order your OneTouch meter, lancing device, and case without a prescription by visiting www.OneTouch.orderpoints.com. You can also simply call LifeScan at 877-764-5390. You will need to provide order code 123AET200 at the time of your order. In approximately 5-7 business days your order will arrive via USPS. You can also obtain a LifeScan OneTouch meter from your local network pharmacy, but you will need to provide a prescription from your physician. You will also need a prescription to obtain LifeScan test strips from your local pharmacy. We only cover other brands of monitors and test strips if medically necessary. If you or your provider request a medical exception, 	<p>glucose.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0% coinsurance for OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices. 20% coinsurance for non-OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices (prior authorization may be required). <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetic shoes and inserts.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p>	<p>glucose.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0% coinsurance for OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices. 20% coinsurance for non-OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices (prior authorization may be required). <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetic shoes and inserts.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>and a prior authorization is approved, a 20% coinsurance will apply.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-LifeScan monitors and test strips without a medical exception, or a medical exception that is not approved, will not be covered. • Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGMs) are considered Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and are subject to applicable DME cost sharing. <p>Prior authorization is required for more than one blood glucose monitor per year and/or test strips in excess of 100 strips per 30 days. Prior authorization may be required for diabetic shoes and inserts. Prior authorization is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 10 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGMs) and supplies are available through participating DME providers. For a list of DME providers, visit www.aetna.com/dsepublicContent/assets/pdf/en/DME_National_Provider_Listing.pdf.</p> <p>Dexcom and FreeStyle Libre Continuous Glucose Monitors and supplies are also available at participating pharmacies.</p> <p>Your provider must obtain authorization for a Continuous Glucose Monitor. Sensors can be obtained without permission from the plan.</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment item.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment item.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of participating pharmacies and suppliers is available on our website at AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Emergency care Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency care (worldwide) • Emergency ambulance services (worldwide) 	<p>\$120 copay for emergency care.</p> <p>Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$120 copay for emergency care worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$280 copay for one-way emergency ambulance services worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital in order to pay the in-network cost-sharing amount for the part of</p>	<p>\$120 copay for emergency care.</p> <p>Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$120 copay for emergency care worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing <u>is</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$280 copay for one-way emergency ambulance services worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital in order to pay the in-network cost-sharing amount for the part of</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	your stay after you are stabilized. If you stay at the out-of-network hospital, your stay will be covered but you will pay the out-of-network cost-sharing amount for the part of your stay after you are stabilized.	your stay after you are stabilized. If you stay at the out-of-network hospital, your stay will be covered but you will pay the out-of-network cost-sharing amount for the part of your stay after you are stabilized.
<p>Fitness program Fitness program (physical fitness) You are covered for a basic membership to any SilverSneakers® participating fitness facility.</p> <p>If you do not reside near a participating facility, or prefer to exercise at home, online classes and at-home fitness kits are available. You may order one fitness kit per year through SilverSneakers.</p> <p>You will also have access to online enrichment classes to support your health and wellness, as well as your mental fitness. Health and wellness classes include, but are not limited to: cooking, food & nutrition, and mindfulness. Mental fitness classes include, but are not limited to: new skills, organization, self-help, and staying connected. These classes can be accessed online by visiting SilverSneakers.com.</p> <p>To get started, you will need your SilverSneakers ID number. Please visit SilverSneakers.com or call SilverSneakers at 1-888-423-4632 (TTY/TDD: 711) to obtain this ID number. Then, bring this ID number with you when you visit a participating fitness facility. Information about participating facilities can be found by using the SilverSneakers website or by calling SilverSneakers.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for health club membership/fitness classes.</p>	<p>0% coinsurance for at-home fitness kits ordered through SilverSneakers. There are no out-of-network facilities available for this benefit.</p>
<p> Health and wellness education programs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24-Hour Nurse Line: Talk to a registered nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Please call 1-855-493-7019 (For TTY/TDD assistance, please dial 711). • Health education: This benefit gives 	<p>\$0 copay for 24-Hour Nurse Line services.</p> <p>\$0 copay for health education.</p>	<p>The in-network provider must be used for the 24-Hour Nurse Line benefit.</p> <p>Health education is included in your plan.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Health and wellness education programs <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>members the opportunity to interact one-on-one, in a group, or virtually with a certified health educator or other qualified health professional for things like: diabetes management, nutrition counseling, and asthma education. For more information on this program, please call Member Services.</p>		
<p>Hearing services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine hearing exams: one exam every year • Hearing aid fitting/evaluation: one hearing aid fitting/evaluation every year • Hearing aids: You get an annual benefit amount (allowance) up to a maximum amount of \$1,250 per ear, every year. This benefit amount can only be used to purchase hearing aids through a NationsHearing network provider. If the cost is over the benefit amount, you pay the difference. <p>Routine hearing exam: We partner with NationsHearing to provide your hearing exam. You can schedule your hearing exam with a NationsHearing provider by calling 1-877-225-0137 (TTY: 711). Representatives are available 8:00 am to 8:00 pm local time, 7 days a week, with the exception of holidays. Please note: If you get an exam with a provider outside of the NationsHearing network, you may be responsible for a cost share.</p> <p>Hearing aids: We partner with NationsHearing to provide your</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered routine hearing exam.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered hearing aid fitting/evaluation.</p> <p>Hearing aids: \$0 copay (two hearing aids every year).</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each non-Medicare covered routine hearing exam and hearing aid fitting/evaluation.</p> <p>Hearing aids must be purchased through NationsHearing. Coverage will not be provided for hearing aids purchased from a non-participating provider.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hearing services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>hearing aids. Your hearing aid benefit amount can only be used to purchase hearing aids through a NationsHearing network provider. The benefit amount is applied to the hearing aids at the time of purchase. If the cost is more than the benefit amount, you pay the difference.</p> <p>Please note: If you receive a hearing exam from a provider outside of the NationsHearing network and need hearing aids, that provider must call NationsHearing at 1-877-226-8992 to get your hearing aids. They will provide the exam results and help schedule an appointment for you at a Nations provider to get your hearing aids and fittings.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for hearing aids do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>		
<p> HIV screening</p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One screening exam every 12 months <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>
<p>Home health agency care</p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered home health service.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment item.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered home health service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered durable medical equipment item.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Home health agency care (<i>continued</i>)</p> <p>services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy Medical and social services Medical equipment and supplies <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Home infusion therapy</p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Prior to receiving home infusion services, they must be ordered by a doctor and included in your care plan.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit Remote monitoring Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier 	<p>You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care physician services, specialist physician services (including certified home infusion providers), or home health services depending on where you received administration or monitoring services. (See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” or “Home health agency care” for any applicable cost sharing.)</p> <p>Please note that home infusion drugs, pumps, and devices provided during a home infusion therapy visit are covered separately under your “Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and related supplies” benefit.</p>	<p>You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care physician services, specialist physician services (including certified home infusion providers), or home health services, depending on where you received administration or monitoring services. (See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” or “Home health agency care” for any applicable cost sharing.)</p> <p>Please note that home infusion drugs, pumps, and devices provided during a home infusion therapy visit are covered separately under your “Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and related supplies” benefit.</p>
<p>Hospice care</p> <p>You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you’re terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hospice care <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan’s service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs for symptom control and pain relief • Short-term respite care • Home care <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan’s network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services 	<p>Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).</p> <p>Hospice consultations are included as part of inpatient hospital care.</p> <p>Physician service cost sharing may apply for outpatient consultations.</p>	<p>Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO).</p> <p>Hospice consultations are included as part of inpatient hospital care.</p> <p>Physician service cost sharing may apply for outpatient consultations.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hospice care <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the plan cost sharing for out-of-network services <p><u>For services that are covered by Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</u> Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p>Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>		
<p> Immunizations Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pneumonia vaccine Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B COVID-19 vaccine Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other vaccines covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum cost share ensures member cost sharing does not exceed the adjusted Medicare coinsurance for Part B rebatable drugs. 	<p>0% coinsurance for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for all other vaccines covered under Medicare Part B.</p>
<p>Inpatient hospital care Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p>	<p>\$365 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90; \$0 copay for additional days for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p>	<p>30% per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>Cost sharing is charged</p>	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient hospital care <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>Days covered: There is no limit to the number of days covered by our plan. Cost sharing is not charged on the day of discharge.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals including special diets • Regular nursing services • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) • Drugs and medications • Lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • Necessary surgical and medical supplies • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs • Operating and recovery room costs • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy • Inpatient substance abuse services • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and 	<p>for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>	<p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient hospital care <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>transportation costs for you and a companion.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. • Physician services <p>Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <p>Days covered: There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</p> <p>Cost sharing is not charged on the day of discharge.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$375 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90 for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility</p>	<p>30% per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.	Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities is considered a new admission.
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</p> <p>If you have exhausted your skilled nursing facility benefits, or if the skilled nursing facility or inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF).</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physician services • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services • Surgical dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses; and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient’s physical condition • Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including nationally contracted walk-in clinic services and urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$40 copay for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$50 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including Medicare-covered telehealth services and urgently needed services).</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, Medicare-covered telehealth services, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	<p>Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic device.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic device.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p>
<p>Meal benefit After discharge from an Inpatient Acute Hospital, Inpatient Psychiatric Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility to your home, you may be eligible to receive up to 14 meals over a 7-day period delivered to your home. After our plan confirms that this benefit will help support your recovery or manage your health conditions, and is not based solely on convenience or comfort purposes, you will be contacted by our partner, NationsMarket, to schedule delivery.</p> <p>Note: Observation and outpatient stays do not qualify you for this benefit. Meals must be scheduled for delivery within three months of the qualifying discharge.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for meals do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for covered meals.</p>	<p>The in-network provider must be used for the meal benefit.</p>
<p> Medical nutrition therapy This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor. <i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Medical nutrition therapy (<i>continued</i>)</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>services.</p>	
<p> Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered MDPP benefit.</p>
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan.</p> <p>Covered drugs include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs that usually aren’t self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services • Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) • Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan • Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia • Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were 	<p>Insulin cost sharing is subject to a coinsurance cap of \$35 for one-month’s supply of insulin and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum cost share ensures member cost sharing does not exceed the adjusted Medicare coinsurance for Part B rebatable drugs. <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p>	<p>Insulin cost sharing is subject to a coinsurance cap of \$35 for one-month’s supply of insulin and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <p>Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug Antigens Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases <p>The following link takes you to a list of Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: Aetna.com/PartB-Step</p> <p>We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimum cost share ensures member cost sharing does not exceed the adjusted Medicare coinsurance for Part B rebatable drugs. <p>Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.</p>	
<p> Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>
<p>Opioid treatment program services</p> <p>Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered opioid use disorder treatment service.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered opioid use disorder treatment service.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Opioid treatment program services <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications • Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) • Substance use counseling • Individual and group therapy • Toxicology testing • Intake activities • Periodic assessments <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-rays • Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies • Surgical supplies, such as dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Laboratory tests • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. • Other outpatient diagnostic tests <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered and non-Medicare covered blood services.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered blood services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for non-Medicare covered blood services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	<p>\$50 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for certain Medicare-covered diagnostic tests and services including retinal fundus, Spirometry, and Peripheral arterial disease (PAD).</p> <p>An additional cost share may apply if you receive services from multiple providers.</p>	<p>service other than CT scans.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p>
<p>Outpatient hospital observation Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$350 copay for outpatient hospital observation services.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for outpatient hospital observation services.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient hospital observation (<i>continued</i>) call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>		
<p>Outpatient hospital services We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital • Medical supplies such as splints and casts • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$350 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>\$350 copay for outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>\$50 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>\$375 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure and test.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered lab service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered CT scan.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service other than CT scans.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered x-ray.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual or group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual or group</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$85 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum cost share ensures member cost sharing does not exceed the adjusted Medicare coinsurance for Part B rebatable drugs. <p>0% - 20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum cost share ensures member cost sharing does not exceed the adjusted Medicare coinsurance for Part B rebatable drugs. 	<p>session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
	\$40 copay for all other outpatient hospital services.	
<p>Outpatient mental health care Covered services include:</p> <p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual session for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered group session for outpatient mental health services.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual or group session for outpatient psychiatrist services.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual or group session for outpatient mental health services.</p>
<p>Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy service.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered physical and speech therapy service.</p>
<p>Outpatient substance abuse services Our coverage is the same as Original Medicare’s which is coverage for services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services found only in the inpatient hospital setting. The coverage available for these services is subject to the same rules generally applicable</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual outpatient substance abuse session.</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered group outpatient substance abuse session.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient substance abuse session (individual or group sessions).</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient substance abuse services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>to the coverage of outpatient hospital services.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessment, evaluation, and treatment for substance use related disorders by a Medicare-eligible provider to quickly determine the severity of substance use and identify the appropriate level of treatment. • Brief interventions or advice focusing on increasing insight and awareness regarding substance use and motivation toward behavioral change. <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</p> <p>Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>\$350 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>\$350 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an ambulatory surgical center.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an outpatient hospital facility.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery at an ambulatory surgical center.</p>
<p>Over-the-Counter (OTC) benefit</p> <p>You will receive a \$105 benefit amount (allowance) each calendar quarter to purchase approved over-the-counter (OTC) health and wellness items like first aid supplies, cold and allergy medicine, pain relievers, COVID-19 tests, and more. The \$105 benefit amount is available the first day of each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters begin in January, April, July, and October. Be sure to use the full benefit amount each quarter because any unused amount will not roll over into the following quarter.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered OTC items.</p> <p>This benefit includes certain nicotine replacement therapies.</p>	<p>The in-network provider must be used for covered OTC items.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Over-the-Counter (OTC) benefit <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>We have partnered with OTC Health Solutions (OTCHS) to provide this benefit. The benefit amount is not connected to a payment or debit card. You will use your Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) member ID to confirm benefit eligibility, confirm benefit amount, and make purchases.</p> <p>Approved OTC products can be found in the OTCHS catalog. The catalog with details on how to purchase products can be viewed at AetnaMedicare.com/H9431-017.</p> <p>You can purchase OTC items in 3 ways:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Over the phone:</i> Call OTC Health Solutions at 1-833-331-1573 (TTY: 711). You can order with a representative Monday-Friday 9 AM-8 PM local time (except Hawaii). You can also order 24 hours a day/7 days a week using the automated phone ordering system. You will need to have your member ID card and OTC catalog handy to place the order. <i>Online:</i> Visit cvs.com/otchs/myorder and register using your member ID card and valid email address. Orders for in stock items placed online or by phone should be received within 14 days. <i>In Store:</i> You can also purchase products in the catalog at a CVS Pharmacy®, CVS Pharmacy y más®, or Navarro® store. To find a store near you, visit cvs.com/otchs/myorder/storelocator. <p>Here is how you purchase in store:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> We recommend you take your Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) member ID card or a valid ID with you to the store, along with the product SKUs from the catalog for the items you wish to purchase. A copy of the OTC catalog should also be available in the store for you to reference. You can find eligible products in the dedicated OTCHS section (if available), or on shelves throughout the store. Not all stores will have a dedicated OTCHS section. Check for items with blue shelf tags and match the SKU number to the <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		




Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Over-the-Counter (OTC) benefit <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>items in your catalog. 3. Present your member ID card to the cashier before any products are scanned at checkout. You cannot purchase items with the benefit at a self-checkout register.</p> <p>Please note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You cannot exceed your quarterly benefit amount and pay the difference for transactions in store, online or by phone. Reimbursement is not allowed for any item purchased without the benefit. There is no OTC order form to mail in for this benefit. This benefit is for Aetna Medicare plan members only. There is no quantity limit per any single item, with some exceptions. Blood pressure monitors and select other items may be limited per benefit period (each time the new benefit amount renews). We reserve the right to limit the number of certain items as needed. <p>*Amounts you pay for over-the-counter items do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>		
<p>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services</p> <p>Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p>Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$85 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location • Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist • Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment • Certain telehealth services, as long as your provider can offer these services via telehealth, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Primary care physician services ◦ Physician specialist services ◦ Diabetes self-management training services ◦ Kidney disease education services ◦ Mental health services (individual sessions) ◦ Mental health services (group sessions) ◦ Occupational therapy services ◦ Opioid treatment services ◦ Outpatient substance abuse services (individual sessions) ◦ Outpatient substance abuse services (group sessions) ◦ Physical and speech therapy services ◦ Psychiatric services (individual sessions) ◦ Psychiatric services (group sessions) ◦ Urgently needed services • This coverage is in addition to the telehealth 	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including nationally contracted walk-in clinic services and urgently needed services).</p> <p>For a list of nationally contracted walk-in clinics, please consult your provider directory.</p> <p>\$40 copay for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p> <p>Certain additional telehealth services, including those for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 copay for each primary care physician service • \$40 copay for each physician specialist service • \$0 copay for each diabetes self-management training service 	<p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered primary care physician (PCP) services (including telehealth services and urgently needed services).</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, Medicare-covered telehealth services, home infusion professional services, and urgently needed services).</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered dental service.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>services described below. For more details on your additional telehealth coverage, please review your Aetna Medicare Telehealth Coverage at AetnaMedicare.com/Telehealth.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Not all providers offer telehealth services. ◦ You should contact your doctor for information on what telehealth services they offer and how to schedule a telehealth visit. Depending on location, you may also have the option to schedule a telehealth visit 24 hours a day, 7 days a week via Teladoc, MinuteClinic Video Visit, or other provider that offers telehealth services covered under your plan. You can access Teladoc at Teladoc.com/Aetna or by calling 1-855-TELADOC (1-855-835-2362) (TTY: 711). You can find out if MinuteClinic Video Visits are available in your area at CVS.com/MinuteClinic/virtual-care/visit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home • Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location • Telehealth services for members with a 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20% coinsurance for each kidney disease education service • \$40 copay for each mental health service (individual sessions) • \$40 copay for each mental health service (group sessions) • \$40 copay for each occupational therapy service • \$40 copay for each opioid treatment program service • \$40 copay for each individual outpatient substance abuse service • \$40 copay for each group outpatient substance abuse service • \$40 copay for each physical therapy and speech therapy service • \$40 copay for each psychiatric service (individual sessions) • \$40 copay for each psychiatric service (group sessions) • \$60 copay for each urgently needed service <p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered dental service.</p>	
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location • Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit ◦ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services ◦ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances • Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers • Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You’re not a new patient and ◦ The check-in isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ◦ The check-in doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ You’re not a new patient and ◦ The evaluation isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ◦ The evaluation doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record • Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare 		
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits <i>(continued)</i>		
<p>the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p>Podiatry services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) • Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs 	\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit.	30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit.
<p> Prostate cancer screening exams For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.</p>
<p>Prosthetic devices and related supplies Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see Vision care later in this section for more detail.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic device.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic device.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p>
<p>Pulmonary rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	\$15 copay for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service.	30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service.


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Pulmonary rehabilitation services <i>(continued)</i> moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>		
<p> Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p>Eligible members are: people aged 50–77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit and for the LDCT.</p>
<p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent <i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>STIs We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to two individual 20- to 30-minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor’s office.</p>	<p>counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>	<p>preventive benefit.</p>
<p>Services to treat kidney disease Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime • Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible) • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) • Home dialysis equipment and supplies • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to 	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered kidney disease education session.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered outpatient dialysis, self-dialysis training, certain home support services, and home dialysis equipment and supplies.</p> <p>\$365 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90; \$0 copay for additional days for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered kidney disease education session.</p> <p>50% coinsurance for outpatient dialysis, self-dialysis training, certain home support services, and home dialysis equipment and supplies.</p> <p>30% per stay for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Cost sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>Your inpatient benefits will</p>	<p>begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Services to treat kidney disease (<i>continued</i>)</p> <p>help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</p> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>	<p>begin on day one each time you are admitted within or to a specific facility type. A transfer within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>	<p>within or to a facility including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities, is considered a new admission.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>Days covered: up to 100 days per benefit period. A prior hospital stay is not required. We will only cover your stay if you meet certain Medicare guidelines and your stay is medically necessary. Cost sharing is not charged on the day of discharge.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals, including special diets • Skilled nursing services • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) 	<p>\$10 per day, days 1-20; \$203 per day, days 21-100 for each Medicare-covered SNF stay.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>	<p>30% per stay for each Medicare-covered SNF stay.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care <i>(continued)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs • Physician/Practitioner services <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care). • A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital. <p>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</p>		
<p> Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) <u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine</u></p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered smoking and tobacco use cessation visit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each non-Medicare covered smoking and tobacco use cessation visit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)<i>(continued)</i></p> <p>that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional individual and group face-to-face intermediate and intensive counseling sessions: unlimited visits every year 		
<p>Supervised exercise therapy (SET) SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD). Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician’s office • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	<p>\$25 copay for each Medicare-covered supervised exercise therapy service.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered supervised exercise therapy service.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Urgently needed services Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urgent care (worldwide) 	<p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered urgent care facility visit.</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>(See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” for information about urgently needed services provided in a physician’s office.)</p> <p>\$120 copay for each urgent care visit worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>	<p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered urgent care facility visit.</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>(See “Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” for information about urgently needed services provided in a physician’s office.)</p> <p>\$120 copay for each urgent care visit worldwide (i.e., outside the United States).</p> <p>Cost sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>
<p> Vision care Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn’t cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 	<p>\$0 copay for services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.</p> <p>\$0 copay for the initial diabetic eye exam each year.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each follow-up diabetic eye exam.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for Medicare-covered eyewear.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for each non-Medicare covered eye exam and each follow-up diabetic eye exam.</p>
<p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>\$0 copay for</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Vision care (<i>continued</i>)</p> <p>or older.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year. One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-Medicare covered eye exams (refractions): one exam every year Follow-up diabetic eye exam <p>*Amounts you pay for non-Medicare covered eye exams do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for follow-up diabetic eye exams do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>Medicare-covered eyewear.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare covered eye exam.</p> <p>Additional cost sharing may apply if you receive additional services during your visit.</p>	<p>Additional cost sharing may apply if you receive additional services during your visit.</p>
<p>Vision care — eyewear (non-Medicare covered)</p> <p>With this plan you get an eyewear benefit amount (allowance) up to \$300 every year for prescription eyewear including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact lenses Eyeglasses including lenses and frames Eyeglass lenses Eyeglass frames Upgrades (including UV protection and scratch coating) <p>To find a participating EyeMed provider, you can search online at AetnaMedicareVision.com or call Aetna vision customer service at 1-844-486-3485 (TTY: 711).</p> <p>This benefit is administered through EyeMed. You</p> <p><i>This service is continued on the next page</i></p>	<p>Covered prescription eyewear:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact lenses: \$0 copay Eyeglasses (lenses and frames): \$0 copay Eyeglass lenses: \$0 copay Eyeglass frames: \$0 copay Upgrades (including UV protection and scratch coating): \$0 copay 	<p>Covered prescription eyewear:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact lenses: \$0 copay Eyeglasses (lenses and frames): \$0 copay Eyeglass lenses: \$0 copay Eyeglass frames: \$0 copay Upgrades (including UV protection and scratch coating): \$0 copay

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Vision care — eyewear (non-Medicare covered) <i>(continued)</i></p> <p>can use your \$300 benefit amount to purchase covered eyewear at an EyeMed provider. Your benefit amount is applied at the time of purchase. If your eyewear purchase is more than your benefit amount, you'll just need to pay the difference. You can choose to use a provider outside of the EyeMed network, but you may be responsible for additional costs.</p> <p>*Amounts you pay for additional eyewear services do not apply to your in-network or combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>		
<p> Welcome to Medicare preventive visit</p> <p>The plan covers the one-time Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p>Important: We cover the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for a Medicare-covered EKG following the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>	<p>30% coinsurance for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p> <p>30% coinsurance for a Medicare-covered EKG following the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.</p>
<p>Wigs for hair loss related to chemotherapy</p> <p>This benefit is offered for hair loss as a result of chemotherapy.</p> <p>Plan pays up to \$400 every year for covered wigs. You are responsible for any amount above the wig coverage limit.</p> <p>Members can get wigs through a durable medical equipment (DME) supplier, or purchase from a supplier of their choice and submit a claim for reimbursement. To find a DME supplier visit AetnaMedicare.com/findprovider.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each covered item.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for each covered item.</p>

**2024 Deluxe PPO Mandatory
Schedule of Benefits**

Our plan offers supplemental dental benefits. This Schedule of Benefits describes your covered benefits and services. You are responsible for cost shares listed in the table below when you're treated by a dentist. If you get a service not listed in the table, you will have to pay the full cost. You can take this document to verify your coverage with your dentist. To locate a participating dentist, you can call Member Services or go online at [AetnaMedicare.com/dental](https://www.aetnamedicare.com/dental).

Preventive Services			
Maximum Benefit: None			
What you must pay when you get these services			
		in-network	out-of-network
Exams — two procedures per calendar year			
D0120	Periodic oral exam	\$0	30%
D0150	Comprehensive oral exam	\$0	30%
Exams — two procedures per calendar year			
D0140	Limited oral evaluation — problem focused (can be done as teledentistry)	\$0	30%
D0180	Periodontal evaluation — problem focused	\$0	30%
Cleanings — two procedures per calendar year			
D1110	Adult prophylaxis	\$0	30%
Bitewing x-ray — one procedure per calendar year			
D0270	Single radiographic image	\$0	30%
D0272	Two radiographic images	\$0	30%
D0273	Three radiographic images	\$0	30%
D0274	Four radiographic images	\$0	30%
D0373	Intraoral tomosynthesis — bitewing radiographic image	\$0	30%
Comprehensive Services			
Maximum Benefit: \$2,000			
What you must pay when you get these services			
		in-network	out-of-network
Periapical x-ray — as needed			
D0220	Periapical — first image	\$0	30%
D0230	Periapical — each additional image	\$0	30%
D0374	Intraoral tomosynthesis — periapical radiographic image	\$0	30%
Panoramic or Full Mouth Series — one procedure every three years			
D0210	Full mouth series	\$0	30%
D0330	Panoramic image	\$0	30%

		in-network	out-of-network
D0372	Intraoral tomosynthesis — comprehensive series of radiographic images	\$0	30%
Basic Services			
Restorative (Fillings) — Amalgam and Composite, once per tooth per calendar year			
D2140	Amalgam — one surface	20%	50%
D2150	Amalgam — two surfaces	20%	50%
D2160	Amalgam — three surfaces	20%	50%
D2161	Amalgam — four or more surfaces	20%	50%
D2330	Resin-based composite — one surface, anterior	20%	50%
D2331	Resin-based composite — two surfaces, anterior	20%	50%
D2332	Resin-based composite — three surfaces, anterior	20%	50%
D2335	Resin-based composite — four or more surfaces, anterior	20%	50%
D2390	Resin-based composite crown, anterior	20%	50%
D2391	Resin-based composite — one surface, posterior	20%	50%
D2392	Resin-based composite — two surfaces, posterior	20%	50%
D2393	Resin-based composite — three surfaces, posterior	20%	50%
D2394	Resin-based composite — four or more surfaces, posterior	20%	50%
Re-cementation — one per tooth per year			
D2910	Re-cement inlay, onlay, or veneer	20%	50%
D2915	Re-cement cast or prefabricated post and core	20%	50%
D2920	Re-cement crown	20%	50%
Root Canal — one per tooth per lifetime			
D3310	Anterior, excluding final restoration	20%	50%
D3320	Premolar, excluding final restoration	20%	50%
D3330	Molar, excluding final restoration	20%	50%
Retreatment of Root Canal — one per tooth per lifetime			
D3346	Retreatment of root canal, anterior	20%	50%
D3347	Retreatment of root canal, premolar	20%	50%
D3348	Retreatment of root canal, molar	20%	50%
Scaling and Root Planing — each quadrant every two years			
D4341	Periodontal scaling and root planing, four or more teeth per quadrant	20%	50%
D4342	Periodontal scaling and root planing, one to three teeth per quadrant	20%	50%
Periodontal Maintenance — two per calendar year			
D4910	Periodontal maintenance — procedures	20%	50%
Extractions — one per tooth per lifetime			
D7140	Extraction — erupted tooth or exposed	20%	50%

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		in-network	out-of-network
D7210	Surgical removal of erupted tooth	20%	50%
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth — soft tissue	20%	50%
D7250	Surgical removal of residual tooth	20%	50%
Pain Treatment — as medically necessary			
D9110	Palliative treatment of dental pain, minor	20%	50%
Major Services			
Core Buildups/Posts and Cores — one per tooth every five years			
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins when required	50%	70%
D2952	Post and core in addition to crown, indirectly fabricated	50%	70%
D2953	Each additional indirectly fabricated post — same tooth	50%	70%
D2954	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown	50%	70%
D2957	Each additional prefabricated post — same tooth	50%	70%
Crown — one per tooth every five years			
D2720	Crown — resin with high noble metal	50%	70%
D2740	Crown — porcelain/ceramic substrate	50%	70%
D2750	Crown — porcelain fused to high noble metal	50%	70%
D2751	Crown — porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D2752	Crown — porcelain fused to noble metal	50%	70%
D2753	Crown — porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloy	50%	70%
D2780	Crown — 3/4 cast high noble metal	50%	70%
D2781	Crown — 3/4 cast predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D2782	Crown — 3/4 cast noble metal	50%	70%
D2783	Crown — 3/4 cast porcelain/ceramic	50%	70%
D2790	Crown — full cast high noble metal	50%	70%
D2791	Crown — full cast predominantly metal	50%	70%
D2792	Crown — full cast noble metal	50%	70%
Crown Repair — one per tooth per year			
D2980	Crown repair necessitated by restorative material failure	50%	70%
Debridement — one per lifetime			
D4355	Full mouth debridement	50%	70%
Complete Dentures — one per arch every five years			
D5110	Complete denture, maxillary	50%	70%
D5120	Complete denture, mandibular	50%	70%
D5130	Immediate denture, maxillary	50%	70%
D5140	Immediate denture, mandibular	50%	70%
Partial Dentures — one per arch every five years			
D5211	Maxillary partial denture — resin base	50%	70%
D5212	Mandibular partial denture — resin base	50%	70%

		in-network	out-of-network
D5213	Maxillary partial denture — cast base	50%	70%
D5214	Mandibular partial denture — cast base	50%	70%
D5225	Maxillary partial denture — flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)	50%	70%
D5226	Mandibular partial denture — flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth)	50%	70%
D5282	Removable unilateral partial denture — one piece cast metal (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), maxillary	50%	70%
D5283	Removable unilateral partial denture — one piece cast metal (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), mandibular	50%	70%
D5284	Removable unilateral partial denture — one piece flexible base (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), per quadrant	50%	70%
D5286	Removable unilateral partial denture — one piece resin (including retentive/clasping materials, rests, and teeth), per quadrant	50%	70%
Denture Adjustment, Repair and Rebase — as needed			
D5410	Adjustments complete denture, maxillary	50%	70%
D5411	Adjustments complete denture, mandibular	50%	70%
D5421	Adjustments partial denture, maxillary	50%	70%
D5422	Adjustments partial denture, mandibular	50%	70%
D5511	Repair broken complete denture base, mandibular	50%	70%
D5512	Repair broken complete denture base, maxillary	50%	70%
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth, complete denture (each tooth)	50%	70%
D5611	Repair resin denture base, mandibular	50%	70%
D5612	Repair resin denture base, maxillary	50%	70%
D5621	Repair cast framework, mandibular	50%	70%
D5622	Repair cast framework, maxillary	50%	70%
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp	50%	70%
D5640	Replace broken teeth, per tooth	50%	70%
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture	50%	70%
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture	50%	70%
D5670	Replace all teeth, upper partial	50%	70%
D5671	Replace all teeth, lower partial	50%	70%
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	50%	70%
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	50%	70%
D5720	Rebase partial maxillary denture	50%	70%
D5721	Rebase partial mandibular denture	50%	70%

		in-network	out-of-network
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture (direct)	50%	70%
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (direct)	50%	70%
D5740	Reline complete maxillary partial denture (direct)	50%	70%
D5741	Reline complete mandibular partial denture (direct)	50%	70%
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (indirect)	50%	70%
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (indirect)	50%	70%
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (indirect)	50%	70%
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (indirect)	50%	70%
D5876	Add metal substructure to acrylic full denture (per arch)	50%	70%
Fixed partial denture — as medically necessary			
D6980	Fixed partial denture repair	50%	70%
Pontic — one per tooth every five years			
D6210	Pontic — cast high noble metal	50%	70%
D6211	Pontic — cast predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D6212	Pontic — cast noble metal	50%	70%
D6240	Pontic — porcelain fused to high noble metal	50%	70%
D6241	Pontic — porcelain fused to base metal	50%	70%
D6242	Pontic — porcelain fused to noble metal	50%	70%
D6243	Pontic — porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	50%	70%
D6245	Pontic — porcelain/ceramic	50%	70%
D6250	Pontic — resin with high noble metal	50%	70%
D6251	Pontic — resin with predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D6252	Pontic — resin with noble metal	50%	70%
Bridge Retainers — one per tooth every five years			
D6545	Retainer — cast metal for resin bonded	50%	70%
D6548	Retainer — porcelain/ceramic resin bonded fixed prosthesis	50%	70%
D6720	Crown — resin with high noble metal	50%	70%
D6721	Crown — resin with predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D6722	Crown — resin with noble metal	50%	70%
D6740	Crown — porcelain/ceramic	50%	70%
D6750	Crown — porcelain fused to high noble metal	50%	70%
D6751	Crown — porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D6752	Crown — porcelain fused to noble metal	50%	70%
D6753	Retainer crown — porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	50%	70%
D6780	Crown — 3/4 cast high noble metal	50%	70%

		in-network	out-of-network
D6781	Crown — 3/4 cast predominantly based metal	50%	70%
D6782	Crown — 3/4 cast noble metal	50%	70%
D6783	Crown — 3/4 porcelain/ceramic	50%	70%
D6784	Retainer crown — 3/4 titanium and titanium alloys	50%	70%
D6790	Crown — full cast high noble metal	50%	70%
D6791	Crown — full cast predominantly base metal	50%	70%
D6792	Crown — full cast noble metal	50%	70%
Oral Surgery — once per tooth per lifetime			
D7230	Removal of impacted tooth — part bony	50%	70%
D7240	Removal of impacted tooth — full bony	50%	70%
D7241	Removal of impacted tooth — complication	50%	70%
Anesthesia — as needed/medical necessity			
D9219	Evaluation — deep sedation or general anesthesia	50%	70%
D9222	General anesthesia — first 15 minutes	50%	70%
D9223	General anesthesia — 15 minute increments	50%	70%
D9239	Intravenous sedation/analgesia — first 15 minutes	50%	70%
D9243	Intravenous sedation/analgesia — 15 minute increments	50%	70%
D9613	Infiltration of sustained release therapeutic drug — single or multiple sites	50%	70%

Non-covered Services

The plan does not cover the following:

- Dental services not listed in the table above
- Services or items listed in the Limitations & Exclusions section or dental services that exceed frequency limitations
- Services performed outside the United States of America

You're responsible for all charges related to any excluded services. You must also pay the costs of any services received greater than the limits specified.

Out-of-Network Benefits

You may receive covered services from providers who are not in our network. Your cost for services from an out-of-network provider are described in the table above.

Every dental service has a "usual and customary charge," which is the amount we will use for calculating benefits. You are responsible for any copayments and coinsurance. You may call Member Services to find out the usual and customary charge for a particular dental service.

If the amount you are charged for a covered service is equal to or less than the usual and customary charge, we will pay your provider that amount less any cost sharing that you owe. However, if the amount you are charged is greater than the usual and customary charge for that service, you must pay the difference. As an example, assume your coinsurance is 20%, the out-of-network provider's bill is \$150, and the usual and customary charge is \$100. In this example, we would pay \$80, and you would pay the coinsurance of \$20 plus the \$50 in actual charges that exceed the usual and customary charge. You are

responsible for amounts charged by the provider that exceed benefits. You may also be required to remit payment at the time of service. Billing arrangements are between you and the provider.

If you obtain services from a dental provider that is not part of our network, you may be required to pay your provider in full at the time services are provided. You can then submit a Medical Member Reimbursement Form to Aetna Medicare, PO Box 981106, El Paso, TX 79998-1106. You can get this form by calling Member Services or you can fill out and submit the form online at [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com).

Limitations & Exclusions

1. Coverage is limited to the services listed in the Schedule of Benefits. If a service is not listed, it is not included and is **not covered**.
2. Any services related to implants including implant removal, repair, restoration, or placement are **not covered**.
3. Fees related to broken appointments, preparing or copying dental reports, duplication of x-rays, itemized bills or claim forms are **not covered**.
4. Treatment for injuries or conditions covered by Workers' Compensation or employer liability laws, and treatment provided without cost to you by any municipality, county, or other political subdivision is **not covered**.
5. Treatment as a result of civil insurrection, duty as a member of the armed forces of any state or country, engaging in an act of declared or undeclared war, intentional or unintentional nuclear explosion or other release of nuclear energy, whether in peacetime or wartime, is **not covered**.
6. Any treatment covered under an individual or group medical plan, auto insurance, no-fault auto insurance or uninsured motorist policy, to the extent permitted by federal or state statute, is **not covered**.

Medical Necessity

This is a requirement for you to receive a covered benefit under this plan. Dental care services that we determine a provider using sensible clinical judgment would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that we determine are:

- In accordance with generally accepted standards of dental practice
- Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease
- Not primarily for the convenience of the patient, dentist, or other health care provider
- Not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce the same benefit or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease

Generally accepted standards of dental practice means standards based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed dental literature and is:

- Generally recognized by the relevant dental community
- Consistent with the standards set forth in policy issues involving clinical judgement

Alternate Benefits

Sometimes there are several ways to treat a dental problem, all of which provide acceptable results.

If a charge is made for a non-eligible dental service but an eligible dental service would have provided acceptable results, then your plan will pay a benefit for the eligible dental service.

If a charge is made for an eligible dental service but a different eligible dental service would have provided

acceptable results and is less expensive, then your plan will pay a benefit based upon the least expensive eligible dental service.

The benefit will be based on the in-network provider’s negotiated charge for the eligible dental service or, in the case of an out-of-network provider, on the recognized charge.

You should review the differences in the cost of alternate treatment with your dental provider. Of course, you and your dental provider can still choose the more costly treatment method. You are responsible for any charges in excess of what your plan will cover.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself, except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances. • Our plan provides some additional coverage for acupuncture as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. • Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		appearance.
<p>Custodial care</p> <p>Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition.</p>	
<p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications</p> <p>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. • (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
<p>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition.</p>	
<p>Full-time nursing care in your home</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition.</p>	
<p>Home-delivered meals</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our plan provides some coverage for home-delivered meals as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
<p>Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition.</p>	
<p>Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition.</p>	
<p>Non-routine dental care</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television	Not covered under any condition.	
Private room in a hospital		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Covered only when medically necessary.
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies	Not covered under any condition.	
Routine chiropractic care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. Our plan provides some additional coverage for routine chiropractic care as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures		Our plan provides some coverage for dental services as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. Routine eye exams: Our plan provides some coverage for routine eye exams as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. Eyewear: Our plan provides some additional coverage for eyewear as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Routine foot care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine hearing exams: Our plan provides some coverage for routine hearing exams as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. • Hearing aid fitting and evaluations: Our plan provides some coverage for hearing aid fitting and evaluations as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. • Hearing aids: Our plan provides some coverage for hearing aids as described in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition.	

CHAPTER 5:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

Chapter 5 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. Or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

When you received care from a provider who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost. (Your share of the cost may be higher for an out-of-network provider than for a network provider.) Ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If the provider is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive.

Chapter 5 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges
- When you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It’s a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your medical claims to us within 12 months** of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don’t have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website ([AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetnamedicare.com)) or call Member Services and ask for the form.

For medical claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Aetna Medicare
PO Box 981106
El Paso, TX 79998-1106

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Chapter 5 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe**

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

CHAPTER 6: *Your rights and responsibilities*

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

Section 1.1	We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)
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Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. Many documents are also available in Spanish. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Sección 1.1	Debemos proporcionarle información de una manera que sea conveniente para usted y compatible con sus sensibilidades culturales (en otros idiomas además de español, en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)
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Su plan está obligado a garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se presten de forma culturalmente competente y sean accesibles a todos los inscritos, incluidos los que tienen un dominio limitado del inglés, una capacidad limitada de lectura, una incapacidad auditiva o un origen cultural y étnico diverso. Algunos ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la prestación de servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono para mensajes o teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Muchos documentos también están disponibles en español. También podemos proporcionarle información en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Debemos proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para obtener información sobre nosotros de una manera que sea conveniente para usted, llame al Departamento de Servicios para Miembros.

Nuestro plan está obligado a ofrecer a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceder directamente a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de atención médica de rutina y preventivos para la mujer.

Si no están disponibles los proveedores de la red del plan para una especialidad, es responsabilidad del plan localizar proveedores especializados fuera de la red que le proporcionen la atención necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará el costo compartido dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialidades en la red del plan que cubran un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para que le informen dónde acudir para obtener ese servicio con un costo compartido dentro de la red.

Si tiene alguna dificultad para obtener información sobre nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, llámenos para presentar una queja ante el Departamento de Servicios para Miembros (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este documento). También puede presentar un reclamo ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles llamando al 1-800-368-1019 o al TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2	We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services
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You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral and still pay the in-network cost-sharing amount.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3	We must protect the privacy of your personal health information
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a Notice of Privacy Practice, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first*.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this

will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

Section 1.4	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services
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As a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.
- **Information from interpreters.** Our plan interpreter services are available in all languages including American Sign Language. Interpreter services are available for on-site interpretation during a medical appointment. If you require these services, please contact Member Services at least two weeks in advance of your scheduled appointment.

Section 1.5	We must support your right to make decisions about your care
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You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.

- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives. If you want to use an **advance directive** to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the state agency that oversees advance directives. To find the appropriate agency in your state, contact your SHIP. Contact information is in **Addendum A** at the back of this document.

Chapter 6 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.6	You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made
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If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint — **we are required to treat you fairly**

Section 1.7	What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?
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If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services**.
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Addendum A** at the back of this document.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.8	How to get more information about your rights
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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services**.
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Addendum A** at the back of this document.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication Medicare Rights & Protections. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
 - Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription**

- drug coverage, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.
 - **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
 - **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
 - **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premiums to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.
 - **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so that we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
 - **If you move *outside* our service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
 - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 7:

*What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	What to do if you have a problem or concern
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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?
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There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in **Addendum A** at the back of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

call 1-877-486-2048.

- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services, and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice

explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can appeal the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or fast appeal of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See Section 5.4 of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Member Services**.
- You **can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.
 - For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?
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There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6** of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon
- **Section 7** of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision

Section 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care
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This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **organization determination**.

A “fast coverage decision” is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only* ask for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If the doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a **medical item or service**. If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe that we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different than the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3

Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
 - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is

called upholding the decision or turning down your appeal.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
- Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal.** If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 6.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights
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Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it.

- It tells you about:
- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
 - Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
 - Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 6.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date
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If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge date. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Addendum A**.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
 - **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - **If you do not meet this deadline**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 6.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date
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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will

decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 6.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?

Legal Term

A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an **expedited appeal**.

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- **If we say yes to your appeal**, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your appeal**, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
 - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

Legal Term
The formal name for the independent review organization is the Independent Review Entity . It is sometimes called the IRE .

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 7.1	<i>This section is only about three services:</i> Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
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When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 7.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending
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Legal Term

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

1. You receive a notice in writing at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:

- The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
- How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan’s decision to stop care.

Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
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Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Addendum A** at the back of this document.

Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the *Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term
Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you

their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.**
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after our Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.5	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?
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You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the *first two levels of appeal are different*.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Legal Term
A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an expedited appeal .

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

- Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.

Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

During the Level 2 appeal, the **independent review organization** reviews the decision we made to your fast appeal. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
 - The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal **An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? • Are you unhappy with our Member Services? • Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? • Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room.
Cleanliness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?
Information you get from us	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did we fail to give you a required notice? • Is our written information hard to understand?

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Complaint	Example
<p>Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)</p>	<p>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You asked us for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, and we have said no; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services that were approved; you can make a complaint. • You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A **complaint** is also called a **grievance**.
- **Making a complaint** is also called **filing a grievance**.
- **Using the process for complaints** is also called **using the process for filing a grievance**.
- A **fast complaint** is also called an **expedited grievance**.

Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly — either by phone or in writing.

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- To use our grievance (complaint) process, you should call or send us your written complaint using one of the contact methods listed in Chapter 2: *Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care)*.
 - Please be sure you provide all pertinent information, including any supporting documents you believe are appropriate. Your complaint must be received by us within 60 calendar days of the event or incident that resulted in you filing your complaint.
 - Your issue will be investigated by a member of our complaint team. If you submit your complaint verbally, we will inform you of the result of our review and our decision verbally or in writing. If you submit a verbal complaint and request your response to be in writing, we will respond in writing. If you send us a written complaint, we will send you a written response, stating the result of our review. Our notice will include a description of our understanding of your complaint and our decision in clear terms.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.
- You also have the right to ask for a fast “expedited” grievance. A fast “expedited” grievance is a type of complaint that must be resolved within 24 hours from the time you contact us. You have the right to request a fast “expedited” grievance if you disagree with:
 - Our plan to take a 14-calendar-day extension on an organization/coverage determination or reconsideration/redetermination (appeal); or
 - Our denial of your request to expedite an organization determination or reconsideration (appeal) for health services
- The fast “expedited” grievance process is as follows:
 - You or an authorized representative can call, fax, or mail your complaint and mention that you want the fast complaint or expedited grievance process. Call the phone number, fax, or write your complaint and send it to the address listed in Chapter 2: *Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you’re making a complaint about your medical care)*. The fastest way to submit a fast complaint is to call or fax us. The fastest way to file a grievance is to call us. When we receive your complaint, we will promptly investigate the issue you have identified. If we agree with your complaint, we will cancel the 14-calendar-day extension, or expedite the determination or appeal as you originally requested. Regardless of whether we agree or not, we will investigate your complaint and notify you of our decision within 24 hours.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem that you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 9.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. **Addendum A** has the contact information.

Or

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 9.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8:
Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1	You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period
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You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the **Annual Open Enrollment Period**). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The Annual Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- Your **membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period
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You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31.
- **During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period
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In certain situations, members of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) may be eligible to end their

membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medicaid.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the **Medicare & You 2024** handbook.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Another Medicare health plan. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. • You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) when your new plan’s coverage begins.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.• You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) when your new plan's coverage begins.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this.• You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.• You will be disenrolled from Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items and services through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

Section 5.2	We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason
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Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan
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If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 9: *Legal notices*

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

In some situations, other parties should pay for your medical care before your Medicare Advantage plan. In those situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may pay, but have the right to get the payments back from these other parties. Medicare Advantage plans may not be the primary payer for medical care you receive. These situations include those in which the Federal Medicare Program is considered a secondary payer under the Medicare Secondary Payer laws. For information on the Federal Medicare Secondary Payer program, Medicare has written a booklet with general information about what happens when people with Medicare have additional insurance. It's called *Medicare and Other Health Benefits: Your Guide to Who Pays First* (publication number 02179). You can get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, or by visiting the www.medicare.gov website.

The Plan's rights to recover in these situations are based on the terms of this health plan contract, as well as the provisions of the federal statutes governing the Medicare Program. Your Medicare Advantage plan coverage is always secondary to any payment made or reasonably expected to be made under:

- A workers' compensation law or plan of the United States or a State,
- Any non-fault based insurance, including automobile and non-automobile no-fault and medical payments insurance,

Chapter 9 Legal notices

- Any liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) issued under an automobile or other type of policy or coverage, and
- Any automobile insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan), including, but not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.

Since your Medicare Advantage plan is always secondary to any automobile no-fault (Personal Injury Protection) or medical payments coverage, you should review your automobile insurance policies to ensure that appropriate policy provisions have been selected to make your automobile coverage primary for your medical treatment arising from an automobile accident.

As outlined herein, in these situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may make payments on your behalf for this medical care, subject to the conditions set forth in this provision for the plan to recover these payments from you or from other parties. Immediately upon making any conditional payment, your Medicare Advantage plan shall be subrogated to stand in the place of all rights of recovery you have against any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or against any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

In addition, if you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above, your Medicare Advantage plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by you for all conditional payments the plan has made or will make as a result of that injury, illness or condition.

Your Medicare Advantage plan will automatically have a lien, to the extent of benefits it paid for the treatment of the injury, illness or condition, upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representatives or agents, any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any health care provider) from your Medicare Advantage plan, you acknowledge that the plan's recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for your damages. The plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to you which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages you sustained. Your Medicare Advantage plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damage claims.

Your Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or by any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above. The plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by you identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as for pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only.

You, and your legal representatives, shall fully cooperate with the plan's efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents or representatives shall provide all information requested by the plan or its representatives. You shall do nothing to prejudice your Medicare Advantage plan's subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan's ability to enforce the

terms of this provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

Failure to provide requested information or failure to assist your Medicare Advantage plan in pursuit of its subrogation or recovery rights may result in you being personally responsible for reimbursing the plan for benefits paid relating to the injury, illness or condition as well as for the plan's reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in obtaining reimbursement from you. For more information, see 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) and the Medicare statutes.

SECTION 4 Notice about recovery of overpayments

If the benefits paid by this *Evidence of Coverage*, plus the benefits paid by other plans, exceeds the total amount of expenses, Aetna has the right to recover the amount of that excess payment from among one or more of the following: (1) any person to or for whom such payments were made; (2) other Plans; or (3) any other entity to which such payments were made. This right of recovery will be exercised at Aetna's discretion. You shall execute any documents and cooperate with Aetna to secure its right to recover such overpayments, upon request by Aetna.

SECTION 5 National Coverage Determinations

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services. When we receive coverage updates from Medicare, called National Coverage Determinations, we'll post the coverage updates on our website at [AetnaMedicare.com](https://www.aetna.com). You can also call Member Services to obtain the coverage updates that have been posted for the benefit year.

CHAPTER 10:
Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to balance bill or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any skilled care in a SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go into a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services.

Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – This is the most you will pay in a year for all services from both network (preferred) providers and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Complaint – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual’s eligibility.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: (1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Extra Help – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Independent Practice Associations (IPA) – An IPA, or Independent Practice Association, is an independent group of physicians and other health care providers under contract to provide services to members of managed care organizations (see Chapter 1, Section 6).

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

In-Network Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most you will pay for covered services received from network (preferred) providers. After you have reached this limit, you will not have to pay anything when you get covered services from network providers for the rest of the contract year. However, until you reach your combined out-of-pocket amount, you must continue to pay your share of the costs when you seek care from an out-of-network (non-preferred) provider.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an inpatient psychiatric facility, and/or facilities approved by CMS that furnishes similar long-term, healthcare services that are covered under Medicare Part A, Medicare Part B, or Medicaid; and whose residents have similar needs and healthcare status to the other named facility types. An institutional Special Needs Plan must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See “Extra Help.”

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) does not offer Medicare prescription drug coverage.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network – A group of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other health care experts contracted by our plan to provide covered services to its members (see Chapter 1, Section 3.2). Network providers are independent contractors and not agents of our plan.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called plan providers.

Non-Medicare Covered Services – Services that are not normally covered when you have Original Medicare. These are usually extra benefits you may receive as a member of a Medicare Advantage plan.

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Chapter 10 Definitions of important words

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

PACE Plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health coverage.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services. In the network portion of a PPO, some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets prior authorization from our plan. In a PPO, you do not need prior authorization to obtain out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with the plan before obtaining services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by your plan and what your cost-sharing responsibility is. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

Addendum A – Important Contact Information for State Agencies

Quality Improvement Organizations (QIO)	
Region 6: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas	KEPRO, Address: 5201 West Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609, Phone: 1-888-315-0636, 216-447-9604, TTY: 1-855-843-4776, Hours: Monday–Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Weekends and holidays 11:00 AM to 3:00 PM, Website: keproqio.com

State Medicaid Office	
NM	Centennial Care, Address: NM Human Services Department, PO Box 2348, Santa Fe, NM 87504, Phone: 1-800-283-4465, TTY: 1-855-227-5485, Hours: Monday–Friday 7:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Website: hsd.state.nm.us/lookingforassistance/centennial-care-overview/

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	
NM	New Mexico State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Address: 2550 Cerrillos Road, Santa Fe, NM 87505, Phone: 1-800-432-2080, 505-476-4846, TTY: 505-476-4937, Hours: Monday–Friday 8:00 AM to 4:00 PM, Website: aging.nm.gov

Multi-Language Insert Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-833-570-6670. Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-833-570-6670. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务，帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务，请致电 1-833-570-6670。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問，為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務，請致電 1-833-570-6670。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-833-570-6670. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-833-570-6670. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-833-570-6670. sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quý vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-833-570-6670. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 대해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-833-570-6670. 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-833-570-6670. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 1-833-570-6670. سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-833-570-6670 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-833-570-6670. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-833-570-6670. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-833-570-6670. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-833-570-6670. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.







Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがあります。通訳をご用命になるには、1-833-570-6670にお電話ください。日本語を話す人者が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

Hawaiian: He kōkua māhele 'ōlelo kā mākou i mea e pane 'ia ai kāu mau nīnau e pili ana i kā mākou papahana olakino a lā'au lapa'au paha. I mea e loa'a ai ke kōkua māhele 'ōlelo, e kelepona mai iā mākou ma 1-833-570-6670. E hiki ana i kekahi mea 'ōlelo Pelekānia/'Ōlelo ke kōkua iā 'oe. He pōmaika'i manuahi kēia.

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Aetna Medicare Eagle Plan (PPO) Member Services

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
<p>CALL</p> 	<p>1-833-570-6670 or the number on your member ID card Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
<p>TTY</p> 	<p>711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</p>
<p>FAX</p> 	<p>1-866-759-4415</p>
<p>WRITE</p> 	<p>Aetna Medicare PO Box 7405 London, KY 40742</p>
<p>WEBSITE</p> 	<p>Go to AetnaMedicare.com/H9431-017 or scan this code with your smartphone to visit our website.</p> 

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

SHIP is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Contact information for your state's SHIP is in **Addendum A** at the back of this document.

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.